The Pittsburgh Gazette.

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FIRST EDITION.

FORTY-FOURTH CONGRESS.

FIRST SESSION

WASHINGTON, June 6, 1876.

SENATE.

Beauregard's Political Disability.

Mr. WHYTE presented a petition of Gen. G. T. Beauregard, of Louisiana, for the removal of his political disabilities. Referred to the Judiciary Committee.

The Late "Unpleasantness."

Mr. BOUTWELL submitted the following

Resolved, That the President be requested, if, in his opinion, it is not incompatible with public interests, to furnish the Senate a fac simile copy of the original draft of the letter of the Secretary of State to the Minister of the United States at the Court of St. James in May, 1861, in relation to the proclamation of Her Majesty the Queen of Great Britain recognizing the belligerent character of the Confederate States.

Agreed to.

Treasury Investigation.

Mr. SHERMAN, from the Committee on Finance, reported back a resolution submitted by Mr. Davis, of West Virginia, early in the session, instructing the Committee to examine the books and accounts of the Treasury Department, with a view of ascertaining whether certain discrepancies existed therein, with a written report, giving the conclusions of the committee, which was ordered printed and lie on the table. The committee describe in detail the system of accountability provided by the statutes, and say so far as the safe keeping and custody of public money covered into the Treasury is concerned it would be difficult to point out a better mode than is provided for by the existing law. Every safeguard that has been suggested has been furnished.

The Impeachment Trial.

At one o'clock legislative business was suspended, and consideration of the articles of impeachment resumed. The accused, with his counsel and managers, were present.

Mr. Black filed a motion that the Senate vacate so much of the order recently adopted, holding as naught the plea as to jurisdiction filed by him, for the reason that said plea was not overruled by a vote of two-thirds of the Senators present.

The order submitted by Mr. Whyte on Thursday last, directing the defendant to plead further or answer the articles of impeachment within ten days from date, was amended so as to read that the defendant have leave to plead farther, &c.

Mr. Thurman submitted an amendment to that.

The order is as follows: "And in default of an answer to the merits within ten days by the respondent to the articles of impeachment, the trial shall proceed as upon a plea of 'not guilty.'"

The question being on the amendment, a vote was taken, and resulted yeas 31 and nay 5—no quorum voting.

The Sergeant-at-Arms was directed to request the attendance of absent Senators.

After a short time the Senators responded, and the amendment was agreed to by a vote of 35 yeas and 7 nays. The order as amended was then agreed to—yeas 34, nays 4.

Manager Lord then submitted an order that on the eleventh day of July, 1876, the Senate sitting as a court of impeachment proceed to hear the evidence on the merits of the trial by the House.

Mr. Sargent moved to amend by substituting June 19 for July 11. Pending the discussion Mr. Blair, of the counsel for the accused, gave notice that if these propositions were rejected he would move to postpone the trial until the first of November next.

Mr. Morrill (Me.) said the question of fixing the time for this trial was very important. He moved that the galleries be cleared and the doors closed, that the Senators might confer upon that question. Agreed to, and the Senate went into secret conference.

At 3:20 the doors were reopened, and the Chair announced that an order had been agreed upon as follows: "Ordered, that on the 5th of July, at one o'clock P. M., the Senate sitting as a court of impeachment will proceed to hear evidence on the merits of the trial in this case."

Mr. Blair submitted a motion that an order be made directing the managers on the part of the House to furnish within twenty-four hours to the accused or his counsel a list of the witnesses they intend to call, together with full particulars of the facts which they expect to prove by them.

Mr. Lord objected to the order, and said it was without precedent or reason.

After debate the motion of Mr. Blair was rejected.

Mr. Sargent submitted an order directing the managers to furnish the defendant or his counsel within twenty-four hours a list of the witnesses they intend to call in this case.

Mr. Edmunds moved to amend the order by inserting four days instead of twenty-four hours. Agreed to.

Manager Lapham said the managers could furnish a list of the witnesses they might know of at the time, but they did not want to have any new witnesses which might be discovered after the list was furnished ruled out because their names were not on the list.

Mr. Edmunds moved to further amend the order to have the managers furnish the defendant within four days a list of the witnesses, so far as at present known, &c. Agreed to.

Mr. Thurman said the State had some rights as well as the defendant. He moved to further amend the order so that the respondent within four days after receiving the list of witnesses from the managers shall furnish the managers with a list of his witnesses so far as at present known. Agreed to, and the order passed as amended.

On motion of Mr. Sherman the Senate sitting as a court of impeachment adjourned until the 16th inst., it being understood that the court would meet that day to receive the answer of the respondent under the order. Adopted.

Legislative Appropriation.

Legislative business was then resumed, and the Chair laid before the Senate unfinished business, being the Legislative, Executive and Judicial Appropriation bill, the pending question being on the amendment of Mr. Edmunds that all appointments in the Executive Departments of the Government shall be made upon a careful and impartial examination of the candidates therefor by a board composed of not less than five persons, to be appointed by the President, with the advice and consent of the Senate, and the most capable and worthy of the competitors so examined shall be selected for such appointments.

Pending the discussion the Senate adjourned.

HOUSE.

The Resumption Question.

After discussion on the proposition to change the rules so as to allow the Committee on Banking and Currency to report at any time was agreed to—yeas 115, nays 97. The object of the change is to allow that committee to report a bill for the repeal of the resumption act.

Indian Appropriation.

The House then went into Committee of the Whole on the Indian Appropriation bill. The question being on the point of order made by Mr. McCrary against the section to transfer the Indian Bureau to the War Department, the chairman overruled the point of order.

Mr. MAGINNIS offered an amendment providing that any person desiring to trade with Indians shall receive a license or certificate of the District Judge or a Judge of the Supreme Court of any territory that he is of good character. Agreed to.

The committee rose and reported the bill to the House, and it was passed.

Adjourned.

THE INDIAN WAR.

Cavalry for General Crook's Expedition—Cheyennes and Arrapahoes Going North.

DENVER, COL., June 6.—Eight companies of the Fifth Cavalry, under command of Lieutenant Col. Carr, passed through here to-day, *en route* to join General Crook's expedition. The detachment numbers four hundred men.

Hunters from the head waters of the Republican say that the Cheyennes and Arrapahoes are leaving in large numbers, bound North. It is supposed that they are going to join the Sioux.

SPORTS ON THE TURF.

The Races at Kalamazoo, Mich.

DETROIT, June 6.—The June meeting at the National Trotting Park at Kalamazoo, Mich., commenced to-day, with two races—one three minutes and the other 2:30. The first heat in the three minute race was won in 2:34 by Neeme, the second by Lady Vesta in 2:37, the third by Neeme in 2:34½, and the fourth by Neeme in 2:39¼. Marion won three straight heats of the 2:30 race in 2:34, 2:31½ and 2:34¾.

Speedy Justice in Mississippi.

MEMPHIS, June 6.—Sam. Anderson, colored, who was arrested here on Monday for attempting to outrage Miss. Vaughn, of Desota county, Mississippi, and cutting the throat of her brother and leaving him for dead, was taken from the officers there yesterday morning by a body of armed citizens, and hung. His father, charged with being accessory to the attempted murder, is in the Hernando jail.

MARTIAL MEMORIES.

Meeting of the Society of the Army of the Potomac—Interesting Proceedings—Distinguished Officers Present—An Oration by General Dix.

PHILADELPHIA, June 6.—The reunion of the Army of the Potomac at the Academy of Music was the great event of the day, as well as of the week. The assembly at the Academy took place at twelve o'clock, and previous to that hour business meetings of the various corps associations constituting the Society of the Army of the Potomac were held and officers elected to serve for the ensuing year. The auditorium of the Academy was beautifully decorated, and presented a finer appearance, perhaps, than ever before. The stage was set in a camp scene, the front just behind the footlights being graced with the war decorations of guns and carriages, one on each side, stacked arms, and a pyramid of drums. Behind the seats for the guests was planted the headquarters flag of General Meade, stretched by wires to show the golden eagle encircled by the wreath, which is the insignia on the field. Three field tents showed in the background. Long before the hour for opening the balcony and other parts of the house assigned for invited guests were filled up with a waiting audience. At 12 o'clock precisely the distinguished civic and military gentlemen invited upon the stage, who had assembled in the green room, marched out, headed by Maj. Gen. Hancock and ex-Gov. John A. Dix, of New York. Then came Generals Sheridan and Sherman, Gen. Robert Patterson and Gen. Cadwallader, Generals Averill, Hooker, McIntosh, Ingalls, Beaver, Parke and Selfridge, Colonels Audenreid and Whipple, of Sherman's staff, and a number of other officers of different grades in the regular army. Besides these there were seated on the stage Gen. C. H. T. Collis, Gen. H. H. Bingham, ex-Gov. Andrew G. Curtin, ex-Governor Robinson, of New York, Capt. S. P. Sennetskin, aid-de-camp to H. I. H. the Grand Duke Constantine of Russia, and Capt. A. Vanderhowen, of the Imperial Russian Guard of Artillery.

At half-past twelve o'clock General Hancock, the President, called the meeting to order and made a brief and fitting speech.

After prayer by Rev. Wm. McVicker, Mayor Stokley was introduced, and made a speech, welcoming the assemblage to Philadelphia.

Ex-Governor Dix, of New York, who was the orator of the occasion, was next introduced, and delivered a long and eloquent oration, in which he dwelt especially on the principle of universal emancipation and the bearing of the late war on the practical embodiment of that principle. The oration concluded as follows: I part with you, then, in the hope and with the prayer that there may be reserved for you many more reunions like this, though it be with greatly diminished numbers; that year succeeding year far in the future may bring you again together to join your congratulating hands to freshen the remembrance of past associations, and to rejoice in the continued prosperity of the Union which you contributed by your courage, your constancy and your unconquerable endurance to save, endowing your country with a new tenure of life and giving hope and encouragement to the friends of freedom throughout the civilized world.

The address was warmly applauded.

Wm. Winter, of the New York *Tribune*, was next introduced, and read a commemorative ode, "The Voices of Silence," which was cordially received.

After the reading of the ode spirited addresses were delivered by Gens. Sherman, Sheridan and Hooker, Governor Hartranft and ex-Governor Curtin. The addresses were heartily cheered at their conclusion. The audience was dismissed, and a business meeting of the society was held.

DOWN WITH THE CHINESE.

A Secret Society of California Determined to Get Rid of the Coolie System of Labor.

SAN FRANCISCO, June 6.—At a meeting last night of the Anti-Chinese Central Union, composed of delegates of all the city clubs, the following communication was read:

CALIFORNIA
ANTI-COOLIE SECRET ORGANIZATION,
SAN FRANCISCO, June 1, 1876.

DEAR SIR: We beg to refer you to one of our letters to the six companies published in the daily papers last week, and as we see that you are likely to be in correspondence with every anti-Chinese club, we wish you would call their attention to the same. Since that letter was written our great organization has spread immensely, and is now called as above. We have received more support than we could have expected. Our supplies for the city are nearly all at hand, and our country depots are complete and ready for action. We cannot be too strong. Therefore, if there are a few among the clubs who will support us, all the better for the cause. We neither intend to respect Chinese nor their employers, as ours is a secret society. Much work necessarily falls on me, the President. We shall, therefore, deem it a favor if you will make this known to every member. We exonerate every anti-Coolie club from any participation in the organization. We are a picked army of true Americans, determined to have a Centennial of our own to celebrate.

Signed, sworn and registered according to the laws of the above organization.

(Signed) THE PRESIDENT.

A resolution was passed deprecating on the part of the Union and city clubs all violence towards Chinese, and calling on the Chief of Police to protect Chinese and punish those committing outrages on them.

A RIVER TRAGEDY.

The Steamer Kate Dickson Libeled—A Marshal Killed While Enforcing the Law—Captain Taylor Shot Dead by the Marshal's Party.

CINCINNATI, June 6.—The steamer Kate Dickson, owned by Capt. James Taylor, of McKeesport, Pa., was libeled several days ago by two deck hands and tied up at Louisville. The boat escaped from that city and came here, the men following and repeating the operation here, where the claim was settled. The papers in the suit at Louisville were sent to United States Marshal Harrington at Covington, who learned this morning that the boat left for Pittsburgh last midnight. Chartering a fast tow boat he overhauled the Kate Dickson at Ripley.

An *Enquirer* special from Maysville says Marshal Harrington endeavored to capture the boat, but was warned off by Captain Taylor. Harrington went ahead to Maysville, and summoning a posse endeavored to board the Dickson as she was passing there. After announcing his purpose, in answer to a question by Taylor's son, he was fired on by Captain Taylor, who was armed with a double barreled gun, and instantly killed. Taylor then appeared on the guards with a pistol. He was immediately shot dead by the Harrington party. Much excitement is reported in Maysville over the sad affair.

FOREIGN NEWS.

The Situation in Spain.

MADRID, June 6.—In the Senate yesterday, during the debate on the new Constitution, Premier Canovas Del Castillo said the situation of the political parties in Spain prevented the Government surrendering its right to suspend constitutional guarantees.

Economy in War Estimates.

In Congress the discussion of the war estimates was begun. The Premier, in making the adoption of the budget a Cabinet question, stated that the Budget Committee and Minister of War had consented to a reduction of thirty-one million pesetas, which was sufficient.

Russia and Turkey.

PARIS, June 6.—Russia agreed on Saturday to recognize the new Sulton of Turkey.

ST. PETERSBURG, June 6.—It is believed here an understanding will be arrived at with the treaty powers before Russia takes any step relative to Turkey.

Bismarck Suppressing a Newspaper.

BERLIN, June 6.—In consequence of the judgment of the Bremen court, Bismarck has issued a confiscation prohibiting for two years the circulation in Germany of the *Nord Amerika*, the weekly edition of the Philadelphia *Volksblatt*.

What Sam Ward Says.

WASHINGTON, June 6.—Sam Ward, whose name has been mentioned as authority for the rumor that $300,000 had been disbursed to procure the passage of the Hawaiian treaty bill, testified before the Committee of Ways and Means to-day that he had repeated to several gentlemen what he himself had heard as an idle rumor. He did not believe there was any truth in it, but if there had been, it would have been unprofessional in him to say so.

Beating an Officer.

John Williams and Edward Elston raised a disturbance on Fifth avenue extension, near Logan street, last evening. Officer David Evans attempted to arrest the parties when they attacked him, knocked him down and beat him seriously. Other officers came to Evans' assistance, and the two disorderly persons were arrested and taken to the Central Station. Evans was pretty badly hurt.

Steamship Arrivals Yesterday.

Dispatches received at Consul Max Schamberg's European steamship Exchange and Telegraph Office, at 163 Smithfield street, announce the arrival of the steamer Victoria, at Moville; steamer Amerique, at Plymouth; steamer Goethe, at Plymouth.

SECOND EDITION

THE BLAINE BOMBSHELL.

Another Batch of Letters.

What the Press and People Say.

WASHINGTON, June 6.—The Sub-Judiciary Committee investigating the charge against ex-Speaker Blaine were to have a meeting this afternoon, but owing to engagements of Mr. Hunton in the House it was postponed till to-morrow. Ex-Senators Kice and Howe, of Arkansas, will be examined relative to affairs of the Little Rock & Fort Smith Railroad Company.

The following letters were among those read in the House yesterday. The first refers to the Spencer Rifle Company:

WASHINGTON, 26, 1864.

My Dear Sir:

Your favor is received. I am very glad, all things considered, that the Government has accepted your proposition to take from you manufacture till September 1, 1865. It gives a straight and steady business for the company for a good stretch of time. In regard to the tax provision, you can judge for yourself, as I send herewith a copy of the bill as reported from the Finance Committee of the Senate, and now pending in that body. See pages 148 and 149, where I have marked. In looking over the bill you will please observe that all words in Italic letters are amendments proposed by the Senate Finance Committee, while all words included in brackets are proposed to be struck out by the same committee. The provision which you inquire about was not in the original bill, but was an amendment moved from the Ways and Means Committee by Mr. Kelson, of Iowa, to whom I suggested it. It is just and proper in every sense, and will affect a good many interests, including your company. I am glad to hear such good accounts of your progress in the affairs of the company, of which I have always been proud to be a member. Tell Mr. Wells that his brother has been nominated by the Senate as Commissary of Subsistence, with the rank of Captain. He will undoubtedly be confirmed as soon as his case can be reached. I will advise as soon as it is done.

In haste, yours truly,

J. G. BLAINE,

WARREN FISHER, JR., Esq.

The following is a copy of the second letter of October 4, 1869, read by Mr. Blaine yesterday:

AUGUSTA, ME., October 4, 1869.

My Dear Mr. Fisher:

Find enclosed contracts of the parties named in my letter of yesterday. The remaining contracts will be completed as rapidly as circumstances will permit. I enclose you a part of the *Congressional Globe* of April 9, containing the point to which I referred at some length in my previous letter of to-day. You will find it of interest to read it over, and see what a narrow escape you made on that last night of the session. Of course it was my plain duty to make a ruling when a point was once raised. If the Arkansas men had not, however, happened to come to me when their wit's end and in despair, the bill would undoubtedly have been lost or postponed for a year. I thought the point would interest both you and Caldwell, though occurring before either of you engaged in the enterprise. I beg you to understand that I thoroughly appreciate the courtesy with which you have treated me in this railroad matter, but your conduct towards me in business matters of late has been marked by unbounded liberality in past years, and of course I have naturally come to expect the same of you. Now, you urge me to make as much as I fairly can out of the arrangement in the which we have entered. It is natural that I should do my utmost to this end. I am bothered by only one thing, and that is a definite and expressed arrangement with Mr. Caldwell. I am anxious to do myself interest, as he has promised me, but I do not get as definite an understanding with him as I have with you. I shall be in Boston in a few days, and shall then have the opportunity to talk the matter over fully with you. I am disposed to think that whatever I do with Mr. Caldwell must really be done through you.

Kind regards to Mrs. Fisher, sincerely,

J. G. BLAINE.

W. F., Jr., Esq.

NEW YORK, June 6.—A dispatch to the *Times* from Boston says James Mulligan, the celebrated witness in the Blaine investigation, reached Boston last evening, and when asked what he thought of Blaine's statement, he answered emphatically: "He has not read all the letters, and never will. He will keep back the ones that would do him the most harm."

BOSTON, June 6.—A representative of the *Journal* reports that Daniel A. Caldwell, of Lynn, to-night said his brother, Josiah Caldwell, is in England, and has not been out of it, and can always be reached by addressing him at London.

Opinions of Public Men.

WASHINGTON, June 5.—The triumph of the ex-Speaker was very freely commented upon by his associates on the floor, and by prominent men who heard his masterly vindication, and with rare exception the voice was unanimous that he had taken the straightforward manly course. Among those who were heard to express the ideas upon the subject were the following gentlemen: Representative John Hancock, of Texas, one of the most prominent, conservative, and able Democrats on the floor, said the scene was highly sensational and dramatic, which he presumed was all that was required in these times. He thought Blaine's speech would, however, place him back again in the public confidence. There was, he said, danger that people at a distance could not understand it. It is hard to transfer to paper the magnetic manner of Mr. Blaine, and it is doubtful that people will read the speech in the same spirit as it was delivered to. He said after the letters and the speech had gone by telegraph, had passed through a Hoe perfecting press, and gone through the mails a thousand miles and had been read by the old farmers and mechanics by candle light, there could be divested of none of the excitement that is apparent here now.

Mr. Kasson, of Iowa, said there was never such a scene in the House, and while he was independent in politics, he was exalted to-day. He was perfectly, even enthusiastically, satisfied with the explanation. He thought there was no doubt of Mr. Blaine now, and that he would be nominated at Cincinnati. He quoted Shakspeare by saying, "Out of this nettle danger we pluck this flower safety."

Mr. Harris, of Massachusetts, a calm, deliberate Republican, predisposed to Mr. Blaine, said no other man in the country could take and shake that confederate home like Mr. Blaine. In his letters, he would have been proud to have been their author. He doubted if any business man or any other could show such manly indignation at breach of hand correspondence. He had a despondent partner and some despondent friends in Boston, but he would answer for them that Mr. Blaine's friends could defy the world again.

"Ben" Wade sat through the whole proce dings, one of the most interested listeners. When, about 4 o'clock, he lounged toward the coat room, he remarked to a friend, "Well, Blaine is the d—st man to handle in a close place I ever saw. He's down and he puts his foot on them. The people like such a man and will sustain him. They like that sort of pluck."

Mr. Garfield, of Ohio, said: "Jim has knocked a tremendous hole in their fire. I have been a long time in Congress myself and never saw such a scene in the House. When the Emancipation amendment to the Constitution was adopted by the XXXVIIth or XXXIXth Congress, there was a very exciting scene, but nothing like this to-day. It seems to me that the disclosures that the Judiciary Committee have withheld is important evidence which will be ruinous to them, and in any event the day has been a strong one for Blaine and his friends."

A prominent gentleman in private life is very large, and whose word cannot be disputed, said he had a talk with Mr. Knott yesterday in regard to Mr. Caldwell, and that Mr. Knott said he had tried in vain to find Mr. Caldwell's whereabouts but had failed; that he had no idea where he was nor where a dispatch would reach him, and that he had not heard a word from him since the investigation began. It now appears that Knott had a dispatch at that very time in his pocket from Caldwell, which had been there three days.

"Dan" Voorhees, who, while a member of the House, was regarded as one of the leaders of Democratic partisans, said to-night that it was the most brilliant, bold, and daring attack he ever knew in his life. Mr. Blaine was like a knight defending at a frightful pace against a stone wall. He must either clear it or be dashed in pieces against it. He had cleared it with a bound, and he was left to spare. "He said the withholding of Mr. Caldwell's telegram on the part of the Judiciary Committee was unfair and contrary to the usages of fair play and honest dealing. Every man was entitled to a hearing, and an investigation by a committee of Congress ought not to be of a partisan character, but ought to be for the purpose of benefiting the public service and developing fraud and dishonesty. He could not understand how a Committee could suppress such important testimony.

Mr. Kelley, of Pennsylvania, who has never been counted among the Blaine men, said: "In the experience of sixteen years in the House such a scene as I passed before his senses to-day had never occurred before. "I have seen," said he, "Democratic members denounced as traitors to their country, and expelled from the House with the most dramatic effect, everybody wrought up to the highest pitch of excitement; I have seen all the later Constitutional amendments passed, when the floor and galleries were in ecstasies of joy, but I have heard reports read from the desk of great victories to our armies when every loyal tongue shouted with joy, and I have heard the news of the final overthrow of the country's enemies proclaimed in this hall, when people went wild, but I never beheld such a thrilling scene as this."

Mr. Steele, Delegate from Wyoming, an old soldier, a Democrat, and a man not given to lose his head, said that if to-day's business did not nominate Mr. Blaine, it ought. "I believe," said he "it is worth to Blaine half a dozen State Conventions."

Mr. Sailor of Ohio said the fact could not be denied that Mr. Blaine's chances were immeasurably improved by to-day's proceedings. He thought the Judiciary Committee had been stamped.

Mr. Hamilton, a Democratic liberal from Ohio, said if Mr. Blaine had any strength yesterday he had thrown it away to-day. He said Blaine had made two irreparable mistakes, first in taking the letters and next in bringing them into the House. He had not treated the Judiciary Committee properly, and the members had been very fair, liberal, and even generous toward him. He said, however, that every body must admire the dash and courage of Mr. Blaine.

Mr. Hoskins, of New York, one of the foremost of Conkling men, said Mr. Blaine's vindication was complete and satisfactory.

Ex-Congressman Thomas and Judge Tuck, of Maryland, both delegates to Cincinnati, said the case as it stands to-night makes every lukewarm friend of Mr. Blaine a positive one. They said Mr. Blaine's speech will make Maryland stick to him as long as Blaine will.

Col. John E. Schley, of West Virginia, also a delegate, said he was a little doubtful about Mr. Blaine, but now he could not be driven away from him with a double-barreled shot-gun.

"Jere," Haralson, member from Alabama, a former slave and a supposed follower of Alexander Spencer, whose first choice, according to his talk, is both Conkling and Morton, says the proceedings to-day put Mr. Blaine on the top and make him the next President.

Procter Knott is probably the most disgusted man in Washington. He denounces Blaine in the roundest terms. He said he had tried for days and days to hear from Caldwell but he could not find him; that he had telegraphed everywhere, even to Italy to find him, but could not. He did not think the dispatch in question came from Caldwell, but that it was one of the tricks of Mr. Blaine, who had greater facilities for setting up jobs than he had for being an honest man, and he was willing to tell Mr. Blaine so at the head of a whole lot of his other way. He said Mr Blaine had gone out of his way to treat him (Knott) shamefully, and he would yet suffer for it. He had always felt friendly to Mr. Blaine, but could never forget this indignity; and Mr. Blaine would yet live to regret it. He has thus far paid little attention to the inquiry, but he thought he should look after it himself now. So far as he is concerned, politically, he would like the Republicans to nominate Blaine at Cincinnati, he could be so easily beaten—much more easily than Bristow and some of the other candidates. He thought he could be able to show that Mr. Blaine was at the bottom of the Caldwell dispatch, and he says he told his suspicions to four discreet members of the House when the dispatch was first received.

Opinions of the Press.

MR. BLAINE has seized his opportunity, and is once more the man of the hour. The patriots who have been parting his garments among them may as well abandon the cheerful task. He is not half so near dead as his persecutors. There can be no mistaking the concurrent judgment of observers of all parties, as to the effect of the dramatic scene yesterday in the House. The revulsion in Mr. Blaine's favor is instantaneous and overwhelming. He was the strongest candidate a week ago, he is stronger now.—*New York Tribune.*

GRAHAM, in *The World* was right in its impression that Mr. Blaine cannot wisely be regarded as an absolutely dead man. He was one of the liveliest dead men ever heard from in a long time, at Washington yesterday. It will probably only be at Cincinnati that we shall be able to ascertain exactly how much life is left in him and what use he proposes to make of it.—*New York World.*

A DAY or two must elapse before it will be safe to form a judgment as to the effect of Mr. Blaine's explanation on his Presidential chances. But this much is already certain, that it gives his ardent supporters a new lease of life and strength, and additions to them is slenderenough as the matter now looks.—*New York Herald.*

MR. BLAINE'S statement will be welcomed with as much satisfaction by Republicans throughout the country as it was by the members of his own party in the House. It disposes at least of various damaging charges which have been brought against him, sustains, and it relieves from the charge of dishonorable or underhand dealing the reputation of a leader in whose integrity the party has as much reason to confide as it has in that of any other of the Republican ranks to make it possible for his party to be indifferent to the judgment passed upon him. While, therefore, Mr. Blaine's appeal to the people from the partisan one-sidedness of the Democratic investigators will meet with a hearty response, his claim to be considered as either safe or a suitable Presidential nominee for his party will not be sensibly advanced by it.—*New York Times.*

BROTHER BLAINE may have been very much excited in his hypocritical speech of self-defense in the House yesterday; but he did not meet the charges that have been brought against him, nor clear up those jobbing transactions in which he has been a principal or an accessory, in a manner as well as a convincing. He will go into the Presidency, if nominated at Cincinnati, purified by the flames of investigation. No new falsehood can be hatched against him. If the Republicans are as true to him as he has been true to them, they will take the nomination on all fours, and be sure to carry them to a triumph so sure, and to an administration so secure, that all the franchises rescued from the clutches of the rebels will be consolidated in the bone and flure of our institutions.—*Phila. Press.*

MR. BLAINE turned upon his assailants yesterday in the House, and gave them some of the most brilliant flashes of eloquence and fitful gushes of it old-time courage ex a parliamentary leader; but so far as the plea was intended for the Cincinnati market-place it was practically barren of triumph. It was a grand effort on the part of Blaine, considering the tremendous disadvantages under which he was made, and it will save to him the confidence of his friends in his personal integrity, but it will not regain for him the party from its distrust that must be fatal to him in its highest councils.—*Phila. Times.*

MR. BLAINE'S triumph was complete, and all the more glorious for him because it was won in the open light of day, upon the floor of the House, and with no concealment or evasion. He has convicted Knott and Hunton of treachery and injustice and cowardice, and has made a clean sweep of suspicions. His victory in the House yesterday was that of a man who makes a fight against fearful disadvantages under which he succeed to petty tricks and mean strategy. If anybody is disposed to renew the war upon him they must come up without ammunition. The next time he may will have to meet. Blaine is not dead, despite his political prophets.—*Baltimore Commercial Advertiser.*

MR. BLAINE made a sensation in the House yesterday. He rose to a question of privilege, took the investigation out of the hands of the committee, reviewed its course, pronounced its conclusions, chiefly exonerating himself, and then made a brilliant campaign speech by reading the letters published from Mulligan. These letters contain so much less than the vague suspicion which was caused by his surroundings by means to recover them, that they seemed almost an acquittal.—*Cincinnati Gazette.*

THE reputation of Blaine as a strong, bold man remains, but it is not to be supposed that the Republican party will, by making him its President that candidate, place itself on the defensive during the approaching campaign regarding his dealings in railroad stocks from the inside position that he commanded as a leading member of Congress. The people of the United States may be somewhat demoralized, but they are not so far gone that it can be presumed they will elect President a man who will openly make use in the future of subsidized roads.—*Cincinnati Commercial.*

BLAINE is not as dead as represented by the Radical newspapers who favor other Presidential candidates. After working his opponents up to a fever heat, and permitting the inception of a Washington organization encouraging the impression which has gone forth, that the Democratic Committee talked of forcing him to give up the letters, Blaine, yesterday, flung the letters and their contents in the face of the public, and lo! there is nothing in them. A shrewd proceeding for Blaine. He avoids the snare in the toils of the Radical fowler again. It is not at all improbable, however, that there are damaging admissions in the omissions held in leash, who will try to kill off the Maine member before the Cincinnati Convention meets. The assault on Blaine's virtue will be more desperate than ever during the next ten days.—*Louisville Courier-Journal.*

LATEST RIVER NEWS.

CINCINNATI, June 6, 1876.

River 11 feet 4 inches and falling. Weather partly cloudy and cool. Arrived—Glasgow, Evansville. Departed—Hudson, Wheeling.

MEMPHIS, June 6, 1876.

River rose 2 inches; now stands 18 feet 3 inches. Mercury 86. Departed—Salem, Cincinnati; Vicksburg, St. Louis; Illinois, Vicksburg; Dick Fulton and James Howard, New Orleans, latter late last night. At 10 A. M. the Fulton could be seen at the foot of Jos Williams, which has been raved, with a strong probability of saving all the others except two.

EVANSVILLE, June 6, 1876.

The river is falling, with 14 and 1-10 feet on the gauge. Weather clear till noon, clouded and rainy for half an hour, clear now and hotter; mercury 63 to 78. Down—Jas. D. Parker, 4 P. M.; Mary Miller, 1:00; Tarascon, 12 M.; Arkansas Belle, midnight; Red Cloud, 2:30 A. M.; Sandy No. 2, 9:35; Maggie Smith, 11—generally good trips. Business light.

ST. LOUIS, June 6, 1876.

Arrived—Liberty, Ohio river; Polar Star, Tennessee river; Glencoe, New Orleans; Dolphin, Ironriver; Johnson Lesbia, City of Helena, Vicksburg; Rhodes, Pittsburgh; Future City, New Orleans; River rises 2 inches. Weather clear and very warmer.

CAIRO, June 6, 1876.

Arrived—Raven, St. Louis, noon. Departed—Raven, Ohio river, 2 P. M. River 28 feet 10 inches and falling. Weather clear; mercury 82.

LOUISVILLE, June 6, 1876.

Weather warm and clear. Departed—Chester, St. Louis; Ida, Memphis. River 7 feet 3 inches in the canal.

OMAHA, June 6, 1876.

The river rose 8 inches at Lisle point in the past twenty-four hours.

NEW ORLEANS, June 6, 1876.

No arrivals. Departed—H. C. Yeager, St. Louis. Clear and pleasant.

LITTLE ROCK, June 6, 1876.

Weather clear and warm. River falling; 8 feet by gauge.

VICKSBURG, June 6, 1876.

The river is falling. Arrived—Mary Houston.

AUCTION SALE
OF
FINE DRY GOODS,
W. H. FERRY, AUCTIONEER.
J. B. HEARD & CO.,
118 Federal Street,
Will offer, June 3d, at 10 A. M., the balance of their stock at auction, sale to continue until every article is sold.

Customers who desire can purchase goods at retail as usual.

As this is our final offering rare bargains can be procured.

The Best Bargain in Unlaundried Shirts Ever Sold.

We have bought over 500 dozen of the celebrated French Yoke Shirts, made from Wamsutta Muslin and the best quality of 2200 Irish Linen Bosoms and Cuffs, finished complete with Buttons, Button Holes and Eyelets. Every shirt warranted to be a perfect fit. We guarantee this shirt to be as good quality as can be made at *any price.* We will sell them for the present at $12 per dozen or ONE DOLLAR EACH. Call and examine them. They are the best bargain in shirts ever sold.

A. W. ERWIN,
172 and 174 Federal street,
Allegheny.

Auction Sale of Jewelry.

We would call special attention to the advertisement of G. B. Barrett, as assignee, that appears in another column of this paper, announcing that he will dispose of the balance of the Jewelry of Jno. Stevenson & Son's, 93 Market street, at auction, commencing to-morrow morning. People who are looking for good bargains in this line will do well to attend.

The Closing Week of the Large Bankrupt Sale of Dry Goods

At 88 Fifth avenue is announced, Consequently great bargains will be the order of the day. Every article offered at the sale must be sold, regardless of cost. Make the most of your time all those in need of fine goods.

Take notice of the great display of Bread and Rolls at MARVIN'S, No. 18 Fifth Avenue.

HOME NEWS.

The probabilities for to-day are warmer, southerly, possibly shifting to colder northerly winds, stationary pressure, and partly cloudy weather.

Another Reduction.

The Baltimore & Ohio Railroad Company have made another reduction in freight rates. Their rates on fourth class freight by the car load are now as follows: To Baltimore, 13c per 100 lbs.; to Philadelphia, 14c; to New York, 17½c. Rates to other points and on other classes of freights remain unchanged.

The Lowry Engine Test.

In our report of the test of the Lowry engine yesterday morning, Mr. Davis is reported as having stated that it was unfair to compare the duty of the Allegheny engine with that of other engines, on account of the low rate of speed at which the Allegheny engine was run. Mr. Davis requests us to say that he did not express any opinion in regard to the fairness or unfairness of the comparison, but did say that "some persons might consider it unfair on account of the difference in the speed." He thinks the test, as far as it went, was a perfectly fair one.

U. S. District Court.

James Schoonmaker, bankrupt, Allegheny. Register's report confirmed absolute.

Olmstead & Jewhurst, bankrupts, Venango county. Assignee's report confirmed absolutely.

Henry H. Collins, city. Petition for adjudication of himself and Geo. W. Dithridge in bankruptcy presented, and order to show cause granted. Returnable on the 16th inst.

William Dilworth, bankrupt, city. Assignee's return to the order for the sale of certain bonds presented and confirmed nisi.

George Duncan et al., bankrupt, Allegheny county. Order made confirming absolutely the assignee's report of sale of certain real estate of one of said bankrupts and assignee directed to make conveyance.

A Century Ago.

How often do we hear persons long for the good old times, when articles of utility and comfort were manufactured with an equal eye to durability and neatness. History repeats itself and by a visit to the Boot and Shoe House of R. Taggart, No. 129 Federal street, Allegheny, it will be made evident to the candid mind that his boots and shoes are prepared with as much care as to material and make-up, as if done a century ago, and what is better, sold at a price very much cheaper than the same could be bought for a hundred years ago.

BASE BALL NOTES.

Triumph of the Alleghenys Over the Ohio Athletics.

The game at Union Park yesterday afternoon between the Alleghenys and Athletics, of Mansfield, Ohio, resulted in a victory for the former by a score of 14 to 6, as follows:

ALLEGHENY.	O	R	ATHLETICS.	O	R
Junkin, 3 b.....	3	1	Hade, 2 b.....	4	0
Lane, c. f.....	6	0	Laird, 1 b.....	4	0
Quest, 2 b.	4	2	Kelley, s. s.....	4	0
Ritchie, s. s.....	0	4	Cox, c. f.....	3	0
Hagan, c'apt.....	4	3	Trott, c.....	3	1
Blackmore, p....	3	1	Wolford, 3 b....	3	1
Wilkinson, 1 b...	3	1	Purtel, r. f.....	2	2
Gallagher, l. f...	4	1	Burns, l. f.....	3	1
McCloskey, c....	0	3	Witherow, p....	1	1
Total.....	27	14	Total.....	27	6

Innings.....	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
Alleghenys....	1	6	4	1	1	0	5	1	1—14
Athletics.....	2	1	0	0	2	1	0	0	—6

Hagan pitched during the first inning for the Alleghenys, and Blackmore during the remainder of the game.

Base hits—Athletics 3, Alleghenys 15. Flies caught—Alleghenys 8, Athletics 7. Earned runs—Alleghenys 4, Athletics 0.

Mr. Ed. Williamson, of the Neshannocks, umpired.

The Braddocks and Athletics play this afternoon.

The following foreign games were played yesterday: Boston—Louisvilles 3, Bostons 0. Hartford—Hartfords 8, St. Louis 4. New York—Mutuals 2, Cincinnatis 0. Philadelphia—Athletics 0, Chicagos 7.

CITY STREETS.

Regular Meeting Last Night—New Ordinances Acted Upon—Contracts Let.

A regular meeting of the Street Committee of City Councils was held last night, Mr. Thompson in the chair.

The pay rolls for May as follows, were approved.

First District.....	$2,325 34
Second District.....	1,712 48
Third District.....	1,558 14
Fifth District.....	775 17
Sixth District.....

The Pittsburgh Gazette.

ESTABLISHED 1786.—VOL. 89.—NO. 136. WEDNESDAY MORNING, JUNE 7, 1876. THREE CENTS A COPY—$8 PER ANNUM.

FIRST EDITION.

FORTY-FOURTH CONGRESS.

FIRST SESSION.

WASHINGTON, June 6, 1876.

SENATE.

Beauregard's Political Disability.

Mr. WHYTE presented a petition of Gen. G. T. Beauregard, of Louisiana, for the removal of his political disabilities. Referred to the Judiciary Committee.

The Late "Unpleasantness."

Mr. BOUTWELL submitted the following:

Resolved, That the President be requested, if, in his opinion, it is not incompatible with public interests, to furnish the Senate a fac simile copy of the original draft of the letter of the Secretary of State to the Minister of the United States at the Court of St. James in May, 1861, in relation to the proclamation of Her Majesty the Queen of Great Britain recognizing the belligerent character of the Confederate States.

Agreed to.

Treasury Investigation.

Mr. SHERMAN, from the Committee on Finance, reported back a resolution submitted by Mr. Davis, of West Virginia, early in the session, instructing the Committee to examine the books and accounts of the Treasury Department, with a view of ascertaining whether certain discrepancies existed therein, with a written report, giving the conclusions of the committee, which was ordered printed and lie on the table. The committee describe in detail the system of accountability provided by the statutes, and say so far as the safe keeping and custody of public money covered into the Treasury is concerned it would be difficult to point out a better mode than is provided for by the existing law. Every safeguard that has been suggested has been furnished.

The Impeachment Trial.

At one o'clock legislative business was suspended, and consideration of the articles of impeachment resumed. The accused, with his counsel and managers, were present.

Mr. Black filed a motion that the Senate vacate so much of the order recently adopted, holding as naught the plea as to jurisdiction filed by him, for the reason that said plea was not overruled by a vote of two-thirds of the Senators present.

The order submitted by Mr. Whyte on Thursday last, directing the defendant to plead further or answer the articles of impeachment within ten days from date, was amended so as to read that the defendant have leave to plead farther, &c.

Mr. Thurman submitted an amendment to that.

The order is as follows: "And in default of an answer to the merits within ten days by the respondent to the articles of impeachment, the trial shall proceed as upon a plea of 'not guilty.'"

The question being on the amendment, a vote was taken, and resulted yeas 31 and nay 5—no quorum voting.

The Sergeant-at-Arms was directed to request the attendance of absent Senators.

After a short time the Senators responded, and the amendment was agreed to by a vote of 35 yeas and 7 nays. The order as amended was then agreed to—yeas 34, nays 4.

Manager Lord then submitted an order that on the eleventh day of July, 1876, the Senate sitting as a court of impeachment proceed to hear the evidence on the merits of the trial by the House.

Mr. Sargent moved to amend by substituting June 19 for July 11. Pending the discussion Mr. Blair, of the counsel for the accused, gave notice that if these propositions were rejected he would move to postpone the trial until the first of November next.

Mr. Morrill (Me.) said the question of fixing the time for this trial was very important. He moved that the galleries be cleared and the doors closed, that the Senators might confer upon that question.

Agreed to, and the Senate went into secret session.

At 3:20 the doors were reopened, and the Chair announced that an order had been agreed upon as follows: "Ordered, that on the 6th of July, at one o'clock P. M., the Senate sitting as a court of impeachment will proceed to hear evidence on the merits of the trial in this case."

Mr. Blair submitted a motion that an order be made directing the managers on the part of the House to furnish within twenty-four hours to the accused or his counsel a list of the witnesses they intend to call, together with full particulars of the facts which they expect to prove by them.

Mr. Lord objected to the order, and said it was without precedent or reason.

After debate the motion of Mr. Blair was rejected.

Mr. Sargent submitted an order directing the managers to furnish the defendant or his counsel within twenty-four hours a list of the witnesses they intend to call in this case.

Mr. Edmunds moved to amend the order by inserting four hours instead of twenty-four hours. Agreed to.

Manager Lapham said the managers could furnish a list of the witnesses they might know of at the time, but they did not want to have any new witnesses which might be discovered after the list was furnished ruled out because their names were not on the list.

Mr. Edmunds moved to further amend the order to have the managers furnish the defendant within four days a list of the witnesses, so far as at present known, &c. Agreed to.

Mr. Thurman said the State had some rights as well as the defendant. He moved to further amend the order so that the respondent within four days after receiving the list of witnesses from the managers shall furnish the managers with a list of his witnesses so far as at present known Agreed to, and the order passed as amended.

On motion of Mr. Sherman the Senate sitting as a court of impeachment adjourned until the 16th inst., it being understood that the court would meet that day to receive the answer of the respondent under the order. Adopted.

Legislative Appropriation.

Legislative business was then resumed, and the Chair laid before the Senate unfinished business, being the Legislative, Executive and Judicial Appropriation bill, the pending question being on the amendment of Mr. Edmunds that all appointments to Executive Departments of the Government shall be made upon a careful and impartial examination of the candidates therefor by a board composed of not less than five persons, to be appointed by the President, with the advice and consent of the Senate, and the most capable and worthy of the competitors so examined shall be selected for such appointments.

Pending the discussion the Senate adjourned.

HOUSE.

The Resumption Question.

After discussion on the proposition to change the rules so as to allow the Committee on Banking and Currency to report at any time was agreed to—yeas 115, nays 97. The object of the change is to allow that committee to report a bill for the repeal of the resumption act.

Indian Appropriation.

The House then went into Committee of the Whole on the Indian Appropriation bill. The question being on the point of order made by Mr. McCrary against the section to transfer the Indian Bureau to the War Department, the chairman overruled the point of order.

Mr. MAGINNIS offered an amendment providing that any person desiring to trade with Indians shall receive a license or certificate of the District Judge or a Justice of the Supreme Court of any territory that he is of good character. Agreed to.

The committee rose and reported the bill to the House, and it was passed.

Adjourned.

THE INDIAN WAR.

Cavalry for General Crook's Expedition—Cheyennes and Arrapahoes Going North.

DENVER, COL., June 6.—Eight companies of the Fifth Cavalry, under command of Lieutenant Col. Carr, passed through here to-day, *en route* to join General Crook's expedition. The detachment numbers four hundred men.

Hunters from the head waters of the Republican say that the Cheyennes and Arrapahoes are leaving in large numbers, bound North. It is supposed that they are going to join the Sioux.

SPORTS ON THE TURF.

The Races at Kalamazoo, Mich.

DETROIT, June 6.—The June meeting at the National Trotting Park at Kalamazoo, Mich., commenced to-day, with two races—one three minutes and the other 2:30. The first heat in the three minute race was won in 2:34 by Neeme, the second by Lady Vesta in 2:37, the third by Neeme in 2:34½, and the fourth by Neeme in 2:39½. Marion won three straight heats of the 2:30 race in 2:34, 2:31¾ and 2:34¾.

Speedy Justice in Mississippi.

MEMPHIS, June 6.—Sam. Anderson, colored, who was arrested here on Monday for attempting to outrage Miss. Vaughn, of Desoto county, Mississippi, and cutting the throat of her brother and leaving him for dead, was taken from the officers here yesterday morning by a body of armed citizens, and hung. His father, charged with being accessory to the attempted murder, is in the Hernando jail.

MARTIAL MEMORIES.

Meeting of the Society of the Army of the Potomac—Interesting Proceedings—Distinguished Officers Present—An Oration by General Dix.

PHILADELPHIA, June 6.—The reunion of the Army of the Potomac at the Academy of Music was the great event of the day, as well as of the week. The assembly at the Academy took place at twelve o'clock, and previous to that hour business meetings of the various corps associations constituting the Society of the Army of the Potomac were held and officers elected to serve for the ensuing year. The auditorium of the Academy was beautifully decorated, and presented a finer appearance, perhaps, than ever before. The stage was set in a camp scene, the front just behind the footlights being graced with the war decorations of guns and carriages, one on each side, stacked arms, and a pyramid of drums. Behind the seats for the guests was planted the headquarters flag of General Meade, stretched by wires to show the golden eagle encircled by the wreath, which is the insignia on the field. Three field tents stood in the background. Long before the hour for opening the balcony and other parts of the house assigned for invited guests were filled up with a waiting audience. At 12 o'clock precisely the distinguished civic and military gentlemen invited upon the stage, who had assembled in the green room, marched out, headed by Maj. Gen. Hancock and ex-Gov. John A. Dix, of New York. Then came Generals Sheridan and Sherman, Gen. Robert Patterson and Gen. Cadwallader, Generals Averill, Hooker, McIntosh, Ingalls, Beaver, Parke and Selfridge, Colonels Audenreid and Whipple, of Sherman's staff, and a number of other officers of different grades in the regular army. Besides these there were seated on the stage Gen. C. H. T. Collis, Gen. H. H. Bingham, ex-Gov. Andrew G. Curtin, ex-Governor Robinson, of New York, Capt. S. P. Sennetskin, aid-de-camp to H. I. H. the Grand Duke Constantine of Russia, and Capt. A. Vanderhowen, of the Imperial Russian Guard of Artillery.

At half-past twelve o'clock General Hancock, the President, called the meeting to order and made a brief and fitting speech.

After prayer by Rev. Wm. McVicker, Mayor Stokely was introduced, and made a speech, welcoming the assemblage to Philadelphia.

Ex-Governor Dix, of New York, who was the orator of the occasion, was next introduced, and delivered a long and eloquent oration, in which he dwelt specially on the principle of universal emancipation and the bearing of the late war on the practical embodiment of that principle. The oration concluded as follows: I part with you, then, in the hope and with the prayer that there may be reserved for you many more reunions like this, though it be with greatly diminished numbers; that year succeeding year far in the future may bring you again together to join your congratulations to fresh the remembrance of past associations, and to rejoice in the continued prosperity of the Union which you contributed by your courage, your constancy and your unconquerable endurance to save, endowing your country with a new tenure of life and giving hope and confidence to the friends of freedom throughout the civilized world.

The address was warmly applauded.

Wm. Winter, of the New York *Tribune*, was next introduced, and read a commemorative ode, "The Voice of Silence," which was cordially received.

After the reading of the ode spirited addresses were delivered by Gens. Sherman, Sheridan and Hooker, Governor Hartranft and ex-Governor Curtin. The addresses were heartily cheered at their conclusion. The audience was dismissed, and a business meeting of the society was held.

DOWN WITH THE CHINESE.

A Secret Society of California Determined to Get Rid of the Coolie System of Labor.

SAN FRANCISCO, June 6.—At a meeting last night of the Anti-Chinese Central Union, composed of delegates of all the city clubs, the following communication was read:

CALIFORNIA
ANTI-COOLIE SECRET ORGANIZATION,
June 1, 1876.

DEAR SIR: We beg to refer you to one of our letters to the six companies published in the daily papers last week, and as we see that you are likely to be in correspondence with every anti-Chinese club, we wish you would call their attention to the same. Since that letter was written our great organization has spread immensely, and is now called as above. We have received more support than we could have expected. Our supplies for the city are nearly all at hand, and our country depots are complete and ready for action. We cannot be too strong. Therefore, if there are a few among the clubs who will support us, all the better for the cause. We neither intend to respect Chinese nor their employers, as ours is a secret society. Much work necessarily falls on me, the President. We shall, therefore, deem it a favor if you will make this known to every member. We exonerate every anti-Coolie club from any participation in the organization. We are a picked army of true Americans, determined to have a Centennial of our own to celebrate.

Signed, sworn and registered according to the laws of the above organization.

(Signed) THE PRESIDENT.

A resolution was passed indorsing the action of the Union and city clubs all violence towards Chinese, and calling on the Chief of Police to protect Chinese and punish those committing outrages on them.

A RIVER TRAGEDY.

The Steamer Kate Dickson Libelled—A Marshal Killed While Enforcing the Law—Captain Taylor Shot Dead by the Marshal's Party.

CINCINNATI, June 6.—The steamer Kate Dickson, owned by Capt. James Taylor, of McKeesport, Pa., was libeled several days ago by two deck hands and tied up at Louisville. The boat escaped from that city and came here, the men following and repeating the operation here, where the claim was settled. The papers in the suit at Louisville were sent to United States Marshal Harrington at Covington, who learned this morning that the boat left for Pittsburgh last night. Chartering a fast tow boat he overhauled the Kate Dickson at Ripley.

An *Enquirer* special from Maysville says Marshal Harrington endeavored to capture the boat, but was warned off by Captain Taylor. Harrington went ahead to Maysville, and summoning a posse endeavored to board the Dickson as she was passing there. After announcing his purpose, in answer to a question by Taylor's son, he was fired on by Captain Taylor, who was armed with a double barreled gun, and instantly killed. Taylor then appeared on the guards with a pistol. He was immediately shot dead by the Harrington party. Much excitement is reported in Maysville over the sad affair.

FOREIGN NEWS.

The Situation in Spain.

MADRID, June 6.—In the Senate yesterday, during the debate on the new Constitution, Premier Canovas Del Castillo said the situation of the political parties in Spain prevented the Government surrendering its right to suspend constitutional guarantees.

Economy in War Estimates.

In Congress the discussion of the war estimates was begun. The Premier, in making the adoption of the budget a Cabinet question, stated that the Budget Committee and Minister of War had consented to a reduction of thirty-one million pesetas, which was sufficient.

Russia and Turkey.

PARIS, June 6.—Russia agreed on Saturday to recognize the new Sultan of Turkey.

ST. PETERSBURG, June 6.—It is believed here an understanding will be arrived at with the treaty powers before Russia takes any step relative to Turkey.

Bismarck Suppressing a Newspaper.

BERLIN, June 6.—In consequence of the judgment of the Bremen court, Bismarck has issued a notification prohibiting for two years the circulation in Germany of the *Nord America*, the weekly edition of the Philadelphia *Volksblatt*.

What Sam Ward Says.

WASHINGTON, June 6.—Sam Ward, whose name has been mentioned as authority for the rumor that $350,000 had been slushed around to the passage of the Hawaiian treaty bill, testified before the Committee of Ways and Means to-day that he had repeated to several gentlemen what he himself had heard as idle rumor. He did not believe there was any truth in it, but if there had been, it would have been unprofessional in him to say so.

Beating an Officer.

John Williams and Edward Elston raised a disturbance on Fifth avenue extension, near Logan street, last evening. Officer David Evans attempted to arrest the parties when they attacked him, knocked him down and beat him seriously. Other officers came to Evans' assistance, and the two disorderly persons were arrested and taken to the Central Station. Evans was pretty badly hurt.

Steamship Arrivals Yesterday.

Dispatches received at Consul Max Schamberg's European Steamship Exchange and Telegraph Office, at 163 Smithfield street, announce the arrival of the steamer Victoria, at Moville; steamer Amerique, at Plymouth; steamer Goethe, at Plymouth.

SECOND EDITION

THE BLAINE BOMBSHELL.

Another Batch of Letters.

What the Press and People Say.

WASHINGTON, June 6.—The Sub-Judiciary Committee investigating the charge against ex-Speaker Blaine were to have a meeting this afternoon, but owing to engagements of Mr. Hunton in the House it was postponed till to-morrow. Ex-Senators Kice and Howe, of Arkansas, will be examined relative to affairs of the Little Rock & Fort Smith Railroad Company.

The following letters were among those read in the House yesterday. The first refers to the Spencer Rifle Company:

WASHINGTON, 26, 1864.

My Dear Sir:

Your favor is received. I am very glad, all things considered, that the Government has accepted your proposition to take all you manufacture till September 1, 1865. It gives a straight and steady business for the company for a good stretch of time. In regard to the tax provision, you can judge for yourself, as I send herewith a copy of the bill as reported from the Finance Committee of the Senate, and now pending in that body. See pages 148 and 149, where I have marked. In looking over the bill you will please observe that all words in Italic letters are amendments proposed by the Senate Finance Committee, while all words included in brackets are proposed to be struck out by the same committee. The provision which you inquire about was not in the original bill, but was an amendment moved from the Ways and Means Committee by Mr. Kelson, of Iowa, to whom I suggested it. It is just and proper in every sense, and will affect a good many interests, including your company. I am glad to hear such good accounts of your progress in the affairs of the company, of which I have always been proud to be a member. Mr. Wilson and his brother has been nominated by the Senate as Commissary of Subsistence, with the rank of Captain. He will undoubtedly be confirmed as soon as his case can be reached. I will advise as soon as it is done.

In haste, yours truly,

J. G. BLAINE,
WARREN FISHER, JR., Esq.

The following is a copy of the second letter of October 4, 1869, read by Mr. Blaine yesterday:

AUGUSTA, ME., October 4, 1869.

My Dear Mr. Fisher:

Find enclosed contracts of the parties named in my letter of yesterday. The remaining contracts will be completed as rapidly as circumstances will permit. I enclose you a part of the *Congressional Globe* of April 9, containing the point to which I referred at some length in my previous letter of to-day. You will find it of interest to read it over, and see what a narrow escape your bill made on that last night of the session. Of course it was my plain duty to make a ruling when a point was once raised. If the Arkansas men had only however, happened to come to me when in their wit's end and in despair, the bill would undoubtedly have been lost or postponed for a year. I thought the point would interest both you and Caldwell, though occurring before either of you engaged in the enterprise. I beg you to understand that I thoroughly appreciate the courtesy with which you have treated me in this railroad matter, but your conduct towards me in business matters has always been marked by unbounded liberality in past years, and of course I have confidence to come to expect the same of you. Now, you urge me to make as much as I fairly can out of the arrangement into which we have entered. It is natural that I should do my utmost to this end. I am governed by only one thing, and that is a definite and expressed arrangement with Mr. Caldwell. I am anxious to acquire the interest he has promised me, but I do not get as definite an understanding with him as I have with you. I shall be in Boston in a few days, and shall then have an opportunity to talk the matter over with you. I am disposed to think that whatever I do with Mr. Caldwell must really be done through you.

Kind regards to Mrs. Fisher, sincerely,

J. G. BLAINE.

W. F., JR., Esq.

NEW YORK, June 6.—A dispatch to the *Times* from Boston says James Mulligan, the celebrated witness in the Blaine investigation, reached Boston last evening, and when asked what he thought of Blaine's statement, he answered emphatically: "He has not read all the letters, and never will. He will keep back the ones that would do him the most harm."

BOSTON, June 6.—A representative of the *Journal* reports that Col. Josiah Caldwell, of Lynn, to-night said his brother, Josiah Caldwell, is in England, and has not been out of it, and can always be reached by addressing him at London.

Opinions of Public Men.

WASHINGTON, June 5.—The triumph of the ex-Speaker was very freely commented upon by his associates on the floor, and by prominent persons who heard his speech indirectly, and with but one exception the voice was unanimous that he had taken the straightforward manly course. Among those who were heard to express their ideas upon the subject were the following gentlemen: Representative John Hancock, of Texas, one of the most prominent, cool-headed, and able Democrats on the floor, said the scene was highly sensational and dramatic, which he presumed was all that was required in these times. He thought Mr. Blaine's speech would, however, place him back again in the public confidence. There was, he said, danger that people at a distance could not understand it. It is hard to transfer to paper the magnetic manner of Mr. Blaine, and it is doubtful that people will read the speech in the same spirit it was listened to. He said after the letters and the speech had gone by telegraph, had passed through a Hoe perfecting press, and gone through the mails a thousand miles and had been read by the old farmers and mechanics by candle light, they would be divested of some of the excitement that is apparent here now.

Mr. Kasson, of Iowa, said there was never such a sensation in Congress, and while he was independent yesterday, he was exalted to-day. He was perfectly, even enthusiastically, satisfied with the explanation. He thought there was no case left for Mr Blaine now, and that he would be nominated at Cincinnati. He quoted Shakspeare by saying, "Out of this nettle danger we pluck this flower safety."

Mr. Harris, of Massachusetts, a calm, deliberate Republican, said: "Blaine is the strongest man in the country could take and shake that confederate house like Mr. Blaine, and for the letters, he would have been proud to have been their author. He doubted if any business man or any other could show such manly letters among their off-hand correspondence. He had a despondent partner and some despondent friends in Boston, but he would never let them see the letters. Those friends could defy the world again.

"Hen" Wade said through the whole process dings, one of the most interested listeners. When, about 4 o'clock, he lounged toward the cost room, he remarked to a friend, "Blaine is the pluckiest man to handle in America. He's got the rebels down and he puts his foot on them. The people like such a man and will sustain him. They like that sort of pluck."

Mr. Garfield, of Ohio, said: "Jim has knocked a tremendous hole in their ledge; have been a long time in Congress myself and never saw such a scene in the House. When the Emancipation amendment to the Constitution was adopted in the XXXVIIth or XXXIXth Congress, there was a very exciting scene, but nothing like this to-day. It seems to me that the disclosures that the Judiciary Committee have withheld is important evidence which will be ruinous to them, and in any event the day has been a strong one for Blaine and his friends."

A prominent gentleman in private life is very large, and whose word cannot be doubted, said that he had a talk with Mr. Knott yesterday in regard to Mr. Caldwell, and that Mr. Knott said he had tried in vain to find Mr. Caldwell's whereabouts but had failed; that he had no idea where he was to be found; that Caldwell, when he left Washington, had not heard a word from him since the investigation began, and that Caldwell had written him a postal card that very time in his pocket from Caldwell, which had been there three days.

"Dan" Voorhees, who, while a member of the House, was regarded as one of the most ultra of the Democratic partisans, said to-night that it was a most brilliant, bold, and daring attack he ever knew in his life; that Blaine came like a horseman riding at a frightful pace against a stone wall. He must either clear it or be dashed in pieces against it. But he had cleared it with plenty of room to spare. "He said the withholding of Mr. Caldwell's telegram on the part of the Judiciary Committee was unfair and unmanly. The Committee should be of fair play and honest dealing. Every man was entitled to a hearing, and no investigation by a Committee of Congress ought not to be of a partisan character, but ought to be for the purpose of benefitting the public service and developing fraud and dishonesty. He could not understand how the Committee could suppress such important testimony.

Mr. Kelley, of Pennsylvania, who has never been counted among the Blaine men, said that in an experience of thirty years in the House was never so astonished before his senses to-day had never occurred before. "I have seen," said he, "fellow members denounced as traitors to their country, and expelled from the House with the dramatic accessories that everybody wrought up to the highest pitch of excitement; I have seen all the paraphernalia of the Hawaiian treaty bill, testified before the Committee of Ways and Means to-day that he had repeated to several gentlemen what he himself had heard as an idle rumor. He did not believe there was any truth in it, but if there had been, it would have been unprofessional in him to say so.

Beating an Officer.

John Williams and Edward Elston raised a disturbance on Fifth avenue extension, near Logan street, last evening. Officer David Evans attempted to arrest the parties when they attacked him, knocked him down and beat him seriously. Other officers came to Evans' assistance, and the two disorderly persons were arrested and taken to the Central Station. Evans was pretty badly hurt.

Steamship Arrivals Yesterday.

Dispatches received at Consul Max Schamberg's European Steamship Exchange and Telegraph Office, at 163 Smithfield street, announce the arrival of the steamer Victoria, at Moville; steamer Amerique, at Plymouth; steamer Goethe, at Plymouth.

LATEST RIVER NEWS.

CINCINNATI, June 6, 1876.

River 11 feet 6 inches and falling. Weather partly cloudy and cool. Arrived—Glasgow, Evansville. Departed—Hudson, Wheeling.

MEMPHIS, June 6, 1876.

River rose 3 inches; now stands 15 feet 3 inches. Mercury 86. Departed—Dana, Cincinnati; Vicksburg, St. Louis; Illinois, Vicksburg; Dick Fulton and James Howard, New Orleans, latter late last night with 14 barges and 2 boats of the tow of the Joe Williams, which has been saved, with a strong probability of saving all the others except two.

EVANSVILLE, June 6, 1876.

The river is falling, with 14 and 1-10 feet on the gauge. Weather clear till noon, clouded and rainy for half an hour, clear now and hotter; mercury 63 to 78. Down—Jas. D. Parker, 4 P. M.; Mary Millar, 1:30; Tarascon, 2:30. Up—Alonzo Belle, midnight; Red Cloud, 2:30 P. M.; Sandy No. 2, 9:55; Maggie Smith, 11—generally good trips. Business light.

ST. LOUIS, June 6, 1876.

Arrived—Liberty, Ohio river; Polar Star, Tennessee river; Glencoe, New Orleans; Dolphin, lower river; Johnson Kiwanki City of Belena, Vicksburg; Rhodes, Pittsburgh; Future City, New Orleans; Ohio river 2 inches. Weather clear and very warmer.

CAIRO, June 6, 1876.

Arrived—Raven, St. Louis, noon. Departed—Raven, Ohio river, 2 P. M. River 26 feet 10 inches and falling. Weather clear; mercury 82.

LOUISVILLE, June 6, 1876.

Weather warm and clear. Departed—Active, St. Louis; Ida, Memphis. River 7 feet 3 inches in the canal.

OMAHA, June 6, 1876.

The river rose 8 inches at its falls point in the past twenty-four hours.

NEW ORLEANS, June 6, 1876.

No arrivals. Departed—H. C. Yeager, St. Louis, Clear and pleasant.

LITTLE ROCK, June 6, 1876.

Weather clear and warm. River falling; 8 feet by gauge.

VICKSBURG, June 6, 1876.

The river is falling. Arrived—Mary Houston.

AUCTION SALE
OF
FINE DRY GOODS,
W. H. FERRY, AUCTIONEER.
J. B. HEARD & CO.,
118 Federal Street,

Will offer, June 3d, at 10 A. M., the balance of their stock at auction, sale to continue until every article is sold.

Purchasers who desire can purchase goods at retail as usual.

As this is our final offering rare bargains can be procured.

The Best Bargain in Unlaundried Shirts Ever Sold.

We have bought over 500 dozen of the celebrated French Yoke Shirts, made from Wamsutta Muslin and the best quality of 2200 Irish Linen Bosoms and Cuffs, finished complete with Buttons, Button Holes and Eyelets. Every shirt warranted to be a perfect fit. We guarantee this shirt to be as good quality as can be made at *any price*. We will sell them for the present at $12 per dozen or ONE DOLLAR EACH. Call and examine them. They are the best bargain in shirts ever sold.

A. W. ERWIN,
172 and 174 Federal street,
Allegheny.

Auction Sale of Jewelry.

We would call special attention to the advertisement of G. B. Barrett, as assignee, that appears in another column of this paper, announcing that he will dispose of the balance of the jewelry of Lea, Stevens & Son's, 93 Market street, at auction, commencing to-morrow morning. People who are looking for good bargains in this line will do well to attend.

The Closing Week of the Large Bankrupt Sale of Dry Goods

At 48 Fifth avenue is announced, Consequently great bargains will be the order of the day. Every article offered at the sale must be sold, regardless of cost. Make the most of your time all those in need of fine goods.

Take notice of the great display of Bread and Rolls at MARVIN'S, No. 18 Fifth Avenue.

HOME NEWS.

The probabilities for to-day are warmer, southerly, possibly shifting to colder northerly winds, stationary pressure, and partly cloudy weather.

Another Reduction.

The Baltimore & Ohio Railroad Company have made another reduction in freight rates. Their rates on fourth class freight by the car load are now as follows: To Baltimore, 13c per 100 lbs.; to Philadelphia, 14c; to New York, 17½c. Rates to other points and on other classes of freights remain unchanged.

The Lowry Engine Test.

In our report of the test of the Lowry engine yesterday morning, Mr. Davis is reported as having stated that it was unfair to compare the duty of the Allegheny engine with that of other engines, on account of the low rate of speed at which the Allegheny engine was run. Mr. Davis requests us to say that he did not express himself so exactly in relation to the matter, but that he only meant to say that he did not express fairness of the comparison, but did say that "some persons might consider it unfair on account of the difference in the speed." He thinks the test, as far as it went, was a perfectly fair one.

U. S. District Court.

James Schoonmaker, bankrupt, Allegheny. Register's report confirmed absolute.

Olmstead & Jewhurst, bankrupts, Venango county. Assignee's report confirmed absolutely.

Henry H. Collins, city. Petition for adjudication of himself and Geo. W. Dithridge in bankruptcy presented, and order to show cause granted. Returnable on the 16th inst.

William Dilworth, bankrupt, city. Assignee's return to the order for the sale of certain bonds presented and confirmed *nisi*.

George Duncan et al., bankrupt, Allegheny county. Order made confirming absolutely the assignee's report of sale of certain real estate of one of said bankrupts and assignee directed to make conveyance.

A Century Ago.

How often do we hear persons long for the good old times, when articles of utility and comfort were manufactured with an equal eye to durability and neatness. History repeats itself and by a visit to the Boot and Shoe House of R. Taggart, No. 129 Federal street, Allegheny, it will be made evident to the candid mind that his boots and shoes are prepared with as much care as to material and make-up, as if done a century ago, and what is better, sold at a price very much cheaper than the same could be bought for a hundred years ago.

BASE BALL NOTES.

Triumph of the Alleghenys Over the Ohio Athletics.

The game at Union Park yesterday afternoon between the Alleghenys and Athletics, of Mansfield, Ohio, resulted in a victory for the former by a score of 14 to 6, as follows:

ALLEGHENY.	O.	R.	ATHLETICS.	O.	R.
Junkin, 3 b.....	3	1	Hade, 2 b.....	4	0
Lane, c. f.....	6	0	Laird, 1 b.....	4	0
Quest, c.....	4	0	Kelley, s. s.....	4	0
Kitchie, s. s.....	0	4	Cox, c. f.....	3	0
Hagan, r. f.....	4	1	Trott, c.....	3	1
Blackmore, p....	3	1	Wolford, 3 b.....	5	1
Wilkinson, 1 b...	3	1	Purtel, r. f.....	2	1
Gallaghe, l. f...	4	1	Burns, l. f.....	3	1
McCloskey, c....	0	3	Witherow, p.....	1	1
Total.....	27	14	Total.....	27	6

Innings.....1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9
Alleghenys...1 0 4 1 1 0 5 1 1—14
Athletics.....0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 6—6

Hagan pitched during the first inning for the Alleghenys, and Blackmore during the remainder of the game.

Base hits—Alleghenys 3, Alleghenys 15. Flies caught—Alleghenys 8, Athletics 7. Earned runs—Alleghenys 4, Athletics 0.

Mr. Ed. Williamson, of the Neshannocks, umpired.

The Braddocks and Athletics play this afternoon.

The following foreign games were played yesterday: Boston—Louisvilles 3, Bostons 0. Hartford—Hartfords 8, St. Louis 4. New York—Mutuals 2, Cincinnatis 0. Philadelphia—Athletics 0, Chicagos 7.

CITY STREETS.

Regular Meeting Last Night—New Ordinances Acted Upon—Contracts Let.

A regular meeting of the Joint Committee of City Councils was held last night, Mr. Thompson in the chair.

The pay rolls for May as follows, were approved.

First District	$2,325 34
Second District	1,717
Third District	1,558 22
Fifth District	775 17
Sixth District	757 94
Seventh District	674 49
Board of Viewers	1,000
Engineer's Office	790 32
Total	$9,102 96

Ordinances were recommended for passage as follows: For the opening of Liberty street, from Overhill street to Dinwiddie street; for the repaving of Fifth avenue from Liberty street to Smithfield street; vacating Hill street; granting Cherry Commings right to make a side walk on Oak alley; grading and paving Union alley.

The ordinance for opening Twenty-third street, from Josephine street to the Monongahela river was negatively returned to Councils.

Ordinances were ordered as follows: For the payment of damages to Wm. McCutchen et al., by grading of Liberty avenue; for widening side walks on Cliff street; for a flag stone crossing on Wylie avenue at High street; for the curbing and paving of curbing of Harkens alley, between Seventeenth and Eighteenth streets; for the opening of Donnelly alley; reducing width of Vickroy and Maria streets; changing grade of Penn avenue between Thirty-second and Butlers streets.

Resolutions were adopted for compelling the P. C. & St. L. R. R. Company to construct a wall on the west side of Fountain street, between Washington street and Seventh avenue; authorizing the Street Commissioner to expend $150 for conducting the water from a spring in Cedar alley, between Forty-fifth and Forty-sixth streets; for a stone crossing at Ella and Isabella streets, Sixteenth ward; for the appointment of a committee of five to examine the condition of Penn avenue, and the cheapest way of putting it in a passable condition, for a stone crossing at the intersection of First avenue and Grant street.

The Committee on Penn Avenue consists of Messrs. Fennerty, Welden, Neeb, Kettenberg and Myers.

The Viewers' report on the assessment of damages for grading and paving Church alley was presented.

The contract for grading Bluff street was let to John Scanlon at 40 cents for grading and $3.00 for masonry.

The contract for grading, paving and curbing Fort street was awarded to P. Gwinner at 18 cents for grading, 59 cents for paving, 40 cents for curbing, and 40 cents for crossings. The contract for grading, paving and curbing Duquesne Way (in three contracts) was also awarded to Mr. Gwinner.

The contract for grading, paving and curbing First street was let to Michael Joyce.

The contract for paving and repaving Adams street was let to J. J. Booth.

The contract for sewer castings was awarded to Marion Marshall at 2 cents per pound. N. J. Keller got the contract for gravel at 1¾ cents.

The ordinance for regrading and repaving Thirty-third street from Penn to Liberty avenues was returned affirmatively to Councils, after considerable opposition.

Adjourned.

French Bread and rolls, Vienna Rolls, Graham Bread and Rolls, English Cream Bread, Family Bread, Home-made Bread, Rye Bread, Milk Bread, Cross Buns and Muffins and Boston Brown Bread, Wednesdays and Saturdays, MARVIN & Co. 18 Fifth avenue.

Large Invoice of Summer Hats Just Received at Fleming & Oglevee's, 139 Wood Street.

The unprecedented demand for summer hats compel the firm of Fleming & Oglevee, 139 Wood street, to receive large invoices daily.

Bear in mind that this is the only house in the city that keep a large and complete stock of the very latest styles of summer hats and mark all their goods down to the lowest cash price.

All who want anything in the hat line are invited to call and examine their stock and prices before purchasing elsewhere.

In a Nutshell.

Elsner & Phillips are now showing a full line of stylish spring and summer wear for men and boys, at bottom prices. They have also a large and elegant assortment of piece goods, which they will make to order in the best manner at reasonable prices. Their cutters and tailors cannot be surpassed, and the fit and shape of every garment sold will be guaranteed. Persons wanting clothing should examine the stock at this house before purchasing elsewhere. Corner of Fifth and Wood.

$300 Per Year

will rent a house containing eight rooms and half acre of ground, covered with fruit trees, on Neville street, near Fifth avenue. ws J. D. CARLISLE.

Great Excitement in Allegheny,

in consequence of the immense slaughter of Dry Goods at 127 Federal street, where the well-known and popular auctioneer, A. J. Penticost, is selling a large assignees' stock of fine and desirable Dry Goods at auction. It is understood that everything must be sold peremptorily.

THE SCHOOLS OF ALLEGHENY.

Meeting of the Board of Controllers Last Night—Nominations of Teachers Confirmed—The Centennial Display a Taxpayer's Conundrum

A regular meeting of the Board of School Controllers of Allegheny city was held last night in the Common Council Chamber, City Hall. The members present were Messrs. Benney, Bellstine, Craig, Cowan, Carr, Dunlap, Dunwoody, Golden, Hanny, Hemphill, Hamilton, Hopkins, Lorenz, Miller, Moore, Morrow, McNaugher, Parke, Poppenger, Ritenour, Reno, Rodgers, D. L. Smith, Joel Smith, Straub, Stewart, Sutton, Scott, Sailer, Trimble, Thompson, Welsh, Watson, Young, Yeager, and Rev. Jos. King, President.

After the minutes had been read and approved representatives of the First, Second, Fifth, Seventh, and Twenty ward boards submitted lists of the teachers they had nominated for their respective schools for the ensuing year. There were very few changes from last year. The Board confirmed all the nominations.

The Secretary presented a statement, based upon the average attendances during the last three months of school, of the number of teachers to which each ward is entitled. In addition to their present complement the Second ward is entitled to two more teachers, the Fourth to one, the Seventh to two, &c., while other wards have more than their complement. Among the latter is the Sixth ward which, in addition to a teacher who has already resigned, will be obliged to drop another.

Mr. R. C. Miller, from the Library Committee, reported that the circulation of books last month was 3,599. Twenty-three were purchased and one donated. The same gentleman, in behalf of the Centennial Committee, submitted a report which stated that eighteen volumes, embracing specimens of the skill and knowledge of pupils in the various common school branches, had been sent to the Centennial Exposition as Allegheny City's contribution to the representation of the American system of schools. The report was accepted and a resolution was adopted directing that upon the return of the volumes they be placed in the Public Library. The expense incurred by the committee, amounting to only $186.49 was ordered to be paid.

The matter of the election of music teachers was postponed until the next meeting.

Mr. D. L. Smith offered the following, which was unanimously adopted:

Resolved, That this Board return a vote of thanks to Richard Gray, Esq., Campbell B. Herron, Esq., the Rev. Dr. Crosby H. Phillips and others, as the Citizens Committee, for their liberality in furnishing music for the Children's Jubilee, and also to the gentlemen composing the Park Commission for their kindness in permitting the school Children's Jubilee to be held in the public parks.

Mr. Ritenour presented the appended communication with a request that the Board instruct him how to answer the conundrum therein propounded.

S. Ritenour, Esq., Member of the Board of School Controllers of Allegheny:

DEAR SIR: Will you please inform me where your honorable body gets their authority to elect a corps of teachers for our public schools for a period of ten months, and before that term is closed the Board changes the term to nine months, thereby compelling some six or seven thousand children to be deprived of their schooling for one month, or compelling our tax payers to send their children to select schools, after having already paid for their tuition. I understand it was the lack of funds. Is this so? And if it is, why is not the thousands of dollars on deposit, for which ample security was given, be forth

DAILY GAZETTE.

OFFICE: GAZETTE BUILDING,
Corner Sixth Avenue and Smithfield St.

JOSIAH KING....N. P. REED....GEO. W. REED.

KING, REED & CO., EDITORS AND PROPRIETORS.

Official Paper of Allegheny County.

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DAILY GAZETTE.
POSTAGE PREPAID.

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By Mail, for six months	4 00
By Mail, for three months	2 00
By Mail, for one month	75
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A copy is furnished gratuitously to the getter up of a Club of Ten. Postmasters are requested to act as Agents.

Persons desiring to subscribe for the GAZETTE—Daily or Weekly—will, upon application, be supplied with specimen copies, free of charge.

KING, REED & CO.

WEDNESDAY, JUNE 7, 1876.

PETROLEUM at Antwerp 27¾f.

BONDS at Frankfort, new 5s, 101¼.

GOLD closed in New York yesterday at 112⅝.

HOW THOSE Democrats, so badly punished will slop over against BLAINE, in their investigations.

BLAINE'S triumph over KNOTT is not only admitted, but keenly enjoyed by such Democrats in Congress as have come in contact with that gentleman, to their mortification and sorrow. HILL openly gloats over it, while other Democrats think KNOTT received just what he deserved.

IF GEN. JAMES K. POLK DUFF has any idea of keeping the *Post* up to its contract he should head a subscription list for a new Democratic paper. There is no one thing brings the *Post* to time so soon. It took HOPKINS' friends just forty-eight hours to make it dance to their music. Come, JUMUSK, call time on them.

THE Chinese of California, throught he several companies, have made an appeal to the Government, in which they state their case, as against the agitation about them. They claim to have come here in response to open invitations and under treaty rights; to have been law abiding and honest, not violating the laws of the country. All the charges against them they answer *seriatim*, and make out an apparently strong case. It is a very troublesome thing, this question of Chinese immigration. The bulk of Chinese immigrants remain on the Pacific coast, and the large number aggregated there are a source of serious trouble to the people. If they were to scatter over the country we presume the number would not prove particularly objectionable.

THE *Chronicle* in noticing the candidates for Assembly remarks as follows: "It seems strange to us that stronger names were not announced for the House; but the office seems to be avoided by the very men who should go to Harrisburg, in deference to the important interests involved every year in local and general legislation." We ask our neighbor, whether the Republican members of the last House from this county did not do their whole duty, and come up to all the requirements at the hands of their constituents? They are again candidates, and if they have done their whole duty, ought they not to be re-elected? Our neighbor should not hesitate to render impartial justice, and award full credit for good service, if it hopes to see good men come out for office.

IT is rather amusing, in the light of BLAINE'S magnificent assault on his enemies, to read the mournful protestations of such papers, as professed to pity him for being put on the defensive, and thus making himself unavailable as a Presidential candidate. There was nothing defensive in his attitude before the House; on the contrary, Mr. PROCTOR KNOTT evidently believed him fearfully aggressive; and even little Cox feared him sufficiently to strain the rules so far as to refuse him the floor to reply to Mr. KNOTT. Had he been allowed to reply to his weak, but malignant address, there would not have been much left of the Kentucky humorist. But no one in the House thought there was anything defensive in his manner of laying the much talked-of letters before the country.

THE uncertainties of National Nominating Conventions, as regards the selection of candidates, are amply illustrated by the record of votes by which Presidential candidates have been selected. In two instances,—PIERCE and SEYMOUR—the Democracy nominated candidates not known in the early ballotings. In many instances, in that party, those who started highest failed to receive the nomination. In the Republican party, on the contrary, the one who has started with the largest ballot has been nominated, except in one instance. In 1860 SEWARD had 173½ votes on the first ballot, to 102 for LINCOLN. On the second ballot, SEWARD had 184½ to 181 for LINCOLN. On the third ballot LINCOLN was nominated. BLAINE will undoubtedly go into Convention with over 300 votes on first ballot,—probably 325,—and the traditions of the party point to his nomination.

TILDEN, of New York, has drawn against his prospects the anger of the fates, and the war against him, within his party is as bitter as that waged against BLAINE by his rival candidates. The *Express* and *World* have been snatched from him, and predictions of failure on his part are now as freely made as they were, a few days ago, against BLAINE. He has not the mental resources of BLAINE, but, on the contrary, is absolutely childish in some of his plans. The scheme of sending out reading notices to the country press, to puff him into apparent popularity, was exceedingly transparent, and as a plan, absurd and foolish. HENDRICKS, and even SEYMOUR now looms up as having as fair showing for the nomination as TILDEN. So it is not on the Republican side alone that underhand measures are being employed to gain advantage.

WE have enough intelligence from Washington and other parts of the country to be assured that Mr. BLAINE'S course in reading the letters, over which so much plaintive curiosity has been shown by journals that support him only as he may show signs of success, is regarded a complete triumph. The closing side scene, in taking off KNOTT'S scalp added a certain dramatic closing touch to the affair, that gave it a splendid relish. Few now doubt that BLAINE will make the nomination, unless something stronger than has yet been produced can be alleged against him. We hope it is not true, as reported, that CONKLING is at work secretly, through friends, with Democrats to hold the investigation over BLAINE'S head till after the Cincinnati Convention, in order to defeat his nomination. If it should be proven true, CONKLING can never stand before the Republican party and expect its support. And the suspicion of such high handed perfidy will only strengthen BLAINE.

TWO army officers, General HUMPHREYS and Major HOWELL, are complained of by Mr. EADS, as throwing unnecessary obstructions in the way of the success of his jetty system, because of preconceived theories unfavorable to it. EADS asks the Secretary of War to restrain HOWELL, who has no connection with the work, from spreading reports to the effect that bars are forming outside of the jetties, as that officer's criticisms are making it extremely difficult for him to procure money to carry on the enterprise. He also asks that those officers who are authorized to inspect what he has done and report to the Government upon it be compelled to inform him what conclusion they have come to. He is left in ignorance of the result of their examinations while suffering from rumors which he is confident their measurements would disprove. It seems clear that the jealousy and distrust of the army officers are harassing EADS, and a man with such an enormous task on his hands should be released from all extraneous troubles. Officers criticism upon his work should be close and exacting, but it should find its way to the public only through official channels. So far as his complaints are reasonable, Mr. EADS should be protected against the jealousies of army officials.

WITH a disposition not unfriendly to MR. KERR we must say that he and his friends pursue a very unfortunate course with reference to the charges of HARNEY. He has simply denied their truth, and his committee is now at work to break down the character of HARNEY. GREEN swears he does not think HARNEY paid the money to KERR. What does he know about it, and what is *his* character? He was turned out of the army for some crime or other. A boarding-house keeper was summoned in the hope of proving that HARNEY boarded at her place with a woman not his wife, but she utterly denied this. All these failures to cast odium on HARNEY do not go far toward relieving KERR of the very suspicious circumstance of appointing a man outside his district, and whom he confessedly did not know. What induced him to do it? Admiration, he says. We beg to suggest that persons do not usually become so sensitive over strangers without a substantial reason. His story is very thin, and not worth fighting HARNEY over. In the meantime, can it be explained why an attempt is not made to break down the reputation of witnesses against BLAINE? How different the policy in the two cases.

IF we fairly interpret the drift of many of the papers, in their remarks on the Presidential candidates, amiable nobodies are in great demand for nomination,—people without force enough of character to have done anything that any one can take exceptions to. Thus the first word that is uttered against the fair fame of any one is accepted as killing him at once, while the hunt is kept up for a person who has not decision of character sufficient to bear him out a positive man. We have no faith in this ilk. While a President thus chosen may be a perfectly honest, upright and pure man, all experience proves that his rawness and inexperience lead to gross blunders in his appointments. For it is a melancholy fact that every honest crusade is morally certain to include among its file leaders a regular and well-known percentage of hypocrites, who are what is vulgarly termed "on the make." In the great party organizations unreliable, unprincipled and untrustworthy men soon find their level, and for most of these the only resort is moral reform movements, or in hunting up new candidates and attaching themselves to their fortunes. The long and glorious career of the Republican party has given it a strong and well organized frame work and experienced leaders. It is only when the latter are ignored and set aside that the public interests suffer. For our own part we think that the Republic has need of a statesman at the helm. We protest against nobodies and genteel availabilities. Let us put the distinctive tenets and measures of our party in the forefront of the battle, and leave the country decide upon them. But in doing this we need not abandon our strong characters, even should it prove they made a mistake once in their lives.

THE NOMINATIONS.

The Republican party of Allegheny county has again presented to the people its list of candidates for the various offices to be filled, and is in position to be judged, as to the suitableness of the selections. Hon. RUSSELL ERRETT has been nominated Representative in Congress for the Twenty-second District. The fear that a lack of harmony would develop in the nominating convention, by which he was selected, was not realized. At one time, owing to an error on the part of the Chairman, in selecting a committee on contested seats, wholly from the friends of Mr. ERRETT, a bolt of NEGLEY delegates was imminent, but General NEGLEY rose at the moment, and urged his friends to stay, and should Mr. ERRETT be nominated, to support him and be loyal to the party. This happy course on the part of General NEGLEY prevented the bolt, the Chairman in the meantime forming a new committee composed of three ERRETT and two NEGLEY men. This was recognized as fair, and all feeling subsided. In the ballot which followed the full organization of the convention, ERRETT received 84 and NEGLEY 48 votes. We do not think it necessary to refer to a citizen so well known as Mr. ERRETT in lengthy or laudatory terms. He is thoroughly known to the people of the District, and will make a careful, able, pains-taking and honest Representative in Congress.

In the Twenty-third District Colonel THOMAS M. BAYNE was nominated by acclamation. We are glad to learn that the rumors of an independent Republican candidate being put up, in the event of his nomination are not likely to be realized. There is good sense in the sober second thought that has led to this determination, as the party in Allegheny is positive in its purpose not to support any independent movement this year. Two years ago we definitely predicted that the only result that could attend the independent movement would be the election of a Democrat, —and it so resulted. This year, our people do not incline to operations of that kind. Besides, Colonel BAYNE is a gentleman of more than average ability, an active worker and a popular candidate.

The State Senatorial nominations will, we think, prove eminently satisfactory. Of the old Senators, Messrs. NEWMYER and MCNEILL were nominated by acclamation, a compliment amply deserved by both. They have each filled a short term in the Senate in a thoroughly satisfactory manner. Quiet, careful, discriminating, both have served their constituents ably and well, and will be returned by good majorities. JOSEPH M. GAZZAM was also nominated by acclamation in the Forty-third District, Mr. ANDERSON withdrawing. He is a gentleman of fine qualities, refined, sensible and agreeable, a lawyer of liberal education, and a gentleman in every sense of the term. In the remaining District, JOHN GILFILLAN, of Upper St. Clair, was nominated. A man of such excellent qualities is he, that there will be no doubt of his success at the polls, and his honesty and usefulness in the Senate.

In the Legislative Conventions, the First District complimented two of its most deserving representatives by an uncontested nomination. Messrs. LONG and GRAHAM have served their constituents so admirably for two terms past, that they were not given the trouble to seek a second nomination, but were accepted by general consent as clearly entitled to be returned to their places in the House. A higher or more expressive compliment could not have been bestowed. The third candidate in that District, Mr. WALKER is well spoken of. In the Second District Messrs. FRAZIER and FLYNN were nominated, and are good men. In the Third District no nominations were made. The Fourth District Convention was well supplied with candidates, from among whom JOSEPH MITCHELL, S. B. MCELROY, J. MARTIN SCHAFER, and ADAM WEAVER were selected,—altogether a good ticket. W. H. MCGILL and JOSEPH A. STONE were selected to represent the Fifth District on the ticket. In the Sixth WM. HILL and VINCENT MILLER were nominated. Both are represented as staunch Republicans, and gentlemen who have filled local offices in their neighborhood in a manner that indicates they will make good representatives.

In the county offices, our present Prothonotary, B. F. KENNEDY, Esq., was nominated for another term,—a popular selection. Mr. KENNEDY has been a faithful and efficient officer, and richly deserves the compliment bestowed upon him. Besides, he will give strength to the ticket, by reason of his personal popularity. He is a genial gentleman, a prompt and thorough-going official, accommodating and generous, and sure to be elected by a noble majority. The most difficult and prolonged Convention was that which had the selection of Treasurer and Coroner. The first phase of the conflict turned on the election of Chairman. This over and the real struggle for the offices began. The Convention at times was quite breezy, but generally good natured. Finally, the triple contest was decided by the selection of JOSEPH THOMAS for Coroner,—a reputable man, a soldier, and a good citizen. WM. MCCALLIN was nominated for Treasurer. He is just closing his term as Coroner, and Allegheny county never had an official who filled the bill more acceptably. For Jury Commissioner MR. JOHN NOLAN was selected,—a comparatively new man, an ex-Councilman, a clever genial gentleman and a man who stands among the highest with those who know him best.

In summing up the situation, we conclude that the ticket, as a whole, is more acceptable than usual. There is little, if any element, from first to last, that is specially objectionable. We do not doubt but there are individuals, here and there, who will object to one or another of the candidates. This always happens; but the ticket, taken as a whole, is not often excelled. It is, at least, of sufficient excellence to admit of its receiving the earnest and united support of the entire Republican party. We can not afford distractions or doubts this Presidential year, and we are gratified that, as a means of removing all reason for, or temptation to, independent and distracting movements, we have a ticket so generally acceptable as that nominated yesterday. Of course there are private griefs, and, to some extent, a sense of injury, among disappointed candidates and their friends. But these, when they reflect, will admit, that the best policy, even admitting that they have reason for discontent, is to unite harmoniously for the support of the candidates. The wheel of fortune in politics often turns, and the aggrieved now, are the aggrievers at another time. Let us have full harmony and earnest work.

BROWNSVILLE, PA.

Calico War—Boat Building—Preachers' Association—The Coming Centennial Fourth—The Whisky Demon, &c.

Correspondence of the Pittsburgh Gazette.

BROWNSVILLE, PA., June 6, 1876.

Last week witnessed a sharp but very short fight on calico between two dry goods merchants. Prices declined from X to 0 in a few hours. Persons wide awake and with the ready cash, took advantage of the reduction, and the two "Kilkenny" venders retired the worse for the battle.

Our old friend, J. S. Pringle, is still engaged in building boats. The J. N. Snowden, the new packet, will be ready for business in a few weeks.

The preachers of the different denominations in Brownsville and Bridgeport have formed an association that no doubt will be productive of much good. Denominational lines are ignored and they meet and mingle as Christians.

Arrangements are being made for a grand celebration of the Fourth of July.

The whisky demon again comes to the front, and that too under the sanction of law. Our Judge and associates are certainly prostituting the sanctity of their office to political ends. Democratic Reform. What does it mean?

Blaine leads in the Presidential race with our people here. R.

Grace and Her Rector.

Mr. H. C. Potter, rector of Grace, is expected home from his foreign tour, and announces that he will not take the usual summer vacation. During his absence Grace has witnessed the most distinguished wedding which has occurred within its walls since President Tyler and Miss Gardner were married there a third of a century ago. This will gratify Mr. Potter, for it will show that fashion has not utterly abandoned its former resort. Grace, however, has seen its best days, and Mr. Potter is compelled to minister to it in its decline. For thirty years it was the spot where Sunday fashion reigned. To have a pew in Grace was almost enough to give one rank, and, therefore, an effort was made to keep the church exclusive. The music, service, and preaching were all conducted in the most fashionable manner, while Brown, the sexton, was the most stylish of his profession. Potter is well adapted to such a spot. He is of fine personal appearance, with a subdued countenance, and with a melodious bowl in his voice which harmonizes admirably with the character of the place. All that we can think in such a scene is style, and the names on the pew doors suggest the creme de la creme. Such at least was its palmy condition, but now its friends mourn a decline, not in piety, for to that it never made a claim, but in fashion, which is flitting to Trinity Chapel.

A Rhode Island Spider as an Architect.

Since Monday last, on Swinburne, Peckham & Co.'s wharf, a very small spider has been raising from the ground to the roof of a shed, a flint pebble twenty times as large as himself, and up to Saturday evening it had reached a height of about five feet from the ground. It is slung in a web as skillfully and systematically as could be done by the most skillful human hand. Two and a half feet higher will place the stone on the roof, from which the insect commenced its labor.

A Horrid Creature

"If there is anybody under the canister of heaven that I have in utter excrescence," says Mrs. Partington, "it is the slanderer going about like a boy constructor, circulating his calomel upon honest folks."

Pittsburgh Bank for Savings,
NO. 61 FOURTH AVENUE,
PITTSBURGH.

Board of Managers—George A. Berry, President, John Scott, Jas. Park, Jr., Vice Presidents, A. Bradley, J. L. Graham, A. S. Bell, Wm. K. Nimick, John S. Dilworth, F. Rahm, G. Follansbee, Robert U. Schmertz.
Secretary and Treasurer—CHAS. G. MIDNOR.
Solicitor—JOHN H. BAILEY

Centennial Visitors,
FROM
ALL NATIONS,
Universally use B. T.
Babbitt's Best Soap.

CARPETS, OIL CLOTHS, &c.
CARPETS.
CARPETS. OIL CLOTHS, MATTINGS, Window Shades, AT LOWEST PRICES. D. & F. S. WELTY, 115 and 117 Federal St., ALLEGHENY. CARPETS.
CALDWELL'S NEW BUILDING.
CARPETS.
There are Three Reasons Why Everybody Should Buy from
M'FARLAND, COLLINS & CO.,
NO. 101 FIFTH AVENUE.
1st—Our sales room being on Second Floor, our expenses are less than any other house of the same class.
2d—We buy everything from Manufacturers, so that our customers have but one profit to pay.
3d—We sell for Cash, avoiding thereby losses by bad debts, and are offering goods at the LOWEST PRICES.
NEW
SPRING PATTERNS
JUST OPENED.
Next to U. S. Custom House and Postoffice.

CEMENT—200 BBLS. LOUISVILLE 100 bbls. Rosendale, for sale by J. B. CANFIELD, 116 Water street.

YOU AND I.

If you were a little bird,
And I a waving spray,
Merry, merry would we be
All the summer's day!
You singing happy lays,
In the sunlight sweet,
While lovingly I curled my leaves
Around your darling feet.

If you were a buttercup,
And I a roving bee,
Sweetest drops you'd have in store,
Garnered up for me.
And I'd have you near me, dear—
Even though far apart;
For I would feed on honey-dew
From your dainty heart.

If you were a running brook,
And I a tall, green sedge,
Loving things I'd whisper you,
Leaning o'er the edge;
And I know you'd hear them, dear,
Though you couldn't stay,
For little brooks stop in their beds,
Yet—always run away!

But you're my baby dear!
Nothing you could be
Would be half so precious, dear,
As you are to me.
Birdies fly—brooks run dry—
Flowers fade and fall;
But you'd be with me always, dear,
And that's the best of all.
—*Christian Union.*

Whence a Railroad Empire is Ruled.

The Commodore formerly lived over on the east side of town, near the ship yards, but when he sold out his vessels and became a railroad man, he moved to his present home, which is convenient to that interest. His first wife was a member of the Reform Church on the east side, but at their removal joined the Washington square congregation, and in it she remained till her death, Eight years ago. When the Commodore moved into the house that he now lives in, he was little past fifty, and was worth about a million. Almost all his financial greatness has been attained in this old-fashioned house and the adjacent office. The latter has no sign. It is simply a dwelling house, the upper part of which is occupied by a tenant, while the front and rear parlors are devoted to business purposes. A few pictures adorn the walls, being chiefly of those ships that give him his first notoriety. The front room is under the care of an old bookkeeper, who attends to general duties; the rear room is the Commodore's private office.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

STEP IN AND SEE
THE
Handsomest Assortment
OF
Spring Goods
IN THE CITY.
Henry Smith & Sons,
MERCHANT TAILORS,
98 WYLIE AVENUE.

GARDEN
AND
Flower Seeds
The Best in the City.
Trees, Grape Vines, Plants,
A great stock, unsurpassed in quality and price.
SEED POTATOES.
The finest new varieties ever introduced. 1,000 1000 Flowering and Bedding Plants. 18 Beautiful Plants for $1.10.
BOQUETS, CUT FLOWERS,
At short notice, in any quantity, surpassed by none. BIRDS, GOLD FISH, &c.
J. O. Slemmons, J. F. Grimes,
131 Fifth Ave., above Smithfield,
Proprietors of the celebrated Knox Farm Greenhouses and Nurseries. d57-MWF

HOLMAN'S
Fever and Ague and Liver Pad
CURES WITHOUT MEDICINE, SIMPLY BY ABSORPTION.
The Best Liver Regulator in the World.

The only true cure for and preventive of malarial diseases in all its forms.
Liver Complaint, Jaundice, Dyspepsia, Rheumatism, Yellow Fever, Sea-Sickness, Neuralgia, Bilious Disorders, &c., &c.
None genuine without the Trade Mark and Signature of the Inventor on the wrapper.
Ask your druggist for it. For Certificates, read little blue book, *Going to the Air.*
TRADE MARK.
WM. F. KIDDER & CO., Sole Proprietors, No. 83 John Street, N. Y.
MWF-S

PACKING
BOXES
MADE TO ORDER, ALL KINDS OF
BILL STUFF
ON HAND AND CUT TO ORDER.
WEATHERBOARDING, FLOORING, &c.
G. W. DITHRIDGE & CO.,
29th and Liberty Streets.
b99

DUFF & CAMPBELL,
MANUFACTURERS OF
Window Glass
And dealers in French and Enameled Glass. As we keep in our warehouse a first-class Cutter, we are prepared to fill all orders from a single light upwards, on short notice. We select the best Sheet Glass to fill orders at our warehouse, 110 WATER STREET, between Wood and Smithfield.

JAMES LITTELL,
Senior Member of the Firm of
LITTELL & MECHLING,
WHOLESALE LIQUOR DEALER
NO. 237 LIBERTY AND 244 PENN STREETS.

Enameled
WROUGHT IRON PIPE,
FOR GAS, WATER, SEWERAGE, SOIL PIPE, &c.,
MANUFACTURED BY
National Tube Works Co.,
Guaranteed against the effect of water, air or earth, singly or combined.
JAS. W. BATCHELOR, Agent,
COR. THIRD AVE. AND WOOD STREET.

ABDIEL McCLURE & CO.'S
BROOM FACTORY
AND
Paper Warehouse,
NO. 309 LIBERTY STREET,
Flour Sacks and Grocer's Bags, also, Dealers in Brushes, Woodenware, &c., &c.,
309 Liberty St., Head of Smithfield St.

AIKEN & CO.
SLATE
DEALERS AND ROOFERS
OFFICE AND YARD,
Cor. Liberty and Eleventh Sts.
Opposite Grain Elevator,
PITTSBURGH, PA.
Sole agents for the celebrated Chapman Slate.

JOHN M'CULLOUGH
WHOLESALE DEALER IN
Old Monongahela and Pure Rye
WHISKIES,
FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC WINES AND LIQUORS,
No. 127 Liberty St.,
out of Fifth avenue, near Hare's Hotel,
PITTSBURGH, PA.

DRY GOODS, TRIMMINGS. DRY GOODS, TRIMMINGS. DRY GOODS, TRIMMINGS.
1876. ESTABLISHED 23 YEARS. 1876.
TUESDAY, JUNE 6.
SPECIAL ANNOUNCEMENT
To Our Friends, Patrons and Strangers Visiting Our City.
Two of our principal buyers being in the Eastern Markets, twice last week, and having made very extensive purchases, replenished every department in the house with all the VERY LATEST and NEWEST NOVELTIES from FOREIGN and AMERICAN PRODUCTIONS. In our
DRESS GOODS AND SILK DEPARTMENTS,
An unusually fine and attractive assortment of NEW SUMMER NOVELTIES have been opened and placed on our counters. New Plaids for Summer, from lowest to finest qualities of imported goods, ranging in price from 8c per yard to $1.50; Damasse Plaids and Stripes, Camel's Hair and Cashmere Plaids, &c. And, in Silks, it has never been our pleasure to offer such an extended line of the best and most celebrated manufacture, and the very best possible value. The latest colorings for Summer promenade and street wear, from $1.00 to $2.50 per yard; and a choice line of Plaid and Striped Mourning and Fancy Silks. Black Goods Department, new and complete in all lines and grades.
ON OUR SECOND FLOOR, IN THE SUIT DEPARTMENT
We have now opened a beautiful display of Ladies' Plain, Braided and Embroidered Linen Suits, in a great variety of styles, at much less than usual prices; also, full line of Black Alpaca, Cashmere and Silk Suits, Plain and Fancy Check Silk Suits, and a full line in all sizes for Misses. Also a fine assortment of Silk and Cashmere Sacques and Sleeveless Jackets, all new styles. We have, also on this floor, Ladies' and Misses' Muslin Underwear, Skirts, White Goods of every description, Ready-Made Clothing, Boots, Shoes, Gaiters, Slippers, Curtain Nets and Laces, Trunks, Satchels, &c., at our usual bargain prices. Securing some special bargains for
OUR DOMESTIC AND HOUSEKEEPING GOODS DEPARTMENT,
We are now offering large lines of New, Fresh Goods, at lower prices than have been known for many years. A special bargain is offered in a lot of Satin-finish Table Napkins, slightly imperfect at $1.00 per dozen. Best makes of Calicos at 4½, 5 and 6½c. Brown Sheetings at 4½, 5, 6½, 7 and 8c, and extra bargains in Bleached Shirtings, in old and best known makes, lower than ever; also, good bargains in Cheviot Shirtings, Ticks, Checks, Loom Linens, Table Damasks, Towels and Towellings, Quilts, Marseilles Quilts, Linen Lap Rugs, &c. We are receiving daily in our Ladies' and Gents'
FURNISHING AND FANCY GOODS DEPARTMENT,
All the very newest and latest novelties. New Hats and Bonnets, New Flowers, Feathers and Tips. New Ribbons in all widths, and a beautiful new line of Plain and Plaid Sash Ribbons at lowest prices; Ladies' Linen Sets, Gloves, Hosiery, Handkerchiefs, Neckwear, Corsets, Panniers, &c. Large assortment of new Silk Parasols and San Umbrellas, at low prices. Special attention is directed to our line of Gents' Fine White Dress Shirts, a new line of which has just been received at special low prices.
Every Department Replenished with New Goods at Popular Prices.
Our "LADIES' JOURNAL" for June, with list of goods and prices, Latest Fashion Plates, and interesting reading matter, the finest number yet issued, mailed, postage paid, free to any address.
WILLIAM SEMPLE'S,
NOS. 165, 167 & 169 FEDERAL ST., ALLEGHENY CITY, PA.

Remnants Remnants SILK Remnants Remnants
On Thursday, June 1,
We will offer on our
Silk Counter,
AT
Much Less Than Real Value,
A LARGE LOT OF
Plain Colored, Black and White and Colored Stripe and
CHECK SILKS.
Choice and desirable goods, in quantities ranging from 1 to 15 yards. Many good bargains are offered in this lot of Silk. Our line of
Plain Colored Dress Silks
Is kept up full and complete in all the desirable shades of Seal Brown, Myrtle, Prune, Dark Steel and Slate, Smoke Navy Blue, &c. We also offer a choice assortment of
Black Grenadines
In Plain, Barred, Striped and Brocade Patterns.
VELVET STRIPED HERNANIS,
Black, Navy Blue and Myrtle. All the newest patterns in
Black & Colored Brocade Silks.
Black Velvets, Plain, Barred and Striped, all at the lowest prices.
Black Gros Grain and Taffetta Dress Silks, most reliable makes, wear guaranteed.
Thin Taffeta Silks for lining Grenadines, from 90c per yard up.
New Goods in every Department.
JOS. HORNE & CO.,
197 and 199
PENN AVE.

INSURANCE.
ÆTNA INSURANCE CO.
INCORPORATED 1819.
Charter Perpetual. Capital, $3,000,000. Losses Paid in 55 years, $14,500,000.
JANUARY 1, 1876.
ASSETS.
(At Market Value.)

Cash on hand and in bank	$ 588,559 74
Cash in hands of agents and in transit	436,501 63
Real Estate	365,000 00
Mortgage bonds	1,418,060 00
Bank and Trust Company stocks	1,330,150 00
Railroad Stocks	579,686 00
Loans on bond and mortgage	81,500 00
Loans on collaterals	13,727 00
United States, State and city stock and other securities	1,969,465 61
Total	$6,792,649 98

LIABILITIES.

Claims not due and unadjusted	$ 246,385 50

S. S. CARRIER, AGENT,
59 Fourth Avenue.
WESTERN INSURANCE CO. OF PITTSBURGH. Incorporated March, 1849.
CAPITAL $225,000.
FIRE AND MARINE INSURANCE.
Losses Promptly Adjusted and Paid.
Office First National Bank Building, corner of Fifth avenue and Wood street.
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Wm. S. Evans,	John Wilson,
Philip Reymer,	John B. Jackson,
H. Sellers McKee,	

ALEX. NIMICK, President.
WM. P. HERBERT, Secretary.
GEO. NEELD, Agent and Surveyor.
PENNSYLVANIA INSURANCE CO. OF PITTSBURGH.
Office, No. 8 SIXTH AVENUE, Bank of Commerce Building.
This is a Home Company, offering good security to the insured. Risks taken at reasonable rates and losses promptly settled and paid.
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Jacob Painter,	J. S. Reymer.
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C. YEAGER, President. L. WALTER, Vice President.
W. W. PATRICK, Treasurer. THOS. D. KELLER, Secretary.
ALLEGHENY INSURANCE CO. OF PITTSBURGH.
OFFICE, NO. 67 FOURTH AVENUE.
Insures against all kinds of Fire and Marine Risks.
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C. C. DONNELL, Secretary.
CAPT. WM. JEAN, General Agent.
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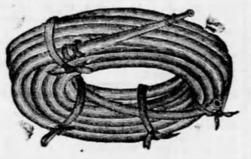
Harvey Childs,	Hugh S. Fleming,
Charles Hays,	James S. McCord,
Capt. Wm. Jean,	T. H. Nevin,
B. L. Fahnestock	John F. Robinson.

Delaware Mutual Safety Insurance Co., OF PHILADELPHIA.
Incorporated 1835. Established in Pittsburgh 1847
Assets Nov. 1, 1874, over $2,000,000.
P. A. MADEIRA, Agent,
Company's Building,
No. 68 FOURTH AVENUE.

PROFESSIONAL.
JOHN FITZSIMMONS,
ALDERMAN,
Ex-Officio Justice of the Peace and Police Magistrate,
Office—No. 95 CARSON STREET, PITTSBURGH, (S. S.)
SAMUEL M'MASTERS,
Alderman,
EX-OFFICIO JUSTICE OF THE PEACE AND POLICE MAGISTRATE,
NO. 100 GRANT STREET,
OFFICE, OPPOSITE THE CATHEDRAL.
$100 INVESTED HAS PAID A PROFIT OF $1,700
during the past few months, under our improved system of operating in STOCKS. Book containing full information sent on application. TUMBRIDGE & CO., Bankers and Brokers, 92 Broadway, New York. d78

ENGINES, BOILERS, &c.
FORT PITT
Boiler, Stilland Tank Works.
D. W. C. Carroll & Co.
MANUFACTURERS OF
Tubular, Double-flued Tubular, Fire Box and Cylinder Steam Boilers,
Oil Stills and Oil Tanks,
Chimneys, Breeching and Ash Pans,
Settling Pans, Salt Pans and Condensers,
Steam Pipes, Gasometers and Iron Bridges,
Prison Doors and Coal Shutes.
OFFICE AND WAREHOUSE:
Corner Second, Third, Short and Liberty Streets,
Pittsburgh, Pa.
Orders sent to the above address will be promptly attended to.

O'Hara Boiler Works
N. SNYDER & CO.,
MANUFACTURERS OF
Steam Boilers,
OIL TANKS,
Stills, Agitators, Salt Pans
Gasometers, Settling Pans,
PRISON DOORS, CHIMNEYS,
BRICHEN FIRE BEDS, &c
Cor. Second Av. and Liberty St.,
PITTSBURGH, PA
Repairing done promptly. Orders sent to the above address will be promptly attended to.

HOSE, COUPLINGS, &c.
HYDRANTS HOSE,

HOSE PIPES
AND
Couplings,
Bailey, Farrell & Co.
167 SMITHFIELD ST.,
PITTSBURGH.

MILLER, FORSE & CO.,
Late Miller & Ricketson,
WHOLESALE DEALERS IN
OLD MONONGAHELA RYE WHISKIES,
IMPORTERS OF
Fine Wines, Brandies, Ales, Cigars, &c.
211 LIBERTY STREET, PITTSBURGH

REMOVALS.
REMOVAL.
Niemann & Ahlers, Merchant Tailors
And Dealers in Gentlemen's Furnishing Goods,
Have removed to No. 101 SMITHFIELD STREET
third door from Fifth avenue, Howard Block.
REMOVAL.
CAYWOOD & LEWIS,
General Produce Commission Merchants,
Have removed to 335 LIBERTY STREET, Pittsburgh, Pa. Agents for TWIN BROS. YEAST.
REMOVAL.
Watt, Lang & Co.,
WHOLESALE GROCERS,
FLOUR DEALERS
HAVE REMOVED TO
331 LIBERTY STREET.
REMOVAL.
THE CLOTHING AND
Merchant Tailoring House
OF
URLING, FOLLANSBEE & CO.
Has been Removed to
No. 42 Fifth Avenue,
Between Wood and Market Sts.
In opening our NEW ROOMS we offer to our friends and the public the largest and most complete stock of Goods ever displayed in our city. Patrons of our house will believe us when we say we are determined to keep our prices as low as any house in the country. In our removal, we have reduced our rent and other expenses, at the same time having better facilities for doing business. Our efforts are to keep the best quality of Goods to be sold at the very lowest prices. Our
Ready-Made Clothing Departments
Are complete with all the latest styles of CHILDREN'S, BOYS' AND MEN'S CLOTHING of the best fabrics and finest workmanship. In the
Merchant Tailoring Department
We have a large and varied stock of FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC CLOTHS, CASSIMERES, &c., consisting of all the very latest styles.
With the well-known reputation of our Cutters, we defy competition, either in style, fit or prices of our garments.
CALL, EXAMINE AND CONVINCE YOURSELVES,
Our determination is to do business to suit the times, giving you the best quality of Goods at the very lowest prices.
URLING, FOLLANSBEE & CO.,
Merchant Tailors and Clothiers,
No. 42 Fifth avenue.

ICE.
ICE!
CHAUTAUQUA LAKE ICE CO.
Commencing May 15, 1876.
REDUCED PRICES.
PRICE LIST, 1876.

	Per week, 6 deliveries.	Per week, 7 deliveries.
10 lbs.	$ 60	$ 70
15 lbs.	90	1 00
20 lbs.	1 05	1 25
25 lbs.		1 50
30 lbs.		1 75
40 lbs.		2 00

From 40 to 100 lbs. 60c per cwt
" 100 to 500 lbs. 50c per cwt.
" 500 to 1500 lbs. 40c per cwt.
Ice for sale by the ton or load.
ICE! ICE!
ICE.
KEYSTONE ICE CO.,
NEGLEY BROTHERS & CUNNINGHAM.
GOOD ICE AND PLENTY OF IT.
Our customers are guaranteed a full supply during the entire season. Ice delivered by the pound, cwt., ton or car load, at lowest market rates. Send in or leave orders at offices, 109 Fourth avenue, or Beatty street, near Hiland avenue, East End. P. O. Box 404. c19

PLOW WORKS.
ALEX. SPEER & SONS,
SUCCESSORS TO HALL & SPEER,
Globe Plow Works,
DUQUESNE WAY,
Below Suspension Bridge, Pittsburgh
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Official Paper of Allegheny County.

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KING, REED & CO.

WEDNESDAY, JUNE 7, 1876.

PETROLEUM at Antwerp 27¾f.

BONDS at Frankfort, new 5s, 101¼.

GOLD closed in New York yesterday at 112¾.

HOW THOSE Democrats, so badly punished will slop over against BLAINE, in their investigations.

BLAINE'S triumph over KNOTT is not only admitted, but keenly enjoyed by such Democrats in Congress as have come in contact with that gentleman, to their mortification and sorrow. HILL openly gloats over it, while other Democrats think KNOTT received just what he deserved.

IF GEN. JAMES K. POLK DUFF has any idea of keeping the *Post* up to its contract he should head a subscription list for a new Democratic paper. There is no one thing brings the *Post* to time so soon. It took HOPKINS' friends just forty-eight hours to make it dance to their music. Come, JUMBUR, call time on them.

THE Chinese of California, throught he several companies, have made an appeal to the Government, in which they state their case, as against the agitation about them. They claim to have come here in response to open invitations and under treaty rights; to have been law abiding and honest, not violating the laws of the country. All the charges against them they answer *seriatim*, and make out an apparently strong case. It is a very troublesome thing, this question of Chinese immigration. The bulk of Chinese immigrants remain on the Pacific coast, and the large number aggregated there are a source of serious trouble to the people. If they were to scatter over the country we presume the number would not prove particularly objectionable.

THE *Chronicle* in noticing the candidates for Assembly remarks as follows: "It seems strange to us that stronger names were not announced for the House; but the office seems to be avoided by the very men who should go to Harrisburg, in deference to the important interests involved every year in local and general legislation." We ask our neighbor, whether the Republican members of the last House from this county did not do their whole duty, and come up to all the requirements at the hands of their constituents? They are again candidates, and if they have done their whole duty, ought they not to be re-elected? Our neighbor should not hesitate to render impartial justice, and award full credit for good service, if it hopes to see good men come out for office.

IT is rather amusing, in the light of BLAINE'S magnificent assault on his enemies, to read the mournful protestations of such papers, as professed to pity him for being put on the defensive, and thus making himself unavailable as a Presidential candidate. There was nothing defensive in his attitude before the House; on the contrary, Mr. PROCTOR KNOTT evidently believed him fearfully aggressive; and even little COX feared him sufficiently to strain the rules so far as to refuse him the floor to reply to Mr. KNOTT. Had he been allowed to reply to his weak, but malignant address, there would not have been much left of the Kentucky humorist. But no one in the House thought there was anything defensive in his manner of laying the much talked-of letters before the country.

THE uncertainties of National Nominating Conventions, as regards the selection of candidates, are amply illustrated by the record of votes by which Presidential candidates have been selected. In two instances,—PIERCE and SEYMOUR—the Democracy nominated candidates not known in the early ballotings. In many instances, in that party, those who started highest failed to receive the nomination. In the Republican party, on the contrary, the one who has started with the largest ballot has been nominated, except in one instance. In 1860 SEWARD had 173½ votes on the first ballot, to 102 for LINCOLN. On the second ballot, SEWARD had 184½ to 181 for LINCOLN. On the third ballot LINCOLN was nominated. BLAINE will undoubtedly go into Convention with over 300 votes on first ballot,—probably 325,—and the traditions of the party point to his nomination.

TILDEN, of New York, has drawn against his prospects the anger of the fates, and the war against him, within his party is as bitter as that waged against BLAINE by his rival candidates. The *Express* and *World* have been snatched from him, and predictions of failure on his part are now as freely made as they were, a few days ago, against BLAINE. He has not the mental resources of BLAINE, but, on the contrary, is absolutely childish in some of his plans. The scheme of sending out reading notices to the country press, to puff him into apparent popularity, was exceedingly transparent, and as a plan, absurd and foolish. HENDRICKS, and even SEYMOUR now looms up as having as fair showing for the nomination as TILDEN. So it is not on the Republican side alone that underhand measures are being employed to gain advantage.

WE have enough intelligence from Washington and other parts of the country to be assured that Mr. BLAINE'S course in reading the letters, over which so much plaintive curiosity has been shown by journals that support him only as he may show signs of success, is regarded a complete triumph. The closing side scene, in taking off KNOTT'S scalp added a certain dramatic closing touch to the affair, that gave it a splendid relish. Few now doubt that BLAINE will make the nomination, unless something stronger than has yet been produced can be alleged against him. We hope it is not true, as reported, that CONKLING is at work secretly, through friends, with Democrats to hold the investigation over BLAINE'S head till after the Cincinnati Convention, in order to defeat his nomination. If it should be proven true, CONKLING can never stand before the Republican party and expect its support. And the suspicion of such high handed perfidy will only strengthen BLAINE.

TWO army officers, General HUMPHREYS and Major HOWELL, are complained of by Mr. EADS, as throwing unnecessary obstructions in the way of the success of his jetty system, because of preconceived theories unfavorable to it. EADS asks the Secretary of War to restrain HOWELL, who has no connection with the work, from spreading reports to the effect that bars are forming outside of the jetties, as that officer's criticisms are making it extremely difficult for him to procure money to carry on the enterprise. He also asks that these officers who are authorized to inspect what he has done and report to the Government upon it be compelled to inform him what conclusion they have come to. He is left in ignorance of the result of their examinations while suffering from rumors which he is confident their measurements would disprove. It seems clear that the jealousy and distrust of the army officers are harassing EADS, and a man with such an enormous task on his hands should be released from all extraneous troubles. Officers criticism upon his work should be close and exacting, but it should find its way to the public only through official channels. So far as his complaints are reasonable, Mr. EADS should be protected against the jealousies of army officials.

WITH a disposition not unfriendly to Mr. KERR we must say that he and his friends pursue a very unfortunate course with reference to the charges of HARNEY. He has simply denied their truth, and his committee is now at work to break down the character of HARNEY. GREEN swears he does not think HARNEY paid the money to KERR. What does he know about it, and what is *his* character? He was turned out of the army for some crime or other. A boarding-house keeper was summoned in the hope of proving that HARNEY boarded at her place with a woman not his wife, but she utterly denied this. All these failures to cast odium on HARNEY do not go far toward relieving KERR of the very suspicious circumstance of appointing a man outside his district, and whom he confessedly did not know. What induced him to do it? Admiration, he says. We beg to suggest that persons do not usually become so sensitive over strangers without a substantial reason. His story is very thin, and not worth fighting HARNEY over. In the meantime, can it be explained why an attempt is not made to break down the reputation of witnesses against BLAINE? How different the policy in the two cases.

IF we fairly interpret the drift of many of the papers, in their remarks on the Presidential candidates, amiable nobodies are in great demand for nomination,—people without force enough of character to have done anything that any one can take exceptions to. Thus the first word that is uttered against the fair fame of any one is accepted as killing him at once, while the hunt is kept up for a person who has not decision of character sufficient to bear him out a positive man. We have no faith in this ilk. While a President thus chosen may be a perfectly honest, upright and pure man, all experience proves that his rawness and inexperience lead to gross blunders in his appointments. For it is a melancholy fact that every honest crusade is morally certain to include among its file leaders a regular and well-known percentage of hypocrites, who are what is vulgarly termed "on the make." In the great party organizations unreliable, unprincipled and untrustworthy men soon find their level, and for most of these the only resort is moral reform movements, or in hunting up new candidates and attaching themselves to their fortunes. The long and glorious career of the Republican party has given it a strong and well organized frame work and experienced leaders. It is only when the latter are ignored and set aside that the public interests suffer. For our own part we think that the Republic has need of a statesman at the helm. We protest against nobodies and genteel availabilities. Let us put the distinctive tenets and measures of our party in the forefront of the battle, and leave the country decide upon them. But in doing this we need not abandon our strong characters men, even should it prove they made a mistake once in their lives.

THE NOMINATIONS.

The Republican party of Allegheny county has again presented to the people its list of candidates for the various offices to be filled, and is in position to be judged, as to the suitableness of the selections. Hon. RUSSELL ERRETT has been nominated Representative in Congress for the Twenty-second District. The fear that a lack of harmony would develop in the nominating convention, by which he was selected, was not realized. At one time, owing to an error on the part of the Chairman, in selecting a committee on contested seats, wholly from the friends of Mr. ERRETT, a bolt of NEGLEY delegates was imminent, but General NEGLEY rose at the moment, and urged his friends to stay, and should Mr. ERRETT be nominated, to support him and be loyal to the party. This happy course on the part of General NEGLEY prevented the bolt, the Chairman in the meantime forming a new committee composed of three ERRETT and two NEGLEY men. This was recognized as fair, and all feeling subsided. In the ballot which followed the full organization of the convention, ERRETT received 84 and NEGLEY 48 votes. We do not think it necessary to refer to a citizen so well known as Mr. ERRETT in lengthy or laudatory terms. He is thoroughly known to the people of the District, and will make a careful, able, pains-taking and honest Representative in Congress.

In the Twenty-third District Colonel THOMAS M. BAYNE was nominated by acclamation. We are glad to learn that the rumors of an independent Republican candidate being put up, in the event of his nomination are not likely to be realized. There is good sense in the sober second thought that has led to this determination, as the party in Allegheny is positive in its purpose not to support any independent movement this year. Two years ago we definitely predicted that the only result that could attend the independent movement would be the election of a Democrat, —and it so resulted. This year, our people do not incline to operations of that kind. Besides, Colonel BAYNE is a gentleman o more than average ability, an active worker and a popular candidate.

The State Senatorial nominations will, we think, prove eminently satisfactory. Of the old Senators, Messrs. NEWMYER and MCNEILL were nominated by acclamation, a compliment amply deserved by both. They have each filled a short term in the Senate in a thoroughly satisfactory manner. Quiet, careful, discriminating, both have served their constituents ably and well, and will be returned by good majorities. JOSEPH M. GAZZAM was also nominated by acclamation in the Forty-third District, Mr. ANDERSON withdrawing. He is a gentleman of fine qualities, refined, sensible and agreeable, a lawyer of liberal education, and a gentleman in every sense of the term. In the remaining District, JOHN GILFILLAN, of Upper St. Clair, was nominated. A man of such excellent qualities is he, that there will be no doubt of his success at the polls, and his honesty and usefulness in the Senate.

In the Legislative Conventions, the First District complimented two of its most deserving representatives by an uncontested nomination. Messrs. LONG and GRAHAM have served their constituents so admirably for two terms past, that they were not given the trouble to seek a second nomination, but were accepted by general consent as clearly entitled to be returned to their places in the House. A higher or more expressive compliment could not have been bestowed. The third candidate in that District, Mr. WALKER is well spoken of. In the Second District Messrs. FRAZIER and FLYNN were nominated, and are good men. In the Third District no nominations were made. The Fourth District Convention was well supplied with candidates, from among whom JOSEPH MITCHELL, S. B. MCELROY, J. MARTIN SCHAFER, and ADAM WEAVER were selected,—altogether a good ticket. W. H. MCGILL and JOSEPH A. STONE were selected to represent the Fifth District on the ticket. In the Sixth Wm. HILL and VINCENT MILLER were nominated. Both are represented as staunch Republicans, and gentlemen who have filled local offices in their neighborhood in a manner that indicates they will make good representatives.

In the county offices, our present Prothonotary, B. F. KENNEDY, Esq., was nominated for another term,—a popular selection. Mr. KENNEDY has been a faithful and efficient officer, and richly deserves the compliment bestowed upon him. Besides, he will give strength to the ticket, by reason of his personal popularity. He is a genial gentleman, a prompt and thorough-going official, accommodating and generous, and sure to be elected by a noble majority. The most difficult and prolonged Convention was that which had the selection of Treasurer and Coroner. The first phase of the conflict turned on the election of Chairman. This over and the real struggle for the offices began. The Convention at times was quite breezy, but generally good natured. Finally, the triple contest was decided by the selection of JOSEPH THOMAS for Coroner,—a reputable man, a soldier, and a good citizen. WM. MCCALLIN was nominated for Treasurer. He is just closing his term as Coroner, and Allegheny county never had an official who filled the bill more acceptably. For Jury Commissioner MR. JOHN NOLAN was selected,—a comparatively new man, an ex-Councilman, a clever genial gentleman and a man who stands among the highest with those who know him best.

In summing up the situation, we conclude that the ticket, as a whole, is more acceptable than usual. There is little, if any element, from first to last, that is specially objectionable. We do not doubt but there are individuals, here and there, who will object to one or another of the candidates. This always happens; but the ticket, taken as a whole, is not often excelled. It is, at least, of sufficient excellence to admit of its receiving the earnest and united support of the entire Republican party. We can not afford distractions or doubts this Presidential year, and we are gratified that, as a means of removing all reason for, or temptation to, independent and distracting movements, we have a ticket so generally acceptable as that nominated yesterday. Of course there are private griefs, and, to some extent, a sense of injury, among disappointed candidates and their friends. But these, when they reflect, will admit, that the best policy, even admitting that they have reason for discontent, is to unite harmoniously for the support of the candidates. The wheel of fortune in politics often turns, and the aggrieved now, are the aggrievers at another time. Let us have full harmony and earnest work.

BROWNSVILLE, PA.

Calico War—Boat Building—Preachers' Association—The Coming Centennial Fourth—The Whisky Demon, &c.

Correspondence of the Pittsburgh Gazette.

BROWNSVILLE, PA., June 6, 1876.

Last week witnessed a sharp but very short fight on calico between two dry goods merchants. Prices declined from X to 0 in a few hours. Persons wide awake and with the ready cash, took advantage of the reduction, and the two "Kilkenny" venders retired the worse for the battle.

Our old friend, J. S. Pringle, is still engaged in building boats. The J. N. Snowden, the new packet, will be ready for business in a few weeks.

The preachers of the different denominations in Brownsville and Bridgeport have formed an association that no doubt will be productive of much good. Denominational lines are ignored and they meet and mingle as Christians.

Arrangements are being made for a grand celebration of the Fourth of July.

The whisky demon again comes to the front, and that too under the sanction of law. Our Judge and associates are certainly prostituting the sanctity of their office to political ends. Democratic Reform. What does it mean?

Blaine leads in the Presidential race with our people here. R.

Grace and Her Rector.

Mr. H. C. Potter, rector of Grace, is expected home from his foreign tour, and announces that he will not take the usual summer vacation. During his absence Grace has witnessed the most distinguished wedding which has occurred within its walls since President Tyler and Miss Gardner were married there a third of a century ago. This will gratify Mr. Potter, for it will show that fashion has not utterly abandoned its former resort. Grace, however, has seen its best days, and Mr. Potter is compelled to minister to it in its decline. For thirty years it was the spot where Sunday fashion reigned. To have a pew in Grace was almost enough to give one rank, and, therefore, an effort was made to keep the church exclusive. The music, service, and preaching were all conducted in the most fashionable manner, while Brown, the sexton, was the most stylish of his profession. Potter is well adapted to such a spot. He is of fine personal appearance, with a subdued countenance, and with a melodious drawl in his voice which harmonizes admirably with the character of the place. All that we can think in such a scene is style, and the names on the pew doors suggest the creme de la creme. Such at least was its palmy condition, but now its friends mourn a decline, not in piety, for to that it never made a claim, but in fashion, which is flitting to Trinity Chapel.

A Rhode Island Spider as an Architect.

Since Monday last, on Swinburne, Peckham & Co.'s wharf, a very small spider has been raising from the ground to the roof of a shed, a flint pebble twenty times as large as himself, and up to Saturday evening it had reached a height of about five feet from the ground. It is doing it a web as skilfully and systematically as could be done by the most skillful human hand. Two and a half feet higher will place the stone on the roof, from which the insect commenced its labor.

A Horrid Creature

"If there is anybody under the canister of heaven that I have in utter excresence," says Mrs. Partington, "it is the slanderer going about like a boy constructor, circulating his calomel upon honest folks."

Pittsburgh Bank for Savings,
NO. 61 FOURTH AVENUE,
PITTSBURGH.

Board of Managers—George A. Berry, President, John Scott, Jas. Park, Jr., Vice Presidents, A. Bradley, J. L. Graham, A. S. Bell, Wm. K. Nimick, John S. Dilworth, F. Rahm, G. Follansbee, Robert U. Schmertz,
Secretary and Treasurer—CHAS. G. MIBNOR.
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Centennial Visitors,
FROM
ALL NATIONS,
Universally use S. T.
Babbitt's Best Soap.

CARPETS, OIL CLOTHS, &c.
CARPETS.
OIL CLOTHS,
MATTINGS,
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AT LOWEST PRICES.
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CARPETS.
CALDWELL'S NEW BUILDING.

CARPETS.
There are Three Reasons Why Everybody Should Buy from
M'FARLAND, COLLINS & CO.,
NO. 101 FIFTH AVENUE.
1st—Our sales room being on Second Floor, our expenses are less than any other house of the same class.
2d—We buy everything from Manufacturers, so that our customers have but one profit to pay.
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NEW
SPRING PATTERNS
JUST OPENED.
Next to U. S. Custom House and Postoffice.

CEMENT—200 BBLS. LOUISVILLE 1200 bbls. Roseedale, for sale by
J. B. CANFIELD,
116 Water street.

YOU AND I.

If you were a little bird,
And I a waving spray,
Merry, merry would we be
All the summer's day!
You singing happy lays,
In the sunlight sweet,
While lovingly I curled my leaves
Around your darling feet.

If you were a buttercup,
And I a roving bee,
Sweetest drops you'd have in store,
Garnered up for me.
And I'd have you near me, dear—
Even though far apart;
For I would feed on honey-dew
From your dainty heart.

If you were a running brook,
And I a tall, green sedge,
Loving things I'd whisper you,
Leaning o'er the edge;
And I know you'd hear them, dear,
Though you couldn't stay,
For little brooks stop in their beds,
Yet—always run away!

But you're my baby dear!
Nothing you could be
Would be half so precious, dear,
As you are to me.
Birdies fly—brooks run dry—
Flowers fade and fall;
But you'd be with me always, dear,
And that's the best of all.

—*Christian Union.*

Whence a Railroad Empire is Ruled.

The Commodore formerly lived over on the east side of town, near the ship yards, but when he sold out his vessels and became a railroad man, he moved to his present home, which is convenient to that interest. His first wife was a member of the Reform Church on the east side, but at their removal joined the Washington square congregation, and in it she remained till her death, Eight years ago. When the Commodore moved into the house that he now lives in, he was little past fifty, and was worth about a million. Almost all his financial greatness has been attained in this old-fashioned house and the adjacent office. The latter has no sign. It is simply a dwelling house, the upper part of which is occupied by a tenant, while the front and rear parlors are devoted to business purposes. A few pictures adorn the walls, being chiefly of those ships that give him his first notoriety. The front room is under the care of an old bookkeeper, who attends to general duties; the rear room is the Commodore's private office.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

STEP IN AND SEE
THE
Handsomest Assortment
OF
Spring Goods
IN THE CITY.
Henry Smith & Sons,
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Flower Seeds
The Best in the City.
Trees, Grape Vines, Plants,
A great stock, unsurpassed in quality and price.
SEED POTATOES.
The finest new varieties ever introduced. 1,000,000 Flowering and Bedding Plants. 18 Beautiful Plants for $1.10.
BUQUETS, CUT FLOWERS,
At short notice, in any quantity, surpassed by none.
BIRDS, GOLD FISH, &c.
J. O. Slemmons, J. F. Grimes,
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Proprietors of the celebrated Knox Farm Greenhouses and Nurseries. 637-MWF

HOLMAN'S
Fever and Ague and Liver Pad
CURES WITHOUT MEDICINE, SIMPLY BY ABSORPTION.
The Best Liver Regulator in the World.

TRADE MARK.
The only true cure for and preventive of malaria in all its forms: *Liver Complaint, Jaundice, Dyspepsia, Delirium, Yellow Fever, Sea-Sickness, Neuralgia, Rheumatism, Ague, Headaches, &c., &c.*
None genuine without the Trade Mark and Signature of the Inventor on the wrapper.
Ask your druggist for it. For Certificates, read little blue book, *Enemy in the Air.*
WM. F. KIDDER & CO., Sole Proprietors,
No. 83 John Street, N. Y.
MWF-8

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BOXES
MADE TO ORDER. ALL KINDS OF
BILL STUFF
ON HAND AND CUT TO ORDER.
WEATHERBOARDING, FLOORING, &c.
G. W. DITHRIDGE & CO.,
29th and Liberty Streets.
1099

DUFF & CAMPBELL,
MANUFACTURERS OF
Window Glass
And dealers in French and Enameled Glass. As we keep in our warehouse a first-class Cutter, we are prepared to fill all orders from a single light upwards, on short notice. We select the best Sheet Glass to fill orders at our warehouse, 110 WATER STREET, between Wood and Smithfield.

JAMES LITTELL,
Senior Member of the Firm of
LITTELL & MECHLING,
WHOLESALE LIQUOR DEALER
NO. 237 LIBERTY AND 244 PENN STREETS.

Enameled
WROUGHT IRON PIPE,
FOR GAS, WATER, SEWERAGE, SOIL PIPE, &c.,
MANUFACTURED BY
National Tube Works Co.,
Guaranteed against the effect of water, air or earth, singly or combined.
JAS. W. BATCHELOR, Agent,
COR. THIRD AVE. AND WOOD STREET.

ABDIEL McCLURE & CO.'S
BROOM FACTORY
AND
Paper Warehouse,
NO. 309 LIBERTY STREET,
Flour Sacks and Grocer's Bags, also, Dealers in Brushes, Woodenware, &c., &c.,
309 Liberty St., Head of Smithfield St.

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DEALERS AND ROOFERS
OFFICE AND YARD,
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Opposite Grain Elevator,
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Sole agents for the celebrated Chapman Slate.

JOHN M'CULLOUGH
WHOLESALE DEALER IN
Old Monongahela and Pure Rye
WHISKIES,
FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC WINES AND LIQUORS,
No. 127 Liberty St.,
out of Fifth avenue, near Hare's Hotel,
PITTSBURGH, PA.

DRY GOODS, TRIMMINGS. DRY GOODS, TRIMMINGS. DRY GOODS, TRIMMINGS.
1876. ESTABLISHED 23 YEARS. 1876.
TUESDAY, JUNE 6.
SPECIAL ANNOUNCEMENT
To Our Friends, Patrons and Strangers Visiting Our City.

Two of our principal buyers being in the Eastern Markets, twice last week, and having made very extensive purchases, replenished every department in the house with all the VERY LATEST and NEWEST NOVELTIES from FOREIGN and AMERICAN PRODUCTIONS. In our

DRESS GOODS AND SILK DEPARTMENTS,

An unusually fine and attractive assortment of NEW SUMMER NOVELTIES have been opened and placed on our counters. New Plaids for Summer, from lowest to finest qualities of imported goods, ranging in price from 8c per yard to $1.50; Damasse Plaids and Stripes, Camel's Hair and Cashmere Plaids, &c. And, in Silks, it has never been our pleasure to offer such an extended line of the best and most celebrated manufacture, and the very best possible value. The latest colorings for Summer promenade and street wear, from $1.00 to $2.50 per yard; and a choice line of Plaid and Striped Mourning and Fancy Silks. Black Goods Department, new and complete in all lines and grades.

ON OUR SECOND FLOOR, IN THE SUIT DEPARTMENT

We have now opened a beautiful display of Ladies' Plain, Braided and Embroidered Linen Suits, in a great variety of styles, at much less than usual prices; also, full line of Black Alpaca, Cashmere and Silk Suits, Plain and Fancy Check Silk Suits, and a full line in all sizes for Misses. Also a fine assortment of Silk and Cashmere Sacques and Sleeveless Jackets, all new styles. We have, also on this floor, Ladies' and Misses' Muslin Underwear, Skirts, White Goods of every description, Ready-Made Clothing, Boots, Shoes, Gaiters, Slippers, Curtain Nets and Laces, Trunks, Satchels, &c., at our usual bargain prices. Securing some special bargains for

OUR DOMESTIC AND HOUSEKEEPING GOODS DEPARTMENT,

We are now offering large lines of New, Fresh Goods, at lower prices than have been known for many years. A special bargain is offered in a lot of Satin-finish Table Napkins, slightly imperfect at $1.00 per dozen. Best makes of Calicos at 4¾, 5 and 6¼c. Brown Sheetings at 4½, 5, 6¼, 7 and 8c, and extra bargains in Bleached Shirtings, in old and best known makes, lower than ever; also, good bargains in Cheviot Shirtings, Ticks, Checks, Loom Linens, Table Damasks, Towels and Towelings, Quilts, Marseilles Quilts, Linen Lap Rugs, &c. We are receiving daily in our Ladies' and Gents'

FURNISHING AND FANCY GOODS DEPARTMENT,

All the very newest and latest novelties. New Hats and Bonnets, New Flowers, Feathers and Tips. New Ribbons in all widths, and a beautiful new line of Plain and Plaid Sash Ribbons at lowest prices; Ladies' Linen Sets, Gloves, Hosiery, Handkerchiefs, Neckwear, Corsets, Panniers, &c. Large assortment of new Silk Parasols and Sun Umbrellas, at low prices. Special attention is directed to our line of Gents' Fine White Dress Shirts, a new line of which has just been received at special low prices.

Every Department Replenished with New Goods at Popular Prices.

Our "LADIES' JOURNAL" for June, with list of goods and prices, Latest Fashion Plates, and interesting reading matter, the finest number yet issued, mailed, postage paid, free to any address.

WILLIAM SEMPLE'S,
NOS. 165, 167 & 169 FEDERAL ST., ALLEGHENY CITY, PA.

Remnants Remnants SILK Remnants Remnants
On Thursday, June 1,
We will offer on our
Silk Counter,
AT
Much Less Than Real Value,
A LARGE LOT OF
Plain Colored, Black and White and Colored Stripe and
CHECK SILKS.
Choice and desirable goods, in quantities ranging from 1 to 15 yards. Many good bargains are offered in this lot of Silk. Our line of
Plain Colored Dress Silks
Is kept up full and complete in all the desirable shades of Seal Brown, Myrtle, Prune, Dark Steel and Slate, Smoke Navy Blue, &c. We also offer a choice assortment of
Black Grenadines
In Plain, Barred, Striped and Brocade Patterns.
VELVET STRIPED HERNANIS,
Black, Navy Blue and Myrtle. All the newest patterns in
Black & Colored Brocade Silks.
Black Velvets, Plain, Barred and Striped, all at the lowest prices.
Black Dress Grain and Taffetta Dress Silks, most reliable makes, wear guaranteed.
Thin Taffeta Silks for lining Grenadines, from 90c per yard up.
New Goods in every Department.

JOS. HORNE & CO.,
197 and 199
PENN AVE.

INSURANCE.
ÆTNA
INSURANCE CO.
INCORPORATED 1819.
Charter Perpetual. Capital, $3,000,000. Losses Paid in 55 years, $44,500,000.
JANUARY 1, 1876.
ASSETS.
(At Market Value.)

Cash on hand and in bank	$ 588,559 74
Cash in hands of agents and in transit	436,501 63
Real Estate	365,000 00
Mortgage bonds	1,418,060 00
Bank and Trust Company stocks	1,330,150 00
Railroad Stocks	579,686 00
Loans on bond and mortgage	81,500 00
Loans on collaterals	13,727 00
United States, State and city stock and other securities	1,909,465 61
Total	$6,792,649 98

LIABILITIES.

Claims not due and unadjusted	$ 246,385 50

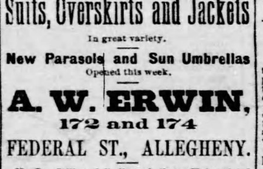
PROFESSIONAL.
JOHN FITZSIMMONS,
ALDERMAN,
Ex-Officio Justice of the Peace and Police Magistrate,
Office—No. 90 CARSON STREET,
PITTSBURGH, (S. S.
SAMUEL M'MASTERS,
Alderman,
EX-OFFICIO JUSTICE OF THE PEACE AND POLICE MAGISTRATE,
NO. 400 GRANT STREET,
OFFICE, OPPOSITE THE CATHEDRAL.
$100 INVESTED HAS PAID A PROFIT OF $1,700
uring the past few months, under our improved stem of operating in STOCKS. Book containing information sent on application. TUNBRIDGE ., Bankers and Brokers, 92 Broadway, New 4248

1876 MAY 1876
27.
Still Better Value
IN
EVERY DEPARTMENT.
Our Stock has been largely increased this week by large purchases made at the recent Auction Sales in New York.
Many Goods at prices that were never heard of before.
There never was a better time to secure bargains in Dry Goods than now.
Goods will not likely continue long at the present low prices.
Our trade is very active, our stock larger and our facilities for giving our customers the best possible value for their money is not surpassed by any house in this Country.
DRESS GOODS!

New Dress Goods at	8 and 10 cents
New Dress Goods at	12½ and 15 cents
New Dress Goods at	20 and 25 cents
New Dress Goods at	31 and 35 cents
New Dress Goods at	37½ and 50 cents

The best assortment of medium priced Goods we ever offered.
Suits, Overskirts and Jackets
In great variety.
New Parasols and Sun Umbrellas
Opened this week.
A. W. ERWIN,
172 and 174
FEDERAL ST., ALLEGHENY.
N. B.—Still a full line of those Unlaundried Shirts on hand at our popular price of one dollar each, at which price we have already sold nearly 2,000 of them.

ENGINES, BOILERS, &c.
FORT PITT
Boiler, Stilland Tank Works.
D. W. C. Carroll & Co.
MANUFACTURERS OF
Tubular, Double-flued Tubiar, Fire Box and Cylinder Steam Boilers,
Oil Stills and Oil Tanks,
Chimneys, Breeching and Ash Pans,
Settling Pans, Salt Pans and Condensers,
Steam Pipes, Gasometers and Iron Bridges.
Prison Doors and Coal Shutes.
OFFICE AND WAREHOUSE:
Corner Second, Third, Short and Liberty Streets,
Pittsburgh, Pa.
Orders sent to the above address will be promptly attended to.
O'Hara Boiler Works
N. SNYDER & CO.,
MANUFACTURERS OF
Steam Boilers,
OIL TANKS,
Stills, Agitators, Salt Pans, Gasometers, Settling Pans,
PRISON DOORS, CHIMNEYS,
BRICHEN FIRE BEDS, &c
Cor. Second Av. and Liberty St.,
PITTSBURGH, PA.
Repairing done promptly. Orders sent to the above address will be promptly attended to.

HOSE, COUPLINGS, &c.
HYDRANTS HOSE,

HOSE PIPES
AND
Couplings,
Bailey, Farrell & Co.
167 SMITHFIELD ST.,
PITTSBURGH.
MILLER, FORSE & CO.,
Late Miller & Ricketson,
WHOLESALE DEALERS IN
OLD MONONGAHELA RYE WHISKIES,
IMPORTERS OF
Fine Wines, Brandies, Ales, Cigars, &c.
211 LIBERTY STREET,
PITTSBURGH

REMOVALS.
REMOVAL.
Niemann & Ahlers, Merchant Tailors
And Dealers in Gentlemen's Furnishing Goods,
Have removed to No. 101 SMITHFIELD STREET third door from Fifth avenue, Howard Block.
REMOVAL.
CAYWOOD & LEWIS,
General Produce Commission Merchants,
Have removed to 335 LIBERTY STREET, Pittsburgh, Pa. Agents for TWIN BROS. YEAST.
REMOVAL.
Watt, Lang & Co.,
WHOLESALE GROCERS,
FLOUR DEALERS
HAVE REMOVED TO
331 LIBERTY STREET.
REMOVAL.
THE CLOTHING AND
Merchant Tailoring House
OF
URLING, FOLLANSBEE & CO.
Has been Removed to
No. 42 Fifth Avenue,
Between Wood and Market Sts.
In opening our NEW ROOMS we offer to our friends and the public the largest and most complete stock of Goods ever displayed in our city. Patrons of our house will believe us when we say we are determined to keep our prices as low as any house in the country. In our removal, we have reduced our rent and other expenses, at the same time having better facilities for doing business. Our efforts are to keep the best quality of Goods to be sold at the very lowest prices. Our
Ready-Made Clothing Departments
Are complete with all the latest styles of CHILDREN'S, BOYS' AND MEN'S CLOTHING of the best fabrics and finest workmanship. In the
Merchant Tailoring Department
We have a large and varied stock of FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC CLOTHS, CASSIMERES, &c., consisting of all the very latest styles.
With the well-known reputation of our Cutters, we defy competition, either in style, fit or prices of our garments.
CALL, EXAMINE AND CONVINCE YOURSELVES,
Our determination is to do business to suit the times, giving you the best quality of Goods at the very lowest prices.
URLING, FOLLANSBEE & CO.,
Merchant Tailors and Clothiers,
No. 42 Fifth avenue.

ICE.
ICE!
CHAUTAUQUA LAKE ICE CO.
Commencing May 15, 1876.
REDUCED PRICES.
PRICE LIST, 1876.

	Per week, 6 deliveries.	Per week, 7 deliveries.
10 lbs.	60	70
15 lbs.	90	1 00
20 lbs.	1 05	1 25
25 lbs.		1 50
30 lbs.		1 75
40 lbs.		2 00
From 40 to 100 lbs.		60c per cwt
" 100 to 300 lbs.		50c per cwt.
" 300 to 1500 lbs.		40c per cwt.

Ice for sale by the ton or load.
ICE! ICE!
ICE.
KEYSTONE ICE CO.,
NEGLEY BROTHERS & CUNNINGHAM.
GOOD ICE AND PLENTY OF IT.
Our customers are guaranteed a full supply during the entire season. Ice delivered by the pound, cwt., ton or car load, at lowest market rates. Send to or leave orders at offices, 109 Fourth avenue, or Beatty street, near Hiland avenue, East End. P. O. Box 404. e19
PLOW WORKS.
ALEX. SPEER & SONS,
SUCCESSORS TO HALL & SPEER,
Globe Plow Works,
DUQUESNE WAY,
Below Suspension Bridge, Pittsburgh
Plows, Cultivators, Road Scoops, Shovel Moulds Road and Grading Plows.
Keystone Nut and Bolt Works.
F. M. HASLETT & CO.,
MANUFACTURERS OF
PLOW, CARRIAGE
And Machine Bolts, &c.
OFFICE AND WORKS,
Corner Main and Cherry Sts., Allegheny.

PATENTS.
PATENTS.
JOHNSTON & DONN
ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW,
AND
Solicitors for American and Foreign Patents,
Offices, No. 16 Sixth street, Pittsburgh, Pa., and corner of F and 8th Sts., Washington, D. C. JOHNSTON & DONN make examinations as to the patentability of inventions; give opinions as to value of Patents; prosecute infringements and defend Patents. Established 1859.
QUEEN OLIVES—PINTS AND QUARTS—Crosse & Blackwell's and Gordon & Dillon's also, Mottett's Olive Oil, pints and quarts, received and for sale by
JNO. A. RENSHAW & CO.,
Corner Lib rty and 9th streets.
CIDER—25 BBLS. CHOICE REFINED CIDER just received and for sale by
J. B. CANFIELD,
116 Water street.

CHINA, GLASSWARE, &c.
Best Bargains
EVER OFFERED IN PITTSBURGH.
In order to reduce stock and make room for new importations, will sell for
THIRTY DAYS,
At the following
LOW PRICES.
Best Stone China Tea Sets, 46 pieces, $4.00.
Best Stone China Dinner Sets, 101 pieces, $15.00.
Best Stone China Chamber Sets, $3.75.
Decorated China Tea Sets, 44 pieces, $8.00.
Best China Dinner Sets, $30.00.
Decorated Dinner Sets, very low.
Vase and Mantle Ornaments.
Silver and Britannia Ware.
All Reduced!
100 WOOD ST.
GEO. H. GARBER.
FRENCH GLASS SHADES!
For covering Wax Flowers, Clocks, Stuffed Birds, Goods in Show Windows, &c. Extra heavy Shades for Cemetery use.
W. C. ARMOR,
No. 16 Sixth Street, near Suspension Bridge
STOVES, RANGES, GRATES
New Improvements
FOR THE
FIERY FURNACE.

THE
AGITATING GRATE
(LARKIN'S PATENT.)
The Most Powerful, Simple and Effective Grate in the World.
The FIERY FURNACE is adapted for Churches, School Houses and all kinds of public and private buildings.
MANUFACTURED BY
GRAFF, HUGUS & CO.
Who are also the Manufacturers of the IMPROVED DOUBLE-OVEN

FINANCIAL.

SHOE AND LEATHER BANK

Cor. Diamond and Wood Streets,

In Germania Bank Building,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

CAPITAL, ... $200,000

D. R. DAVIDSON, President,
JOHN D. FRASER, Cashier.

Deposits received and 6 per cent. interest allowed on Time Deposits. Particular attention given to collections and proceeds promptly remitted.

FINANCIAL.

Latest Advices Concerning Money and Stock Matters.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, WEDNESDAY, June 7, 1876.

Two opposing influences were at work yesterday upon business affairs. The many conventions attracted from the usual routine of business many who generally are actively at work promoting their business welfare, while on the other hand the coolness of the weather promoted increased business activity. The day was rather better than usual, but not materially so. There is, therefore, nothing new to be added by way of variety to what has already been said in this column in respect to the financial and commercial situations, which continue unchanged and quiet. The banks continue well supplied with funds, and there is no doubt would willingly increase their loans to the right parties if the proper kind of security was presented. The offerings of first-class paper are very light and bankers are by no means disposed to venture upon investments or loans of any character, but those affording the most undoubted security. Paper presenting the above qualifications can be readily placed at low rates. Nearly all the discounting, however, was done in the usual routine way and at regular rates.

Seldom Brothers, Bankers, No. 78 Fourth avenue, furnish the following quotations of bonds and stocks from the latest advices by telegraph:

U. S. 6's of 1881, coupon.....122½ | U. S. 10-40's, coupon.....117¾
U. S. 6's 1881, coup 123¼ 10-10's.....
" 1865.....115¾ | Currency 6's.....124½
" 1865 N'v'y.....120¾ | New 5 per cents.....
5-20's 1867.....122 | 10-40's coupons.....113¾

GOLD.

N. Y. Central.....109½ | Ohio & Mississippi..17¾
Erie.....14¾ | Union Pacific.....59
L. S.....97¾ | Toledo & Wabash..24
C. C. & I. C.....97¾ | Harlem.....127
St. Paul.....29¾ | Adams Express.....108
Do. Pref.....63 | American Express...63
Michigan Southern..85¾ | U. S. Express.....74½
Do. Central.....47¾ | W. Fargo & Co. Ex 80
Northwestern Com..87¾ | Quicksilver.....
Do. Prefer.....61½ | Fort Wayne.....102½
Rock Island.....108¾ | Hannibal & St. Jo..13½
Cleve. & Pitts.....90 | Ontario.....
Pacific Mail.....25¾ | Iron Mountain.....17
Western Union Tel. 69 |

Robinson Brothers furnish the following quotations of active stocks on the Philadelphia Stock Board:

P. R. R. (B).....52¾ Cen. Trans. (B).....47¾
Reading (S.).....41 | Emptre do.....
U. Cons. of N. J (B) 128 | A. V. R. R. 7.30(S) 101
Oil Creek & A. (S).....10¾ | Penn. R. R.....42
Lehigh Valley (B).37 | N. Pacific bonds(s)

NEW YORK, June 6, 1876.

Money closed easy at 2@3; prime mercantile paper 4@6. The customs receipts were $235,066. The Assistant Treasurer disbursed $49,000. The clearings were $15,000,000. Sterling was firm; sixty days' 487¾, and three days' 489¾. Gold opened and closed at 112⅜, with sales in the interim at 112⅜. The borrowing rates were 1@3 per annum, and 1-64 per diem. Loans were also made this morning on call at 2 per cent. and firm, with a fractional advance in some cases. Railroad bonds were firm. State securities were quiet. Stocks opened strong and prices advanced, and for a few moments the market had the appearance of buoyancy. Western Union advancing to 70¾. Subsequently a general depression set in, which carried down prices ¼ to 1⅞ per cent., the greatest decline being in St. Paul preferred, Lake Shore, Western Union and Pacific Mail. At the close the general prices of the day were generally current, the decline from the opening prices being ¼ to 2¾ per cent., the latter Missouri Pacific. The transactions aggregated 123,000 shares, of which 17,000 were Pacific Mail, 31,000 Western Union, 16,000 St. Paul, 6,700 Erie, 27,600 Lake Shore, and 4,000 Ohios.

*Government*s.—United States coupons of 1881, 123¾; 5-20s of '65, 115¾; do '65 new, 118¾; do of '67, 122; do of '68, 122¾; 10-40s, 117¾; do, coupons, 113¾; new 5s, 117¼; currency 6s, 124⅝.

State Bonds.—Tennessee old, 44½; do. new, 42¾; Virginia new, 30; do. old, 30; Missouri sixes, 106⅜.

Stocks.—Western Union Telegraph Company, 68⅜; Quicksilver, 15; do preferred, 20; Pacific Mail, 25⅜; Mariposa, 6; do preferred, 64; Adams Express, 108½; Wells, Fargo & Company's Express, 90½; American Express, 63; United States Express, 74½; New York Central, 109¾; Erie, 14⅜; do preferred, 19; Harlem, 127; do preferred, 133; Michigan Central, 87⅜; Panama, 26; Union Pacific, 59; Lake Shore, 89¼; Illinois Central, 97; Cleveland & Pittsburgh, 92⅝; Northwestern Common, 40⅝; do preferred, 60½; C. C. C. & I., 47⅜; New Jersey Central, 70; Rock Island, 106¾; St. Paul, 29¾; do. preferred, 66⅜; Toledo & Wabash, 24½; do. preferred, 37; Fort Wayne, 102; Terre Haute, 10; do. preferred, 40; Chicago & Alton, 95¾; do. preferred, 107; Ohio & Mississippi, 16¾; Delaware & Lackawanna, 107½; Atlantic & Pacific Telegraph Company, 15; Missouri Pacific, 9¾; Atlantic & Pacific preferred, 102¼; Indiana Central, 4; Burlington & Quincy, 116⅝; Hannibal & St. Joe, 13¾; Central Pacific bonds, 109¾; Union Pacific bonds, 109; Pacific Land Grant, 99¾; Union Pacific Sinking Fund, 84¾.

LONDON, June 6.—The amount of bullion gone into the Bank of England on balance to-day was £137,000. Consols money, 93 7-16; account, 93 13-16; 5-20s of '65, 104¾; do. of '67, 110; 10-40s, 105¼; do new 5s, 105¾; New York Central, 99; Erie, 13; do preferred, 19.

PARIS, June 6.—Rentes, 106f 27½c.

FRANKFORT, June 6.—United States bonds, new 5s, 101¾.

COMMERCIAL.

Condition of the Markets at Home and Abroad.

PITTSBURGH MARKETS.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, TUESDAY, June 6, 1876.

There is nothing new to report in connection with the leading merchandise markets. General business continues dull, and while there has been no important change in values since the date of our last report, the tendency of almost everything is downward.

APPLES—Green Apples in fair supply and light demand. Selling in a small way at $1@5 ₱ bbl for good to choice fruit. New crop will probably make their appearance soon—perhaps before the supply of old is exhausted.

BEANS—The market continues very dull; selling in a jobbing way, at 90c@$ ₱ bushel.

BUTTER—The market continues dull, but unchanged; prime to choice, 17@18c; medium to good, 15@16c; common, 12@13c.

CHEESE—There is a fair trade, but no change in prices. Prime new Ohio Factory, 8@9c to the trade, and in a jobbing way, 9@9½c.

DRIED FRUIT—Continues very dull, and not withstanding the supply is light, it is in excess of the demand; the demand which at best is of a limited light all this year, is almost down to nothing, and there is scarcely enough doing to establish prices. Peaches halves nominal at 11@12c; peeled, 14@15c. Apples, 8@9c, according to quality. Black-berries, 9@10c.

EGGS—Continue dull, and while the supply is only fair, it appears to be in excess of the demand; sales to-day at 12½@13c.

FLOUR—The market is easy in tone but unchanged in price. We quote: Spring wheat fancy, $5.25@5.75; red winters, $5.50@7; white do, $7.25@7.50; patent process and fancy white wheat, $8.50@9.50. Rye Flour, $4.75@5.

GROCERIES—Trade continues dull, and the leading articles are devoid of any new or important features to which reference has not previously been made in these columns.

SUGARS.

Carolina	7 @7½	Louisiana	6¼@6¾

LUMPS.

Cut Loaf	12 @	Standard B	10¼@
Crushed	11¾@	Standard Ex C	10 @
Granulated	11 @	Ref. Yellow	8¾@ 9¾
Pulverized	11 @	N. O. new crop	8¾@ 9
Standard A	10¾@		

SYRUPS.

Choice	65 @70	Fair	55 @58
Prime	60 @65	Dark	45 @50

MOLASSES.

N. O. Choice	65	N. O. strictly prime	62
Fair	60	Demara	50@55

TEAS.

Young Hyson	45@1 00	Japan	40@
Gunpowder	60@1 10	Oolong	40@55
Imperial	40@ 90	Souchong	35@75

COFFEES.

Fancy Rio	23¾@	A Rio (in pkgs)	27
Prime Rio	22½@	B Rio (some)	26¾
Good Rio	20½@2 ½	Roasted Java	33
Old Gov Java	38		

GRAIN—There is no improvement to report in the grain business, and it is not likely that there will be for some time to come. Wheat is not much inquired for, but with a limited supply and light offerings, prices here are not much lower; we quote, in the absence of sales, at $1.24@1.32 for fair to prime red. The Oat market continues very quiet and dull, but prices remain as last quoted, 36@38, for mixed to white. Corn is also very dull and lower; we have reports of sales of car lots of good sound mixed Indiana shelled at 50@52c on track. Far Corn, on wharf and track, 52@53. Rye quiet and nominal at 75@80c.

HAY—The market continues very dull, and with increased receipts and a light demand prices are weak and lower. Baled is quoted, on wharf and track, at $16@17 ₱ ton for No. 1 timothy; No. 2, $14 @15. Loose, from country wagons, $11@18, as to quality and condition.

MILL FEED—Continues very dull, and prices are weak and drooping; Bran, on wharf and track, $14@15; Seconds and Shorts, $14@16; Middlings, $18@ 20; Chopped Feed, $20@22 ₱ ton, as to quality.

POTATOES—Sales of old crop at 35@40c ₱ bu, and market dull.

POULTRY—Live Chickens selling, by the coop, at 55@60c ₱ pair.

PROVISIONS—As will be seen, we have again reduced our quotations; at current rates there should be an increased demand, though business will naturally hold off until there is a stronger evidence that hard pan has been reached. Following are the current rates:

Hams—Ex S C ₱ lb	—	Mess Pork ₱ bbl	$20.00
Do. Canvassed	13¾	Short Cut do	20 00
Shoulders Ex S. C.	9¾	Lard, prime leaf, ics 12	
Do. Canvassed	9¾	Lard, Ref for sum-	
B'fast Bacon S. C.	—	mer use—in tres	13
Do. Canvassed	14	Do. ——¼ bbls	13½
Dried beef Ex S. C.	—	Do. ——½ bbls	14
Do. Canvassed	14½	Do. 3 lb caddies	15¾
Beef Tongues S. C.	6½	Do. 5 lb do	15
per doz	6½	Do. 3 lb pails	15¾
Bacon Shoulders	8¾	Do. 5 lb do	15¾
Short Rib Sides	10¾	Do. 10 lb do	15¾
Clear Sides	12	Ham Sausage	—

BAGS—Steady at 2@ ₱ lb for good country mixed. SEEDS—There is little or nothing doing in Seeds, hence we don't quote.

TALLOW—Lower at 7¼ asked ₱ lb for country rendered, and 8¾ asked for choice city rendered.

PITTSBURGH PETROLEUM MARKET.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, TUESDAY, June 6, 1876.

The Crude market was easy, and prices as compared with yesterday were lower; United certificates, $2; Union, 108¾; Consolt, $2.01¼; ont 10 lines, 1,97½; immediate shipment, $2.25. Refined firmer, but without quotable change; New York, 14¾@14¾; Philadelphia delivery, 14¾c; on cars here, 11c. It is worthy of notice that small sales of 5 and 10 bbl lots are being made to the home trade at 11c, whereas it is worth that by $60 and 1,000 bbl lots on cars at works to go east.

The Iron City is getting a low ready, and will depart for Huntington with some 1,500 bbls, which goes to Richmond.

Oil Barrels quiet and unchanged at $1.10 for countries, and $1.20 for city make.

RECEIPTS CRUDE OIL VIA. A. V. R. R.

Shipper.	Consignee.	Bbls.
N. W. Stevenson	Central o w	3,164
J. Bushnell	Model o w	483
W. H. McKelvy	Central O Co	483
G. M. Robinson	Penn o w	161
S. Craig	Brilliant o w	80
G. M. Robinson	Empire o w	80
S. Craig	Citizens o w	80
Total		4,421

MARKETS BY TELEGRAPH.

Chicago.

CHICAGO, May 6, 1876.

FLOUR—Quiet; common to choice winter extras $4.25@6; good to fancy family grades $5.25@6.25; Minnesota $5@6.25.

GRAIN—Wheat unsettled; No. 2 Chicago spring $1.04¾ spot; $1.03¾@1.05¾ June; closed at $1.04 June; $1.04¾ July; No. 3 spring not rejected $1.02@1.02½. No. 2 red winter $1.14¾ spot; 14¾@14¾c June; rejected 2½@2½c. Oats quiet; No. 2 29¾ spot; 29¾c July. Rye in good demand and prices a shade higher; 70@70½c. Barley firm at 55c.

PROVISIONS—Pork unsettled but generally lower at $17.95@18.00 spot; $18@18.02½ July; $18.75@ 18.77½ August; has sold at $17.95 August. Lard unsettled, but generally higher; $10.55@10.60 spot; $10.6 July; $10.75@10.77½ August. Bulk meats firm; shoulders 6½, 9¼@9¾c.

WHISKY—Firm and unchanged.

On Call Board wheat was lower; $1.02¾ June; $1.04¾ July. Corn steady. Oats easier; 29c cash; 29½c July. Pork easier; $18.22½ August. Lard higher; $10.67½@10.70 July; $10.80 August.

New York.

NEW YORK, June 6.—Flour: receipts 10,000 barrels; moderate demand; shipping grades held steady; medium heavy; No. 3 $3@3.50; superfine western and State $4.00@4.40; good to choice $5.15 @6.65; white wheat extra $6.70@7.75; extra Ohio $6.90@7.80; St. Louis $5.10@9. Rye flour steady at $4.75@5.20. Corn meal more active; western $2.90@3.25. Wheat receipts 154,000 bush; less active; 1@1½ higher; No. 2 spring nominal $1.10 @1.26; Iowa spring old $1.14@1.15. Rye scarce and firm; State 96@97c; western 87c; Canada in bond 96@97c. Barley. Malt steady, with fair demand. Corn: receipts 112,000 bush; choice a trifle better; low grades a moderate business; western mixed 1@1½ lower; sealed 56c; black mixed no grade 50c. Oats firmer; receipts 43,000 bush; mixed western and State 32½@34c; white western do 36@40c. Hay 80@90c. Hops quiet and unchanged. Groceries firm and unchanged. Petroleum dull; crude 9½c; refined 14½c; casks 15½c. Tallow steady at 8c. Rosins steady at $1.70@1.80. Turpentine dull at 39c. Eggs steady; western 10@12c. Pork dull at $18.75@18.90. Beef quiet and unchanged. Lard heavier; middle quiet at 10½c; city 10c bid. Lard dull, closing heavy; prime steam $10.97½@11c. Butter firm; western new 13@17c. Cheese firm at 4@11¾c. Whisky quiet and steady at $1.11.

Philadelphia.

PHILADELPHIA, June 6.—Flour firm; extra $4@4.25; Wisconsin and Minnesota extra family $5.25@6.85. Corn firm, yellow 58c; mixed 56c. Wheat: Pennsylvania red $1.40@1.45; amber $1.45 @1.48; white $1.40@1.50. Rye 84@85c. Hay firm at 80c. Oats dull; mixed 35c. Petroleum firm; refined 14@14½c; crude 10¼c. Whisky active; western finished $1.05; free $1.08. Provisions firm; country extra 22@23c; fires 20@ 21c; western extra 18@20c; firsts 16@17c. Cheese firm at 10¾@11¾c. Eggs steady at 11@12c.

Foreign.

LONDON, June 6.—Petroleum: refined 10½@ 10¾d.

ANTWERP, June 6.—Refined petroleum 27¾f.

LIVERPOOL, June 6.—The Cotton Exchange was closed. Receipts of wheat for three days 18,000 qrs, including 7,000 American. Spot wheat active; wheat average 10s@10s 2d; Club 10s 2d@10s 6d; red spring No. 2 10s 3d@10s 4d; No. 1 10s 6d@10s 9d; No. 2 10s 4d@10s 10d. Lard 50s; Cheese 62s. Barley 34s. Peas 36s@36½s. Refined petroleum 10½@11¼d; spirits 8d.

Cincinnati.

CINCINNATI, July 6.—Cotton quiet at 11¼c. Flour firm and unchanged. Wheat lower at 99@ 1.23. Corn steady at 41c. Oats firm at 28@33c. Rye quiet and unchanged. Pork steady at $18.00@ 18.50. Lard steady; steam 10¾c; kettle 12¾@13c. Bulk meats quiet; shoulders 6c; clear rib sides 9½c; clear 9¾c. Bacon scarce and firm; shoulders 7¾c; clear rib sides; clear 10¾c. Whisky firm and unchanged. Butter firm; Western Reserve 16@18c; Central Ohio 14@16c.

Baltimore.

BALTIMORE, June 6.—Flour firm and unchanged. Wheat dull and heavy; Pennsylvania red $1.35. Corn firm at 58¼c. Oats firm; western white 37@38c; mixed 34@36c. Rye nominally 75@80c. Provisions dull. Pork nominally $20. Bulk meats: shoulders 6½c; clear rib sides 9½c. Bacon: shoulders 8@8½c; clear rib 11@11½c. Hams 12@13c. Lard: kegs and tierces 10½c; refined 10½c. Petroleum irregular; crude 8½@8½c; refined 14@ 14¾c. Whisky firm at $1.11¾.

Toledo.

TOLEDO, June 6.—Flour firm. Wheat firm; No. 2 white Wabash nominal at $1.35; No 3 do held at $1.22; No. 1 white Michigan $1.30; No. 2 $1.18; extra white do $1.25¾; seller June $1.24¾; seller July $1.24½; amber $1.27½; No. 2 red winter nominally 86½c. Corn firmer; high mixed spot and June 50¼c; seller July 50¾c; low mixed 49¾c; no grade 46c; damaged 40c. Oats firmer; No. 2 32½c; Michigan 33c.

Milwaukee.

MILWAUKEE, June 6.—Flour quiet and unchanged. Wheat opened unsettled and weak; closed lower; closed quiet; No. 1 Milwaukee $1.13½; hard $1.17½; No. 2 $1.08¾; No. 3 99c. Corn quiet; No. 3 47½c. Oats higher; No. 2 white 29½c; No. 1 do 29c. Barley firm; No. 1 72½c. Barley firm; No. 2 spring 63c; No. 3 59c.

St. Louis.

ST. LOUIS, June 6.—Cotton steady at 11¼c. Flour: very little doing. Wheat firm at $1.39. Corn steady at 43c. Oats dull at 32½c. Rye firm at 62c. Barley dull and unchanged. Whisky lower; $1.09. Pork dull at $ @19.50. Lard dull and nominal. Bulk meats quiet and unchanged. Bacon dull at 7¾, 10¾@10¾c.

Cleveland.

CLEVELAND, June 6.—Petroleum firm and quiet; standard white 110 test 11½c; prime white 190 test 12½c, in car lots.

Memphis.

MEMPHIS, June 6.—Cotton steady at 11c; sales of 800 bales; receipts 137 bales; shipments 480 bales. Others unchanged.

Louisville.

LOUISVILLE, June 6.—Cotton, flour, grain and provisions firm and unchanged. Whisky steady, in moderate demand and unchanged.

Oswego.

OSWEGO, June 6.—Wheat unchanged. Corn steady at 61c. Barley unchanged.

New Orleans.

NEW ORLEANS, June 6.—Cotton dull; tierce 12¾c; kegs 13¼c. Others unchanged.

Live Stock.

CHICAGO, June 6.—Cattle: receipts 4,500 head; shipments 1,200; market dull and a shade easier; sales mostly inferior grades; sales at $2.60@4.75 for shipping; choice at $4.15@5 00; extra a few extra at $4.75@5.00; Texans $2.62½@ 3.60; stockers $2.30@3.50; feeders $3.50@4.10. Hogs: shipments 3,300 head; market fairly active and about 5@10c higher; packing $5.75@5.80; good shipping $5.80@5.90; light $5.70@5.80; skips $4.25@ 5.50. Sheep: receipts 1,500 head; market dull; common 3@4c; sales of best at 4¾@5¼c.

BUFFALO, June 6.—Cattle: receipts 4½ head; total for week 10,421; market dull and slow; sales of 57 cars: Illinois steers $5@5.20; Michigan steers $4.70@4.90; stiff-fed $4.75; stockers $3.75@4.62½. Sheep and lambs: receipts for herd total for week 8,450; market dull; sales of only 7 cars; Ohio clipped $5@5.62½. Hogs: receipts 400 head; total for week 5,9-0; market yesterday fairly active; Yorkers $6.20@6.30; heavy $6.30@6.40; no market to-day.

ST. LOUIS, June 6.—Hogs quiet; Yorkers $5.00 @5.40; bacon $5.25@5.65; butchers $5.60@5.80. Cattle dull; good to choice steers 4½@5½c; receipts to fair 4¼@4¾c; fancy 5@5½c; cows 3½@4c; stockers 3½@4½c; feeders 4½@4¾c.

CINCINNATI, June 6.—Hogs steady; common to good light $5@5.40; fair to good heavy $5.85@6.00; a few extras $6.25.

INDIANAPOLIS, June 6.—Hogs unchanged; receipts 700.

Dry Goods.

NEW YORK, June 6.—Cotton goods were quiet in agents' hands, except bleached shirtings, which were in fair request and steady. Prints ruled firm; fancy prints were in improved demand, and shirting styles fairly active. Dress goods and shawls were quiet and heavy. Commission merchants and converters were in moderate request by clothiers. Black grenadines are jobbing fairly.

SCRAP IRON, &c.

W. J. HAMMOND.

DEALER IN

WROUGHT AND CAST IRON,

Wrought Turnings, Cast Turnings, Old Railroad Locomotive Tire, Old Car and Driving Wheels, Old Boilers,

Brass, Copper, Lead and Zinc,

W. J. Hammond,

Cor. Eleventh and Duquesne Way, Pittsburgh, Pa.

FINANCIAL

AMERICAN BANK,

Iron Bank Block,

corner Sixth avenue and Wood street,

PITTSBURGH.

CASH CAPITAL.....$200,000

Stockholders Individually Liable.

BANK OF DEPOSIT AND DISCOUNT.

JOHN FLOYD, President. WM. FLOYD, Cashier.

DIRECTORS.

Thos. M. Marshall, James Moogrove, James McKnight, Charles B. Leech, John M. Murtland, Archibald Wallace, James D. Kelly, Wm. Floyd, John Floyd.

Collections made on all points in the United States and Canadas. Prompt attention paid to correspondents. feb0:lyd

CENTRAL BANK,

No. 47 FIFTH AVENUE,

PITTSBURGH.

CAPITAL.....$100,000

Incorporated by Legislature.

Bank of Discount and Deposit.

INTEREST ALLOWED ON TIME DEPOSITS.

Collections made on all the principal cities of the United States and Canadas.

DIRECTORS.

Thomas Fawcett, James H. Hopkins, James Brown, Madison Bailey, George Bingham, Paul E. Hacker, THOMAS FAWCETT, President, MADISON BAILEY, Vice President, M. HUNNINGS, Cashier, D. W. C. Carroll, Julius Adair, J. H. Walter, J. H. Dennison, Abram Hayes, James Wilson.

FRANKLIN SAVINGS BANK,

OF ALLEGHENY,

No. 171 Federal Street.

CAPITAL, $200,000.

DISCOUNT EVERY DAY.

Stockholders Individually Liable

Six per cent. interest allowed on Time Deposits.

GEO. R. RIDDLE, President, J. W. HALL, Vice President. D. Masterson, R. H. Knox, B. W. Cartwright, JAS. H. RIDDLE, Cashier.

Allegheny National Bank,

OF PITTSBURGH.

No. 33 Fifth Avenue.

CAPITAL STOCK, $500,000.

J. W. COOK, President.

R. W. MACKEY, Vice President.

W. McCANDLESS, Cashier.

N. Holmes & Sons,

BANKERS,

No. 57 Market Street,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

Collections made on all the principal points of the United States and Canada.

Stocks, Bonds and Other Securities Bought and Sold on Commission.

Particular attention paid to the purchase and sale of

United States Securities.

STEEL WORKS.

LABELLE STEEL WORKS.

Smith, Sutton & Co.,

SUCCESSORS TO

REITER, SUTTON & CO.,

Manufacturers of all kinds of

STEEL

ALSO,

Springs, Axles, Rake Teeth, &c.

OFFICE AND WORKS,

Ridge, Lightbill and Belmont Streets, and Ohio River,

ALLEGHENY.

Postoffice address, PITTSBURGH, PA.

PITTSBURGH STEEL WORKS.

ESTABLISHED IN 1845.

ANDERSON & WOODS,

Manufacturers of

Best Refined Cast Steel,

Of every description; also

Best Refined German Plow and Spring Steel.

CORNER ROSS STREET and FIRST AVENUE, Pittsburgh, Pa.

SHEFFIELD STEEL WORKS.

SINGER, NIMICK & CO.,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

Manufacturers of every description of

Cast and German Steel,

Steel Fire Box and Boiler Plate, Elliptic and Platform Springs, Axles, Steel Tire, &c., &c,

WAREHOUSE—83 Water street and 100 First Ave

Black Diamond Steel Works.

PARK, BRO. & CO.

Manufacturers of all descriptions of

STEEL.

Office and Warehouse—30th, 31st and Railroad streets. Pittsburgh.

CRESCENT STEEL WORKS.

Miller, Metcalf & Parkin,

OFFICE, NO. 389 LIBERTY STREET

PITTSBURGH, PA.

RIVER NEWS.

State of the Rivers, Movements of Steamboats, &c.

THE stage of water last evening was 3 feet 8 inches, and rising slowly. Cloudy and cool. No improvement to note in business, and there is no question but freights for all points are scarce.

THE wharfage receipts at Cincinnati last week amounted to $246.78.

THE tow-boat John Means is loading ore below St. Louis for the Ohio river.

THE Tom Rees left Cincinnati on Saturday night, with a tow of empty barges.

THE Carrie Brooks, for Zanesville, and Ezchange, for Portsmouth, departed.

THE Arlington reshipped at Cincinnati, and will lay by there until there is more water.

MAYSVILLE collected $75 wharfage during May, and Portsmouth collected $148 in the same month.

THE Iron City will probably get off to-day for Huntington with some 3,000 bbls oil, destined for Richmond, Va.

WE regret to announce that Major Morris Dorsey, an old and well known steamboat clerk, is very ill with typhoid pneumonia, at Wheeling.

ACCORDING to the new law, all steamboats have to have a special permit for carrying pig-iron, in addition to their regular inspection certificate.

CAPT. HART, of the H. S. Turner, who was here for some days, left up his lines and trip left for Cincinnati last night on the limited mail.

THE Whale, St. Louis to Pittsburgh, passed Cincinnati on Sunday, with 1,600 tons ore and 200 tons miscellaneous freight. Pilots—Holland and Alexander.

THE D. T. Lane sunk one barge of coal and grounded another at Gallipolis Bar at 3 o'clock on Monday morning. Both boats and the coal can probably be saved.

THE C. K. Peck, in consequence of the rise in the river, has changed her time for St. Louis until Thursday. Capt. Williams says he always feels at home when here.

THE Key West left for Yankton Thursday last on her second trip this season. She had a full load of freight and a large number of passengers, who were mostly from the Black Hills.

MORE than 70,000 bales of cotton have been shipped southward from Memphis during the past season, more than double the quantity that went south the previous commercial year.

THE Sam Brown has gone to Sardis to bring up six empty barges dropped there by the Lioness on Saturday. The Lioness dropped her barges in order to take the Jim Brown in tow, the Brown having broke a shaft.

AN Evansville telegram under date of Sunday says: The Ironsides only cracked a boiler, and did not burn it. She is repaired, and goes to Irish Bigmeie's bar for her tow of 5 barges and two boats, containing 1,400 tons of old iron rails.

A Memphis dispatch, under date of Sunday, says: The Jo R. Williams was down yesterday after lighters, and a light draft steamer will be needed to make her stand—a 2 ft 6 in draft—which are badly stuck. Only two of them are stove in. The rest may be set afloat by being partly unloaded.

CAPT. HALLIDAY, the well known Marine and Insurance Company was decided in favor of the defendant Saturday. It was an action to recover $5,000 insurance on the female figure which sank near Shawneetown in July, 1873. The defense was that the contract of insurance had been changed from a steamer to the rig.

MR. J. R. STEELMAN, clerk of the Era No. 9, was taken suddenly ill on Saturday and was removed to the Marine Hospital, Cincinnati, where he died the same night at 11:30 o'clock. He was hale and hearty a few hours before his death, which was very sudden. He was 35 years of age, single and, and leaves a wife residing in Little Rock, Ark.

THE steward of the Exchange, against whom there were suspicions of complicity in the drowning of the second steward of that boat, her last trip but a hearing yesterday, but as there was no evidence to have it go to sustain him sometime, he was honorably discharged. There is little doubt that the unfortunate party fell overboard while intoxicated.

THE remains of the late Capt. D. G. Fowler are buried among the hills at Cloverport, Breckinridge county, Kentucky. Near him lie several steamers Captains, prominent in their day. Among those are Barrett Eaton, Capt. Harper, Capt. of the Ridleman, the first steamboat that ever landed at Nashville; J. W. Hunt, J. W. Moss, Willie Fowler, Nat. Dyer and J. W. Thomas.

THE Dubuque *Herald*, of Friday, says: City Attorney Wilson has brought suit in favor of the city against the Keokuk & Northern Line Packet Company and Thomas Redmond & Co., for wharfage arrearages. The former suit was instituted in the Circuit Court, because of the amount in controversy being so large. The latter in justice of the Peace, where all subsequent suits will be brought as the wharfages accrue.

SMITH & SHEPLER,

CELEBRATED

Feed Water Boiler Washer.

PATENTED FEBRUARY 29, 1876.

This Improved Heater and Washer has been approved by the National Board of Supervising Inspectors, and is now in use on the U. S. Mail, by practical Engineers on the steamboats Whale, Rowena, Seven Sons, Maggie Smith, Iroquois and others.

J. B. SHERRIFF & SON,

Manufacturers,

68 Water street, Pittsburgh, Pa.

RIVER PACKETS.

For Evansville, Cairo and St. Louis.

THURSDAY, June 8—4 P. M.

THE VERY LIGHT DRAUGHT STEAMER

C. K. PECK,

JOHN A. WILLIAMS.....CAPTAIN

Will leave as announced above.

For freight or passage apply on board or to FAIRMAN & HENDERSON, Agents.

For Cincinnati and Louisville.

EVERY WEDNESDAY—AT 3 P. M.

THE NEW AND SPLENDID PASSENGER STEAMER

EMMA GRAHAM.

J. T. RUSSELL.....Master
N. BARNHARDT.....Clerk

Will leave as announced.

For freight or passage apply on board or to J. P. JACKSON, Agent.

GEO. H. GIBBERT, Jr., and A. & G. PATTESON, Agts

SPECIAL—The Emma Graham will take her departure for Cincinnati at 3 P. M., on Wednesday, positively. J. T. RUSSELL, Master.

For Wheeling, Marietta, Parkersburg, Ironton, Portsmouth and Cincinnati.

EVERY TUESDAY—3 P. M.

THE FINE PASSENGER STEAMER,

EXCHANGE.

JAS. M. KIRKER.....Master
W. A. & L. L. MADDY.....Clerks

Will leave as announced above.

For Freight or Passage apply on board, or to N. J. C. NEEMES, Agent.

Regular Ironton and Pittsburgh Weekly Packet.

Leaves Ironton every Thursday.
Leaves Pittsburgh every Monday at 4 P. M.

THE NEW AND LIGHT DRAUGHT SALT VALLEY.

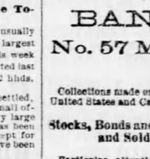
SAM. DeWOLF.....Master
JNO. KIRKER & CHAS. M. BUCHANAN, Clerks

Passengers by the "Salt Valley" with through Tickets, will be transferred to the R. R. Packets and arrive at Cincinnati Thursday morning.

Freights and passage rates as low as the lowest. For freight or passage apply on board, or to GEO. R. GHEST, J. D. COLLINGWOOD, or S. R. & W. J. PATTERSON, Wharfboat, foot of Wood street.

STEAMSHIPS.

CONSULATE.



European Exchange, Collection and Steamship Office, No. 163 Smithfield street.

MAX SCHAMBERG, Consul and Notary.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

PROFESSIONAL NOTICE.

Drs. Jordan and Davieson

Principals of the Institution of Anatomy, 807 Chestnut street, Philadelphia, Lecturers on Anatomy, Physiology and Science, inform their friends and patients that they have again opened a branch office for the practice of their profession at No. 2 EIGHTH STREET, PITTSBURGH, PA., where one of the firm may be confidentially consulted, more especially in all those cases of diseases and debility, for the treatment of which they are so justly celebrated. It is too well known that hundreds, nay thousands of our fellow citizens fall a result of indiscretion and seek in vain for relief, for none but the educated physician who has made these subjects a specialty is likely to succeed in restoring the patient to health and strength. To all such Drs. Jordan and Davieson offer certain and speedy relief, and undertake no cases unless they are sure to be able to guarantee a safe, certain and permanent cure. Their important Medical Work may be had from their office, No. 2 Eighth street, on receipt of 25 cents, and also as usual from their head establishment, 1625 Filbert street, Philadelphia. Hours of consultation from 10 A. M. to 2 P. M., and 5 P. M. to 8 P. M., Sundays from 10 A. M. to 2 P. M. Every case is strictly confidential. d48

KEYSTONE DISPENSARY,

No. 302 Penn street, Pittsburgh, Pa., a special institution, having a full corps of physicians for the reliable and successful treatment of Private and Urinary diseases, Spermatorrhœa, Seminal Weakness, Impotence, etc. Everybody should read TRUE MARRIAGE GUIDE, 144 pages; illustrated; cloth and gilt binding; about wonders of reproductive system, marriage, proper age and condition, marriage impediments, causes and consequences. Price 50 cents. Address as above, or call DR. WHITTIER.

PRIVATE DISEASES.—OFFICE 194 PENN STREET, next door to the St. Clair Hotel. For the cure of all diseases of a private nature in from two to four days, by an entirely new and safe treatment. Also, seminal weakness, impotency and all other diseases of the genital organs, and their prevention. A cure warranted or money refunded. Has Diploma from the office, and is a regular physician of 20 years standing in this city, and has cured over 10,000 cases.

For Circulars and Book, 10c., address DOCTOR W., 194 Penn street, Pittsburgh, Pa.

Office hours from 8 A. M. to 5 P. M. Sundays attended.

PAVING.

JOSEPH McNAUGHER.....SAM'L McNAUGHER.

PAVING.

We are prepared to pave, repave or repair streets, alleys, walks and yards with stone, brick or flags, furnishing and setting curbstones at lowest prices to justify good work.

We will furnish contractors and others with curbstones, cut or rough. Orders promptly attended to. Address

McNAUGHER & CO.,

322 Federal street, Allegheny City.

Office hours 11 to 1 and 4 to 6 P. M.

BOTTLED CRAB CIDER—DU BOIS County Fire Crab Cider put up expressly for table and quart bottles, for sale by the dozen or single bottle at the Family Grocery Store of JNO. A. RENSHAW & CO., Corner Liberty and 9th streets.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

PROPOSALS FOR FURNISHING STATIONERY, paper and fuel for the several Departments of the State Government, and for the distribution of Pamphlet Laws, and School Reports, School laws and Decisions.

In compliance with the provisions of section twelve, article three of the Constitution of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania and of an act of the General Assembly, entitled "An act to carry out the provisions of section twelve, article three, of the Constitution, relative to contracts for supplies for the Legislature and the various departments of the State Government," approved the 16th day of March, A. D. 1874, and of the supplement thereto, approved the 4th day of May, A. D. 1876, I hereby invite sealed proposals, at prices below maximum rates herein fixed, for contract to furnish stationery, paper and fuel to the several departments of the State Government for the year ending the first Monday in June, A. D. 1877, and for furnishing lumber and making 160 boxes of various sizes for shipment to prothonotaries of the courts of common pleas of the several counties of the State of 5,000 copies of Pamphlet Laws for the year 1876; also, for packing said Pamphlet Laws and hooping the boxes with hoop iron, and for the delivery of the same to the prothonotaries of the courts of common pleas, as aforesaid.

I also invite sealed proposals, at prices below maximum rates herein fixed, for contracts for furnishing lumber and making 225 boxes for shipment to county, city and township superintendents of common schools, school reports, school laws and decisions, and forms for use of directors, teachers, &c.; also for the folding and packing of said reports, laws and forms, marking the box or and hooping them with hoop-iron, and for their delivery to

DAILY GAZETTE: WEDNESDAY MORNING, JUNE 7, 1876.

FINANCIAL.

SHOE AND LEATHER BANK

Cor. Diamond and Wood Streets,

In Germania Bank Building,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

CAPITAL, - - - - - - $200,000

D. R. DAVIDSON, President,
JOHN D. FRASER, Cashier.

Deposits received and 5 per cent. interest allowed on Time Deposits. Particular attention given to Collections and proceeds promptly remitted.

FINANCIAL.

Latest Advices Concerning Money and Stock Matters.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, WEDNESDAY, June 7, 1876.

Two opposing influences were at work yesterday upon business affairs. The many conventions attracted from the usual routine of business many who generally are actively at work promoting their business welfare, while on the other hand the coolness of the weather promoted increased business activity. The day was rather better than usual, but not materially so. There is, therefore, nothing new to be added by way of variety to what has already been said in this column in respect to the financial and commercial situations, which continue unchanged and quiet. The banks continue well supplied with funds, and there is no doubt would willingly increase their loans to the right parties if the proper kind of security was presented. Paper of first-class paper are very light and bankers are by no means disposed to venture upon investments or loans of any character, but those affording the most undoubted security. Paper presenting the above qualifications can be readily placed at low rates. Nearly all the discounting, however, was done in the usual routine way and at regular rates.

Robinson Brothers, Bankers, No. 78 Fourth avenue, make the following quotations of bonds and stocks, which are furnished by telegraph:

Gold	112¾	5-20's 1865, comp	113¾
U. S. 6's 1881, coup	118¼	Currency 6's	124½
" 1885 new	119¾	New 5 per cents	117¾
5-20's 1867	122	10-40's coupons	118¾

PAILWAYS.

N. Y. Central	109¾	Ohio & Mississippi	17¾
Erie	21¾	Toledo Pacific	34½
L. S.	97¾	Toledo & Wabash	2¾
M. S. & N. I.	87	Wabash	127
St. Paul	39¾	Adams Express	108
Do. Pref	69	American Express	63
Michigan Southern	94¾	Pacific Express	74½
Do. Central	67¾	W. Fargo & Co. Ex	50
Northwestern Com.	46¾	Quicksilver	15
Do. Preferred	60¾	Fort Wayne	135
Rock Island	106¾	Hannibal & St. Jo.	13¾
Cleve. & Pitts	92¾	Panama	135
Pacific Mail	17¾	Western Union	97
Western Union Tel.	99		

Robinson Brothers furnish the following quotations of active stocks on the Philadelphia Stock Board:

Penn. R. (B)	52½	Cen. Trans. (B)	47¾
Reading (B)	41	Empire do.	17
U. Cos. of N. J.	117	Penn. R.	7.30(5) 101
Oil Creek (B)	10¾	P. C. & St. L. 7's(B)	82
Lehigh Valley (B)	57	N. Pacific bonds (A)	—

NEW YORK, June 6.—Flour: receipts 10,000 barrels; moderate demand; shipping grades held steady; medium heavy; No. 2 $5@5.50; superfine western and State $4.00@4.40; good to choice $5.25@5.65; white wheat extra $5.70@7.75; extra Ohio $4.90@7.00; St. Louis $5.10@9. Rye flour quiet at $4.75@5.30. Corn meal more active; western $2.90@3.25. Wheat receipts 184,000 bush; less active; No. 1 spring $1.24@1.30; ungraded do $1.10 @1.26; Iowa spring old $1.14@1.15. Rye scarce and firm; State 86@87c; western 87c; Canada in bond 96@97c. Barley quiet. Malt steady, with fair demand. Corn: receipts 112,000 bush; choice a trifle better; low grades a moderate business; western mixed unchanged and steady; 56c; black mixed no grade 56c. Oats firmer; receipts 43,000 bush; mixed western 38@42c; white western 42@45c; white state 43@45c. Hay and hops quiet and unchanged. Groceries firm and unchanged. Petroleum dull; crude 8½c; refined 14½c; cases 18@21c. Tallow firm at 8¾c. Rosin firm at $1.70@1.75. Turpentine dull at 30c. Eggs steady; western 10@12c. Pork dull and lower at $18.75@18.90. Beef quiet and unchanged. Long clear western middles held at 10¾c; city do. held. Lard dull, closing heavy; prime steam $10.91½@11.00. Butter firm; western new 13@22c. Cheese firm at 4@11¾c. Whisky quiet and steady at $1.11.

Philadelphia.

PHILADELPHIA, June 6.—Flour firm; extra $4@4.15; No. 2 family $4.20@4.50; Minnesota extra $4.75@5.25; choice Corn, firm, yellow 58c; mixed 54c. Oats firmer; No. 1 white 40c; mixed 37½c. Rye firm at @1.46; white $1.40@1.50. Rye 84@85c. Hay firm at 80c. Oats dull; mixed 35c. Petroleum firm; refined 15½c; crude 10¼c. Whisky: sales of 500 bbls at $1.12. Butter firm; New York State and Strafford county extra 23@25c; fine 20@22c; western extra 20@22c; fine 18@20c. Cheese firm at 10¾@11¾c. Eggs steady at 11@13c.

Foreign.

LONDON, June 6.—Petroleum: refined 10½@ 10¾d.

ANTWERP, June 6.—Refined petroleum 27¾f.

LIVERPOOL, June 6.—The Cotton Exchange was closed. Receipts for three days 49,000 bales, including 7,000 American; California white wheat 10s 6d@10s 10d; No 2 Chicago spring 9s 5d@9s 6d; red spring No. 2 to No. 1, 8s 6d@9s 9d; winter 9s 6d@9s 10d. Lard 50½s Cheese 52½s. Bacon 56s@56½s. Refined petroleum 10¾@11¾d; spirits 8d.

Cincinnati.

CINCINNATI, July 6.—Cotton quiet at 11¼c. Flour firm and unchanged. Wheat lower at 99c@ $1.23. Corn steady at 44c. Oats firm at 25@33c. Rye quiet and unchanged. Pork steady at $18.00@ 18.50. Lard steady; steam 10¾c; kettle 12¾@13c. Bulk meats quiet; shoulders 6¾c; clear rib 8¾@9c; clear 9¾c. Bacon quiet; shoulders 8¾c; clear rib 11@11½c; clear 12½c. Hams 14½@15c. Lard 12c. Butter dull; western 13@18c. Peir.leum irregular; crude 8¾@8¾c; refined 14@ 14¾c. Whisky firm at $1.10½.

Toledo.

TOLEDO, June 6.—Flour firm. Wheat firm; No. 2 white Wabash offered at $1.35; No 3 do held at $1.22; No. 2 white Michigan $1.30; No. 2 $1.18; extra white do $1.25½; seller June $1.24¾; seller July $1.24½; amber $1.07½; No. 3 red $1.07; rejected 96c. Corn firmer; high mixed spot and June 50¾c; seller July 50¾c; low mixed 49¾c; no grades 46c; damaged 40c. Oats firmer; No. 2 32½c; Michigan 33c.

Milwaukee.

MILWAUKEE, June 6.—Flour quiet and unchanged. Wheat opened unsettled and about ¾c lower; closed quiet; No. 1 Milwaukee $1.13¾; hard $1.17¾; No. 2 $1.06¾; No. 3 86c. Corn quiet; No. 1 47¾c. Oats higher; No. 2 29½c. Rye firm; No. 1 72¾c. Barley firm; No. 2 spring 65c; No. 3 59c.

St. Louis.

ST. LOUIS, June 6.—Cotton steady at 11¼c. Flour: very little doing. Wheat firm at $1.39. Corn steady at 42c. Oats dull at 29¾c. Rye firm at 62c. Barley dull and unchanged. Whisky lower; $1.09. Pork dull at $19.50. Lard dull and nominal. Bulk meats quiet and unchanged. Bacon dull at 7¾, 10¾@10¾c.

Cleveland.

CLEVELAND, June 6.—Petroleum firm and quiet; standard white 110 test 11½c; prime white 150 test 12¾c, in car lots.

Memphis.

MEMPHIS, June 6.—Cotton steady at 11c; sales of 800 bales; receipts 127 bales; shipments 480 bales. Others unchanged.

Louisville.

LOUISVILLE, June 6.—Cotton, flour, grain and provisions firm and unchanged. Whisky steady, in moderate demand and unchanged.

Oswego.

OSWEGO, June 6.—Wheat unchanged. Corn steady at 61c. Barley unchanged.

New Orleans.

NEW ORLEANS, June 6.—Lard dull; tierce 12¾c; kegs 13¾c. Others unchanged.

Live Stock.

CHICAGO, June 6.—Cattle: receipts 4,500 head; shipments 1,220; market dull and a shade easier; no quality inferior enough to sell at $3.00@3.75 for shipping; choice at $4.15@4 50, with a few extra at $4.75@5.00; Texans $2.62½@ 3; stockers $3.35@3.90. Hogs: receipts 11,000 head; shipments 3,300 head; market fairly active and 5c lower; sales of $3.90@4.10 for light; good shipping $3.80@3.90; extra 4c; sales chiefly at $3.75. Sheep: receipts 1,500 head; market dull; common 3@4c; sales of best at 4½@4¾c.

BUFFALO, June 6.—Cattle: receipts 468 head; total for week 10,421; market dull and slow; sales of 37 cars; Illinois steers $5@5.10; Michigan steers $4.70@4.90; still-fed $4.75; stockers $3.75@4.62½; sheep and lambs; receipts 320 head; total for the week 4,400; market dull for only 7 cars; Ohio clipped $5@5.62½. Hogs: receipts 600 head; total for week 4,400; market dull; Yorkers $5.50@5.60; mixed $5.60@5.65; heavy $5.65@5.70; roughs $5.25@5.40; no market to-day.

EAST. LOUIS, June 6.—Hogs quiet; Yorkers $5.00 @5.40; bacon $5.25@5.45; butchers' $5.45@5.80. Cattle dull; good to choice steers 4½@5½c; medium to fair 4¼@4¾c; pony 3¾@4¾c; cows 3½@4c; stockers 3¾@4¾c; feeders 4½@4¾c.

CINCINNATI, June 6.—Hogs steady; common to good light $5@6; fair to good heavy $5.85@6.00; a few extras $6.25.

INDIANAPOLIS, June 6.—Hogs unchanged; receipts 700.

Dry Goods.

NEW YORK, June 6.—Cotton goods were quiet in agents' hands, except bleached shirtings, which were in fair request and steady. White ground fancy prints were in improved demand, and shirting styles fairly active. Dress goods and shawls were quiet and heavy. Cassimeres, worsteds and overcoatings were in active request by clothiers. Black grenadines are jobbing fairly.

Cotton.

NEW YORK, June 6.—Cotton: market dull at 12@12 3-16c; futures: June 11 27-32@11¾c; July 11 15-16@11 31-32c; August 12 1-32@12 1-16c; September 12@12 1-16c; October 11 27-32@11¾c.

Weekly Review of the Louisville Tobacco Market.

Our receipts and sales continue to be unusually heavy, the latter, for the week, being the largest since the summer of 1874. The receipts this week were about 2 300 hhds, or 500 more than reported last week, sales this week aggregating 2,622 hhds, or 324 more than last week.

The market for the week has been very unsettled, with irregular prices. On Monday, with small offerings, it was weak. Tuesday, with very large sales, it was stronger, and since then it has been fluctuating, and on the whole easier, except for specialities in the leaf and cutters, which have been better sustained.

The market opened tame, heavy logs and leaf selling without much animation, but with the prospect of only 185 hhds for sale to-day, the market stiffened up later somewhat on logs, which at the close were 2@5c better than they have been the last day or two. Trashy logs did not improve, and are neglected. Common to medium leaf (heavy bodied) improved somewhat also at the close.

Parties who have been absent from the breaks for six weeks, on their return to-day, find no difference in prices from what they purchased then, which was previous to the late excitement. The assortment in the offerings for the week has been excellent, comprising every variety and grade, with an excess of trashy and nondescript logs. New York and Regies have bought heavily during the week, taking the bulk in good, dry, leafy logs, and medium to good heavy leaf, with a few selections.

On Thursday the weather underwent a great and decided change, to near summer heat, and since, very heavy rains, with spells of hot, cloudy weather, which has extended over a large portion of the tobacco-growing districts, and being exactly the kind of weather for forcing vegetation, the plants have doubtless increased their vitality, and are shooting ahead rapidly. This fact has had its effect on the market within the last few days, as a continuance of such weather will make a big leave in the future, and in the next week or two, decide the result of the planting season to a great extent, and how much of a crop will probably be set out.

There is some little speculation in the market yet, but it is for the purpose of "hedging" on or reducing the average cost of previous purchases, which from present prospective rise in the mark't.

I revise quotations as the market is at the close:

	Nondescript, fry-bodied.	Cutting.
Common logs	$5 00a 5 50	$ 5 50a 6 50
Good logs	5 50a 6 00	6 00a 7 00
Common leaf	6 00a 7 00	8 00a10 00
Good leaf	7 00a 8 00	11 00a13 00
Fine leaf	8 00a 9 00	14 00a16 00
Selections		16 00a18 00

Trash or lugs for hogshead mixed, light weight, or in bad order.

Chicago Lumber Market.

At the sale docks trade was light on Saturday—the offerings being small; 3 or 4 cargoes were sold early, but after 9 o'clock little done, and at the close 2 or 3 cargoes, chiefly large ones, were unsold. Joist and scantling sold at $7.50@8.50, and common inch at $8@8.50. Lath were steady at $1.75, and shingles at $2@2 25.

The business is reported by the yard dealers, though it does not appear to be generally distributed, as some still say trade is dull. Prices are tolerably steady at the above quotations. Prices are tolerably steady for all grades of green stuff. There is some cutting, but it is probably not general.

IMPORTS BY RAILROAD.

PITTSBURGH, CINCINNATI & ST. LOUIS R. R.—10 bbls beef, Miller, F. & Co; 5 do pigment, R. W. Means; 1 case dom, Bierman, H. & Co; 2 bbls potatoes, F. & Co; 5 bbls, 16 cads tobacco, H. Dashmyer; 1 bbl whisky Johnson & Y; 5 bxs t plate, J. B. Harker & Co; 1 sett wheels, L. Gleasman; 35 doz brooms, J. H. Ormsbee & Co; 2 bdls hoops, W. Leaugee; 4 bbls glue, 2 bd s g h des, W. Fiscus & Son; 8 bgs coal, W. Barker Jr; 2 g hides, J. Gallery & Co; 1 bbl eggs, 1 tub butter, Friedly Bros & J; 7 bbls eggs, Brown, C. & Co; 3 do, Voigt, M. & Co; 4 do, J. Lacey & Co; 1 bdls ladde s, L. Charles; 10 doz t rooms, C. Atwell & Co; 1 bx h ware, J. Woodwell & Co; 10 bbls whisky, J. Rohler & Bro; 3 bbls do, J. Lenberg, 20 bbls b eer, Miller, F. & Co; 7 do b ware, Dennsler Bros; 3 bdls wood, S. Boyd & Co; 3 do h ware, C. A. Meek; 5 do sw indicators, Louchrey & C; 4 bbls f e cement, Lacock & I; 2 do, J. Regg & Co; 1 do, F. H. Falconbridge; 1 do, H. E. Scarbourough; 1 do, G. S. Fisher; 1 do, J. Diehl; 2 do h sausage, Mechlin & Mc ll; 10 tres hams, 2 do d beef, L. L. Sturmann & Co; 1 bbl do and tongues, A. B. Bindman; 2 cases w lead, C. F. Wells & Co; 3 bx lg eggs, H. J. Heinz & Bro; 17 do, 1 tub butter, Head, C. & Co; 50 tierces shoulders, W. B. Hays & Son; 1 box h ware, Crawford Mfg Co; 50 ¾ bbls beer, 165 kegs do, J. Brueggeman; 78 bxs g iron, Singer, N. & Co.

PITTSBURGH FT. WAYNE & CHICAGO R. R.—3 cars flour, T. C. Jenkins; 15 bbls spirits, P. Hamburger; 25 squares bbls fish, W. Cooper & Co; 10 bbls spirits, J. Affeld r & Bro; 60 pkgs crackers, Kramer & Co; 12 bbls hops, Hilw rth & Bro; 5 cases, Murphy, J. Archbold; 5 car flour, Rohrer & S; 1 do, wheat, Bennett & Co; 1 car hams, W. H. Myers & Co; 1 car spelter, Moorhead & Co; 5 bbls whisky, J. S. Finch; 10 bbls spirits, M. Evert; 10 do, Mill r, F. & Co; 2 cars shoulders, Rea, H. & Co; 2 cars flour, Shumaker & Co; 1 do, R. Rae; 1 car d ied, C. F. Wells & Co; 2 cars ice, Kennedy & Co; 2 cars hay, John G. Miller; 5 rolls leather, D. Chestnut & Co; 30 sks rags, J. Harrison; 1 car potatoes, W. F. Shriver; 5 bbls spirits flour, J. Allery; 4 bbls eggs, H. J. McCracken; 7 pails butter, J. H. Loh & Co; 25 sks rags, J. Benedict; 82 do, McCullough, S. & Co; 1 car lumber, F. Humphrey 1 car m feed, 1 do potatoes, Austin & Son; 1 car hay, Elwood & McC; 1 do, F. & H; 1 do lumber, A. Hays & Co; 1 do, S. B. Floyd & Co; 1 do potatoes, Voigt, M. & Co; 1 do flour, J. Wilson & Son; 9 tubs butter, 2 bbls eggs, Head, C. & Co; 100 bbls b handles, P. Duff & Son; 1 car shingles, Black & S.

ALLEGHENY VALLEY R. R. CO.—1 car lumber, B. A. Thompson; 1 do, Green & C; 1 do, Slack & S; 1 do, A. L. Shafer; 2 do, R. & H. Fulton; 1 do, E. T. S. Wks; 1 do, E. Alcott; 1 do clay, Hardison & W; 1 do, Star F. B. Co; 1 do wheat, Campbell, J. & Co; 1 do hay, O. H. Allerton; 3 do tea, Hunt L. I. Co; 1 do, Reed & Co; 3 do bark, W. Fiscus & Son; 2 do, Kiefer, S. & Co; 1 do, J. C. Lapper, 6 do bbls, Aladdin O. Co; 1 do lime, W. J. Baughman; 2 bbls 1 bbl c oil, 1 stone roller, 1 bucket, 12 tanks, 1 screen, 1 riddle, J. Scott; 1 bx sands, W. B. Hays & Son; 1 do mdse, J. C. Cluxby; 1 do, England & B; 1 bx cigars, Fullerton & Sons; 1 kg whisky, J. McDonald & Co; 1 bbl eggs, J. Wilson & Son; 2 do, Haworth & D; 1 do, A. Kirkpatrick Aladdin Oil Co; 11 carpin locks, J. H. Barrett; 2 set g wheels, W. J. Hamill; 1 do, Emery & S; 2 do, Bat l Works Co.

CLEVELAND AND PITTSBURGH R. R. CO.—1 car beer, L. Lobey & Co; 130 pcs pipe, J. Bickerts; 245 sks oats, E. B. Mahood; 166 do, J. Marshall; 23 kegs p barley, 10 bbls do, 200 kegs fish, Arnickson & Co; 3 cases cigars, J. M. Sichel & Co; 23 pk s g ware, E. D. Weyburn; 4 cks s ware, L. S. Layton; 4 do, M. W. Sargent & Co; 5 do, Barker & W; 13 bags rye, W. J. Meek; 183 sks oats, McBane & A; 126 o bbls, B. D. Moore; 50 do, G. A. W manufr; 1 do, Cuddy & Co; 130 pkgs dry goods, Jones & Co; 32 do, J. Orman; 1 car lumber, W. S. Phillips; 4 rolls leather, G. N. Hoffstott; 2 m manufactured tobacco, Cochra s & Co; 1 car, Pollard; 23 bxs scales, Fairbanks, M. & Co; 5 bxs paint, Paine, A. & Co; 11 pkgs tobacco, H Renck & Co; 10 do fish, E. M. Jenkins; 4 bbls eggs, R Ke

THE CONVENTIONS.

Republican Nominating Assemblies Yesterday.

The Proceedings Distinguished by Harmony and Smoothness—The Successful Aspirants for Congressional, Legislative and County Honors—A Friendly Contest for the Coronership.

The fourteen Republican nominating conventions—Congressional, Legislative and County—held yesterday in this city and Allegheny, transacted their business peacefully and quietly. The only assembly of delegates in which there was a tendency to boisterousness was in Convention No. 2, empowered to nominate a Treasurer, Coroner and Jury Commissioner, but the turbulence was nothing more than the manifestation of ... deep interest, and at no time ... revengeful ... tions were to ... and when it is ... for one of ... disposal had ... it was not ... excitement ... bounds. ... noon all the ... disposed of their work, but the majority ... gotten through by noon and several were in session not more than twenty-five or thirty minutes. The interest exhibited on the streets showed that the people were on the alert to ascertain whom they would be asked to support. Below is a full report of the proceedings of each convention.

CONGRESSIONAL.

Twenty-second Congressional.

The delegates elected to nominate a candidate for Congress in the 22nd District assembled at the Court House, in room No. 1 of Common Pleas Court No. 2, and were called to order at 11 o'clock by Jno. W. Biddell, Esq., temporary Chairman.

On motion of H. H. McCormick it was resolved to elect six temporary secretaries, three for each candidate.

The motion was adopted and on the part of Major Errett Mr. McCormick nominated J. D. Wilson, J. H. Miller and Henry Munroe, and Mr. Chalmers nominated on behalf of Gen. Negley, Conrad Upperman, Wm. Rosewell and Samuel Baldwin, which nominations were approved by the Convention.

The Chairman announced that the secretaries were now ready to receive the credentials of the delegates which would be presented at the desks as their respective districts were called. The call proceeded without interruption until the Third District of the Twenty-first ward was reached, when Mr. Geo. Bradley and J. H. Beckert both presented credentials, properly signed.

The chair decided that Mr. Bradley was entitled to the seat until after the Committee on Contested Seats reported to having been elected at the regular place of holding the election, while Mr. Beckert had been elected at some other place.

A protest from Jas. P. Johnston against the acception of Mr. McClurg's credentials from the second district of Twenty-fourth ward, was next read and referred to the Committee on Contested Seats, when appointed.

A communication from the Judge, and one of the inspectors of election of the second district Twety-fifth ward, setting forth that the count of the vote in that district was unfair, was read and referred to the Committee on Contested Seats.

As the vote was reported in the first district of Lower St. Clair. A contest also occurred in the first district of Mifflin township, the contestant claiming that the polls were closed three minutes before seven o'clock, and that about twenty-five votes were thus prevented from voting. Both cases were referred to the Committee on Contested Seats.

The list of districts being completed and the credentials of all the delegates presented, the Chair announced the next business in order to be the election of a permanent Chairman.

General Pearson nominated Solomon Schoyer, Esq., (Ersest), and Mr. George Chalmers nominated John D. Bailey (Negley.)

A ballot was then taken for Chairman, with the following result:

Schoyer.....43 Bailey.....43

Mr. Schoyer having received a majority of the votes was declared the choice of the Convention for permanent Chairman, and was introduced to the Convention by Mr. Biddell.

Mr. Schoyer thanked the Convention for his election to the honorable position, and hoped the delegates would aid him in his efforts to have the proceedings harmonious. He hopes that all bitterness of the contest would be dropped and that the successful candidate would receive the hearty support of the party.

On motion the temporary Secretaries were retained as the permanent Secretaries of the Convention, and Capt. A.L. and H. H McCormick, Esq., were elected Vice Presidents.

On motion of Gen. Pearson a committee of five was appointed on credentials.

The Chair announced the following named gentlemen as the committee: Gen. A. L. Pearson, Jas. Boyd, Chas. Jeremy, Jenkin Jones and R. C. Elliott.

The announcement of the committee was the occasion of an outburst of indignation from the Negley men, who claimed that common courtesy entitled them to at least a minority representation on the committee, while as the committee was now constituted Gen. Negley had not a supporter on it.

A delegate moved that the Negley men withdraw from the Convention, and matters were becoming somewhat chaotic when Gen. Negley rose to his feet in the back part of the room, and mounting a bench, said:

"I beg my friends, whose zeal and ardor I admire, to remain in the Convention. Let us do our part as men, and stand by the result of this Convention."

It was claimed by Mr. Chalmers that Mr. Aul had first moved the appointment of a Committee on Contested Seats and should have been appointed on the committee. The chairman then substituted the names of Capt. Aul and Mr. Chalmers for those of Gen. Pearson and R. C. Elliott on the committee, which had a quieting effect on the turbulent spirit previously manifested.

The chairman announced the next business in order to be the nomination of a candidate for Congress, when Mr. Bonshire presented the name of Mr. Errett, and John D. Bailey that of Negley, and a Democratic man submitted the name of "James H. Hopkins." The latter name it is unnecessary to say was omitted from the list and the Convention proceeded to a ballot.

While the vote was being taken, Mr. Elliott moved that the districts in which there were contested seats the names of the Committee on Contested Seats be not called until after the committee reported, which was adopted, and the ballot was proceeded with.

When the list had been gone over, but before the result of the vote was announced, Mr. McCormick moved that the Committee on Contested Seats be discharged, and the Negley delegates, where ever there was a contest, be admitted to seats in the Convention.

This motion was approved by the Negley men, who said they desired to hear the report of the committee.

After some discussion in which Mr. McCormick said that the fact of Mr. Negley's defeat should not be taken as evidence of any ill will or bad feelings toward him by Major Errett's friends, and it was no evidence that the General's services were not fully appreciated, and that they would not be amply rewarded at some other time, and in some other way the motion was adopted, and the names of the committee and contesting delegates called, and their votes seconded.

The Chair then announced the vote as follows:

Russell Errett.....85
Jas. S. Negley.....48

Russell Errett having received a majority of all the votes, was declared the nominee of the Convention for Congress.

On motion of John D. Baily the nomination of Mr. Errett was made unanimous.

On motion of Capt. Aul, a committee was appointed to wait upon Mr. Errett and inform him of the action of the Convention, and while the committee were absent a motion was made and adopted calling on General Negley to address the Convention. The Chairman invited the General to come forward. The General declined the invitation, but said:

"Gentlemen, I bow with respect to the will of the Convention." This announcement was received with loud and prolonged applause.

At this point the committee appointed to inform Mr. Errett of his nomination returned with that gentleman in charge. The Chair introduced him to the Convention, when he made a brief address, in substance as follows:

GENTLEMEN OF THE CONVENTION—I thank you most heartily and sincerely for this honor you have conferred upon me, and if elected I shall endeavor to discharge my duties in such a way as will show you that your confidence has not been misplaced. Our National Convention will soon meet to prepare such a platform and select such candidates as we can support; hence it would be improper in me to enter into any discussion of political principles at this time. I have entire confidence in the Republican National Convention. But there are two or three points on which I have been most foully misrepresented, and on which I should like to say something. In some parts of the county I have been represented as in favor of Chinese cheap labor, and in some places, almost represented as Chinese born. Never in my political life have I been in favor of the importation of the Chinese into this country. I have always thought the Burlingame treaty a mistake. At no time could a wholesale importation of Chinese be inaugurated with safety to this country. [Applause.] The immigration of Europeans to this country has proven a benefit to us, because they have adapted themselves to the laws and the customs of our country—they have become American citizens almost immediately. But the Chinese are incapable of assimilating with our people. They will not and cannot become a part of our people, and we cannot consent to have an isolated people living in our midst.

Mr. Errett pledged himself, if elected, to vote for the abrogation of that part of the Burlingame treaty by which China is permitted to pour her criminal classes onto our shores. He next alluded to the charge that he was an enemy to the workingmen, and said that he might very properly class himself as one of the workingmen, as he had begun life for himself when but ten years of age, and all his sympathies have always been and are now with the workingmen. In conclusion, Mr. Errett said that the slumbering fires of secession which broke out in 1860 needed but a Democratic victory to fan them into renewed life. He hoped that all would unite in the support of the ticket which was to-day nominated, and that they might unitedly march forward to another good old-fashioned victory.

Mr. Errett's remarks were received with loud applause, and at their conclusion he was warmly congratulated.

Gen. Negley was again called upon for a speech, and in response he said: I wish to thank my friends for the very warm support they have given me to-day. In this canvass I have not departed from the rule of my political career—not to abuse or assault any one who differs from me. I have had to stand such abuse in this canvass as has brought tears to the eyes of my wife and children; but that is only a personal matter. I propose to stand by the flag and the party if every man in the country assails me with abuse. [Applause.]

The General was not a little affected, but he spoke in a very clear, firm voice. His brief speech seemed to create much sympathy for him, and he was vociferously applauded at is conclusion.

The convention then adjourned.

Twenty-third Congressional.

The Allegheny Common Council chamber accommodated the delegates to the Twenty-third Congressional Convention. In pursuance of his appointment Mr. H. W. Oliver, Jr., called the assembly to order. He announced the necessity of temporary secretaries as adjuncts to the prosecution of business, and James W. Murray, Walton Woolsey and John Ogden were accordingly elected. The enrollment of the delegates was then proceeded with, and it was found that every district save Aleppo township was represented. Mr. N. G. Ayers was chosen permanent chairman, and the temporary secretaries were retained. When nominations were called for Hon. Thos. M. Bayne was by acclamation selected as the nominee of the convention. In a speech made in compliance with a demand from the delegates he said:

GENTLEMEN OF THE COMMITTEE: I feel deeply and profoundly grateful for the honor conferred upon me, and I pledge myself here and now, in the event of success, that I shall preserve my self-respect and do nothing to betray your confidence. [Applause.] I prize this nomination because I consider it a tribute, giving proof as it does of your confidence in my integrity. I appreciate the compliment of being nominated by the citizens among whom I have grown up and lived all my life. I shall do nothing but what is right, and shall endeavor to promote the welfare of the people, preserve my self-respect, and merit the confidence of my fellow-citizens. [Applause.]

At the conclusion of his speech the Convention adjourned, and the delegates went with him to Kinder Blair's for dinner.

SENATORIAL.

Forty-second Senatorial District.

This Convention met promptly at eleven o'clock at the rooms of the Young Men's Republican Club, on Federal street, Allegheny, and was rapped to order by H. H. Byram. Mr. I. N. Patterson was elected permanent Chairman, and Hon. Alfred Slack and D. D. McGonigle Secretaries. A motion to admit an additional delegate at large from the Fifth ward was ruled out of order. There was no representative present from the second district of the Third ward. After the roll had been called Mr. Hobson moved that the Convention proceed to nominate a candidate for Senator from the Forty-second district. The motion was carried and Hon. Hugh McNeill, the present representative of that district in the State Senate, was named. None other being suggested he was nominated by acclamation. In response to loud calls Mr. McNeill heartily thanked the convention for the nomination, said the honor was all the more gratifying to him to know that after three years' service, he had received a unanimous nomination for a re-election by his constituents. His remarks were greeted with great applause.

The following offered by Mr. Byram, was unanimously adopted:

Resolved, That, as citizens as well as Republican voters of the Forty-second Senatorial district, we earnestly commend to the suffrages of the people Hon. Hugh McNeill, our candidate for State Senator. In the past he has proven himself capable, efficient, honest and sincere in the discharge of all the public duties of his position, and has essentially elevated, by his words and actions, the standard of fitness for the office.

Resolved, That, in placing his name before the people for re-election he has given proof of his record, reflecting credit, as it does, upon the Republican party as well as himself, and we pledge him our unanimous, hearty and active support at the polls.

Forty-third Senatorial.

The delegates to this Convention, consisting of the First and Fifteenth wards and the Twenty-third ward, met in Common Council chamber. Fifty delegates were present, every district being represented except the Third precinct of the Fifteenth ward.

The Convention was called to order at 11 o'clock by E. S. Morrow, Esq., and Messrs. J. G. Little, W. C. Lewis and Forsaith Smith were elected temporary Secretaries.

After the districts were called, and the credentials of the delegates handed in, the election of a permanent chairman was proceeded with. Upon motion of George Perkins, Esq., M. L. Malone was elected by acclamation. Upon assuming the chair he made a short speech, returning thanks for the honor conferred upon him.

The same gentlemen who were elected temporary Secretaries were elected permanent Secretaries.

Before proceeding further with business Mr. Smith read the following letter:

PITTSBURGH, June 6, 1876.

P. F. Smith, Esq.:

MY DEAR SIR: Please request the Convention for the Senatorial nomination in the Forty-third district to consider my name as having been withdrawn from the candidacy and obige,

Yours truly,
GEO. H. ANDERSON.

After reading this Mr. Smith moved that Mr. J. M. Gazzam be nominated by acclamation. The motion was carried without dissent.

Messrs. James McCallin, W. J. Matthews and Fred Rinehart were appointed a committ to inform Mr. Gazzam of his nomination. In a few minutes they returned with the gentleman, who took the stand and returned thanks for the nomination. He said he would make no pledges, but would endeavor, if elected, to discharge his duties with fidelity. He was then greeted with hearty cheers, and after his speech the convention adjourned.

Forty-fourth Senatorial District.

The delegates elected on Saturday in the Forty-fourth Senatorial District to nominate a candidate for Senator, assembled in room No. 1 of Common Pleas Court No. 1, and was called to order at 11 o'clock by the temporary Chairman, Edward J. Allen.

On motion W. E. Thompson, Wm. Swisshelm, C. W. Lewis and J. L. Forsaith were elected temporary Secretaries.

The credentials of delegates were then called for and presented, after which a permanent organization was effected by electing Thos. S. Mitchell Chairman, and the gentlemen above named as temporary Secretaries, permanent Secretaries.

W. H. Dennison, of the Twentieth ward, nominated John C. Newmyer, who was then nominated by acclamation.

Mr. Newmyer was loudly called for, and in response made a few remarks, promising to represent his constituents as faithfully in the future, if elected, as in the past.

Forty-fifth Senatorial.

The Forty-fifth District Senatorial Convention met in Salisbury Hall, South Side. The district comprises all the wards, boroughs and townships south of the Monongahela river.

Mr. C. S. Fetterman called the Convention to order at 11 o'clock.

Messrs. Frank Barr, W. A. Herriott, James McGonnigle and James Lawson were nominated and elected temporary Secretaries.

The credentials of delegates were then presented.

The seats of the delegates from the First and Second districts of the Twenty-fifth ward, and the First and Second districts of Mifflin township, were contested. Mr. William Short, delegate from the Thirty-fifth ward, substituted Mr. Ralph White in his place. The substitution was objected to by Mr. A. C. Hays, on the ground that Mr. White was not a resident of the district he wished to represent. The matter, as well as that of the contested seats, was referred to the Committee on Credentials and Contested Seats.

The election of a permanent chairman being in order, Messrs. George Y. McKee and F. J. Gearing were placed in nomination. The roll being called Mr. Gearing received twenty-eight votes and Mr. McKee twenty-seven. The former was declared elected, and Mr. McKee was elected Vice President by acclamation.

The temporary secretaries and the reporters of the press were elected permanent secretaries.

CONTESTED SEATS.

Messrs. Wm. T. Moore, H. H. Barr, J. O'Neil, Frank Barr and Wm. Barr were appointed a Committee on Contested Seats.

Some objection was raised to this, one delegate insisting that Mr. McKee, a Gilfillan delegate, had made the motion, and by precedent should have been placed on the committee. The Chairman said that it was only by courtesy that the rule was followed, and besides, he understood that Mr. O'Neil, a Steele delegate, had made the motion. The committee, consisting of two Steele, two Holliday and one Gilfillan delegate then retired.

The committee could not have been fairer, and was generally accepted by the Convention. However, considerable confusion ensued upon its retirement, nearly every delegate leaving his seat and crowding around the door. Mr. Lawson denounced the ruling of the Chair, and objected sincerely to so much display of a "one man power." Mr. Hays (the same delegate who had wished that Mr. McKee should be placed upon the committee) agreed with Mr. Lawson, and commenced an address to the Convention, with his back to the Chair. He was called to order, and after some delay quietness was restored.

The committee was out for about an hour, and returning made a report, recommending that Mr. Mercer be admitted from the second district of the Twenty-fifth ward, and that the first district be thrown out altogether. For Mifflin township they recommended the admittance of Mr. Jas. B. Morston for the first precinct, and Mr. Thos. Harrison for the second precinct.

Mr. Hays moved that the report be laid upon the table. Motion lost after some discussion, and the report by motion adopted.

NOMINATIONS.

Nominations were next declared in order and the names of John Gilfillan, Samuel S. Steel, and George S. Holliday were presented. The first ballot resulted as follows:

Steel.....27 Gilfillan.....21
Holliday.....11

There being no choice the Convention proceeded to a second ballot:

Steel.....28 Gilfillan.....20
Holliday.....11

There still being no choice, a third ballot was taken resulting precisely as the second. It being apparent that something must be done, as it required thirty votes to nominate, Mr. Hays mounted a chair and called upon the Gilfillan men to retire to an inner room. The chairman called the meeting to order, and directed the clerks to call the roll for the fourth ballot. Mr. Hays insisted upon the Gilfillan delegates retiring, and after a little delay they did so. They were gone only three or four minutes, and after returning the fourth ballot was taken with the following result:

FOURTH BALLOT.

Steel.....20 Gilfillan.....2
Holliday.....27

Before the announcement of the result Mr. McDonald changed his vote from Gilfillan to Holliday. It becoming apparent that the Gilfillan men finding they were not strong enough to nominate their man, were going to change to Holliday, the Steel men demurred, and considerable excitement ensued. This was not abated when Chris. Magee and a number of his friends made themselves visible, and cries of "put out outsiders" were raised.

Order was restored and a fifth ballot commenced, when Mr. McKee announced that he wished to withdraw the name of Samuel S. Steel. The calling of the roll was insisted upon by several members, when Mr. Steel himself stepped to the platform and stated that he would withdraw. Mr. O'Neill then moved that Mr. Gilfillan be nominated by acclamation. A vote was taken and the motion agreed to, and the Convention adjourned after heartily cheering the nominee.

ASSEMBLY.

First Legislative District.

The convention to nominate three candidates for the First Legislative District convened in the Select Council chamber ,Allegheny city, with Mr. John A. Myler as temporary chairman. The list of delegates was satisfactorily arranged, after which a permanent organization was effected by electing Mr. James Hunter Chairman, and John S. Edgar and C. Steffen, Jr., Secretaries. It took the convention but a few minutes to dispose of its business, when Henry M. Long, J. D Walker, W. H. Graham and M. H. Clarke were nominated. But one ballot was taken, and it exhibited the following vote:

H. M. Long.....35 J. D. Walker.. 35
W. H. Graham.....26 M. H. Clark.... 8

The nominations of the three gentlemen who received the largest number of votes were made unanimous, then the gentlemen all made speeches. Mr. Walker hoped, if elected, that he would be able in his actions to meet the approbation of his constituents. Mr. Clarke was satisfied that in the two years of his Legislative career he had done nothing that need cause a friend to blush for him, and Mr. Graham said that this nomination afforded him greater pleasure than that with which he was honored two years ago, for the reason that he deemed it an endorsement of his career at Harrisburg.

The Convention took dinner with the nominee, Mr. Brown.

While the vote in the Convention was being taken; Mr. B. F. Brown leaned over the railing and said to Delegate Heagy that he was to have voted for Long, which the latter denied. Mr. Brown thereupon applied a disgusting epithet to Heagy, when the latter let fly his fist at him, landing him on the floor. The by-standers here interfered and prevented further disturbance.

Second Legislative.

This Convention met in the Republican Headquarters, corner of Smithfield street and Fifth avenue, and was called to order at eleven o'clock by Mr. John N. Neeb.

Mr. Charles Phelps and R. D. Nicholson were elected temporary Secretaries. After a call of the roll of delegates, and it being found that there were no contested seats, the temporary officers were continued permanently.

Nominations being in order, the names of Robert S. Frazier, William J. Flynn and Wm. Kerr were presented. The Convention then proceed to ballot with the following result:

Frazier.....15 Kerr.....7
Flynn.....17

Mr. Frazier and Mr. Flynn having received the highest number of votes were declared nominated, and the Convention adjourned.

Third Legislative

The proceeding of this convention were exceedingly quiet and orderly. At the appointed hour, Mr. John M. Roberts, delegate from the First district of the Ninth ward, appeared upon the scene (Executive Committee Room) and after waiting for awhile and no other delegate appearing, adjourned himself and the convention to await the action of the Republican County Executive Committee. No nomination will likely be made in this District (which is composed of the Fifth and Ninth wards) that is not made a Republican will come out for the office.

Fourth Legislative District.

The delegates from this district, which includes the East End and South Side wards, together with the Eleventh ward and Wilkins township, convened at eleven o'clock in the Pittsburgh Select Council chamber. They were called to order by Hon. Miles S. Humphreys, who asked for harmony and a good ticket. Dr. A. E. McCandless, R. L. Hamilton, S. D. Kerr, Jno. Rodgers, Wm. Magee, John Hall and John Hare were appointed Secretaries. They called the districts and recorded the names of the sixty-seven delegates as they presented their credentials. Nothing of importance was present from all except the second district of the Twenty-eighth ward. In the Twenty-fourth ward a contest was announced between Mr. Morgan and another man, but who the other man was all efforts to ascertain proved hopeless. A. H. French, of the Thirty-sixth ward, was, on motion of Philip Vierheller, chosen permanent Chairman. After the usual brief speech he appointed J. F. White, Jas. Lockhart, Richard Thomas, D. Meyer and David Deakin a Committee on Contested Seats. These gentlemen subsequently reported that Wm. T. Morgan had been rightfully elected and he was admitted.

The chair called for nominations, and the following gentlemen were named:

From the East End—Joseph Mitchell, of the Seventeenth ward; S. B. McIlroy, of the Sixteenth; G. W. Rankin, of the Eleventh; W. T. Powell, of the Twenty-first; Henry S. Baum, of the Twentieth.

From the South Side—Isaac Kline, of the Twenty-eighth ward; Adam H. Weaver, of the Thirty-sixth; Dr. M. A. Arnholt, of the Twenty-sixth; J. Martin Shaffer, of the Twenty-ninth; J. H. Burtt, of the Twenty-sixth.

The number of candidates to be chosen was four, and it was decided that the voting for them should be *viva voce*. Before proceeding to a ballot the name of Mr. Baum was withdrawn. The first ballot resulted in a choice. It showed the following result:

G. W. Rankin.....36 M. A. Arnholt.....15
A. H. Weaver.....53 Samuel McIlroy..43
Jos. Mitchell.....44 J. H. Burtt.....21
W. T. Powell.....5 Isaac Kline.....28
J. M. Shafer.....40

J. Martin Shaffer and A. H. Weaver, of the South Side, and S. B. McIlroy and Joseph Mitchell, of the East End, having received the largest number of votes, they were declared the nominees of the Convention. The choice was made unanimous and the Convention dissolved. Messrs. Shaffer and Mitchell are Aldermen, the former on the South Side and the latter in the East End. Mr. Weaver was formerly Flour Inspector, but is now a mechanic from work, and Mr. McIlroy is a machinist by trade, but is now in the sand business. He was formerly a member of the Board of Revision.

Fifth Legislative.

The Convention for the Fifth Legislative district met in the room of the Quarter Sessions Court, and was called to order at 11 o'clock by C. B. Seeley, Esq.

Messrs. J. M. Swan, D. C. Huffman, J. P. Weddell and J. L. Hays were chosen temporary secretaries on motion of B. C. Christy, Esq.

After the reception of credentials of delegates, nominations for permanent Chairman were made. Messrs. B. C. Christy, of Sewickley, and Isaac Wall, of Forward township, were named, and nominations closed. The vote was then proceeded with, but was interrupted by the question being raised as to whether or not the temporary Chairman had a right to name the Committee on Contested Seats. It being evident, however, that the privilege did not belong to him, the voting for permanent Chairman was resumed, resulting in the selection of Mr. Wall, by a vote of forty-one to nineteen.

Mr. Wall took the Chair, and made a few appropriate remarks. The temporary Secretaries were then continued permanently.

The Chairman appointed Messrs. N. W. Shafer, Samuel Wallace, E. Logan, James F. Boone and Josiah Speer a Committee on Contested Seats. But one district was contested, that being the First district, Shaler township, the contestants being J. Klingensmith and H. K. Sample.

Nominations for Assembly were then received. The names presented were W. H. McGill, R. McIntosh, R. H. Jones, Samuel Scott, C. A. W. Redlich, Joseph A. Stone, John Porter and H. K. Sample.

Upon motion of Mr. Christy the vote was given *viva voce*, each delegate voting for two candidates. Before the first vote was taken the name of Mr. Sample was withdrawn.

During the first ballot the Committee on Contested Seats returned and reported in favor of James A. Weible, who had been substituted for Mr. Sample. The report was adopted and the committee discharged.

Upon concluding the first ballot, the result was announced as follows:

McGill.....31 Scott.....17
McIntosh.....16 Redlich.....6
Jones.....17 Stone.....28
Porter.....11

Thirty-two votes being necessary to a choice, a second ballot was ordered. Before taking it Mr. B. C. Christy moved that all candidates who had received less than fifteen votes be dropped. The motion prevailed.

At this juncture a motion was made to adjourn until half past two o'clock. No second being made, the motion was not put.

Upon the announcement of the names to be voted for a second time, a delegate protested that Mr. McIntosh had not received fifteen votes.

The Chairman declared that the count of the Secretaries was decisive. The delegate insisted that they had made two or three mistakes; but he did not succeed in having Mr. McIntosh's name dropped.

The second vote was then proceeded with, but before it was concluded Mr. Christy stated that two precincts of Wilkins township, which had no right to representation in the Convention, had delegates there who were voting. At the time of the Legislative apportionment in 1864 those districts were in the city; the Supreme Court had decided them to belong to the county, and not to the city, but that did not place them in the Fifth Legislative district. Moreover, he understood that these districts had delegates in another Legislative Convention.

One of the delegates from the districts assailed took the floor and said that so far as he knew the Fifth Legislative Convention was the only one in which the township was represented.

The Chair decided Mr. Christy's remarks were out of order.

Mr. Christy raised a point of order, but the Chair ruled that out also, claiming that it was too late, as the delegates had already voted on the first ballot.

Mr. Christy insisted that that fact made no difference, and that the delegates could still be excluded.

The Chairman to settle the matter then read a newspaper article to the effect that the district should be represented in this Convention.

Mr. Christy said he had more faith in the opinion of the Attorney General than in a newspaper article, and that official had already decided the question in another way.

Mr. John Porter said that the article which had been read was from the GAZETTE, a newspaper recognized by the whole party as the official organ, and should, therefore, be accepted as conclusive.

A number of motions were made to retain the delegates, to exclude them, and to indefinitely postpone the matter. The latter motion prevailed by a large majority, and the second ballot was continued. It resulted as follows:

Stone.....34 Scott.....24
McIntosh.....13 Jones.....16
McGill.....39

Messrs. Stone and McGill having received upwards of thirty votes each, were declared nominated, and the Convention immediately adjourned.

Sixth Legislative District.

The delegates to the Convention to nominate two candidates for Assembly from the Sixth Legislative District, embracing the county districts south of the rivers, met in the jury room of Common Pleas Court No. 1 at 11 o'clock, and was called to order by Dr. Wm. J. Gilmore.

John Bell and Samuel Alexander were elected temporary secretaries.

The credentials of delegates were then called for and handed in, when it appeared that there was no representation. There were contested seats in the First District of Mifflin and Second District of Lower St. Clair.

The Chairman stated that next business in order was to effect a permanent organization by the election of a chairman, and on motion Wm. B. Lee, Esq., of Scott township, was elected unanimously, and the temporary secretaries were continued in the permanent organization. Mr. Alfred McCabe being added to assist them.

A Committee on Contested Seats was then appointed, consisting of Dr. Gilmore, Wm. Stevenson, John Trimble, Matthew H. West and A. Walker. The committee then retired.

During the absence of this committee a resolution was adopted that the Chairman of this Convention meet with the chairmen of other conventions held to-day, and select a County Executive Committee for the ensuing year.

Nominations for Assembly were then declared in order, and the following names were suggested: William Hill, C. M. Parkinson, W. J. Snodgrass, Vincent Miller, Abram Larimer. The last named was withdrawn, and the Convention proceeded to a ballot, which resulted as follows:

FIRST BALLOT.

Wm. Hill.....25 Vincent Miller....9
J. M. Parkinson....8 Abram Winters...9
W. W. Snodgrass..5 John Espy.....7

During the ballot the Committee on Contested Seats returned and reported the contest from the First district of Mifflin entitled to a seat, and in regard to the other contestment they could not decide, and, on motion, they were both dropped.

The result of the first ballot was announced, and no nomination the nomination of Hill was made unanimous. The Convention then proceeded to annother ballot.

SECOND BALLOT.

Parkinson.....6 Winters.....4
Snodgrass.....5 Espy.....4
Miller.....14

There was no nomination, and John Espy's name was withdrawn.

THIRD BALLOT.

Parkinson.....6 Miller.....16
Snodgrass.....5 Winters.....6

FOURTH BALLOT.

Parkinson.....9 Miller.....18
Snodgrass.....1 Winters.....3

This ballot resulted Miller, and the nomination was made unanimous, after which the Convention adjourned.

COUNTY.

County Convention No. 1.

The Convention for the nomination of Prothonotary met at the appointed hour in room No. 1 of Common Pleas Court No. 1, and was called to order by ex-Sheriff Hugh Fleming.

Messrs. Thomas H. Hunter, Charles F. Newing, Wm. Dalgleish, Wm. Harbison and Wilbur F. McKelvy were nominated and elected temporary secretaries.

The reception and examination of credentials of delegates was then proceeded with, and occupied about an hour.

Mr. W. C. Moreland was elected permanent Chairman, and the temporary secretaries were continued. Mr. Moreland in taking the chair, made a few remarks, expressing the wish that the proceedings would be conducted amicably and harmoniously.

A committee of five on contested seats, consisting of Thos. McConnell, J. H. Robb, Charles Manning, B. Armstrong, and John Bradley was then appointed by the Chair.

Mr. Theodore Coleman offered a resolution which prevailed that the Chairman of this Convention, in conjunction with the chairmen of the other Conventions, be authorized to appoint the County Executive Committee for the coming year.

The Committee on Contested Seats was requested to retire, but before it did so, the Chairman announced that nominations would be in order.

The names of Capt. John H. Glenn, B. B. Cousins and B. F. Kennedy were presented. Before taking a ballot Mr. W. E. Harrison called the attention of the Chair, and said that he had come as a delegate for Cousins, but as it was evident that neither Mr. Cousins nor Mr. Glenn could be nominated, he would move that Mr. Kennedy be nominated by acclamation.

His motion was greeted with loud cheers from the delegates, and the enthusiasm for Kennedy became perfectly overwhelming. The motion was put and carried unanimously.

Calls were then made for Mr. Kennedy and Capt. Glenn. The latter was first found, and made a brief speech, complimenting Mr. Kennedy and pledging his support of the entire Republican ticket.

Mr. Kennedy followed in a few pertinent remarks, amid wild cheering, and concluded by inviting all the delegates to take diner with him.

The delegates from the country districts proceeded to nominate a Director of the Poor Board. Messrs. John Hiram, of Shaler township, J. W. McCready and Wm. Cowan, Jr., were named, and the first nominated by acclamation. The Convention then adjourned.

County Convention No. 2.

The Convention to nominate candidates for Treasurer, Coroner and Jury Commissioner assembled in room No. 2 of the Common Pleas Court No. 2, and was called to order at 11 o'clock by Mr. W. B. Hays, who stated that the first business in order would be the election of temporary Secretaries.

Messrs. H. J. Gourly and Wm. DeCamp were, on motion of W. J. Flinn, elected.

The Chairman then proceeded to call over the list of districts, requesting the delegates as their districts were called, to present their credentials to the secretaries.

A delegate moved to elect two additional secretaries, which motion the Chair declined to entertain.

There were then a number of calls for the question, and the Convention was becoming exceedingly boisterous and unruly, when the Chairman permitted the nomination and election of three additional secretaries, as follows: Samuel Hastings, Henry Murray and Wm. G. Lee.

The receiving of credentials were then proceeded with, during which the utmost confusion and disorder prevailed, the delegates and many who were not delegate crowding and jamming round the desk.

THE FIGHT BEGINS.

The roll of delegates being completed, the Chairman announced that the next business in order would be the election of a permanent Chairman, when the battle begun in earnest. The names of Evan Jones and R. E. Mercer were placed in nomination. There was then "confusion worse confounded," and a scene which beggars description ensued, during which might be heard alternately the names of Jones and Mercer. The chairman used his utmost endeavors to restore order, but his words were drowned by the din of voices around him. There were cries from all parts of the room that there were a number of persons in the room who were not delegates who were creating the greater part of the confusion. After trying every other means in his power without availing anything, the chairman got upon the desk and shouted that the room would be cleared, and no one but delegates permitted to reenter. No notice was taken of this order of the chairman except that it produced a lull in the noise and confusion, during which an effort was made to proceed with calling the roll, in order to obtain a vote on the question of permanent chairman, but as soon as the boisterous portion of the Convention discovered what was being done they renewed their efforts to clog the proceedings, and we regret to say that although that element was greatly in the minority, it succeeded. As soon as the name of a delegate was called some thirty or more would cry at the top of their voices for "Mercer," while as many others would shout for "Jones" so loud that it was impossible for the secretaries to ascertain for whom any one voted. The chairs, tables, desks and railings were crowded with noisy, boisterous men who seemed determined to prevent any action on the part of the Convention.

Meanwhile the Chairman was endeavoring to make himself heard above the noise and confusion, and during a momentary lull he succeeded in stating that an adjournment before a permanent organization had been effected, was an unprecedented proceeding. He would not have time to come back after a recess, and simply desired the Convention to complete the organization.

The remarks of the Chairman called forth a perfect storm of "noes," interpersed with "We can't get along," "We want a fair vote on Chairmanship," etc.

It became apparent to every one in the room that no business could be transacted, and after wasting nearly an hour it was suggested that the Convention adjourn to old City Hall, and that no person but delegates be permitted on the floor.

This was the first suggestion from any source that was received with any favor, and a motion being made to adjourn as above to meet in half an hour, was carried by an almost unanimous vote. The court room was soon cleared of the crowd, which started at once for

CITY HALL.

In order to prevent a continuance of the scene above described, Mr. Hays and the secretaries posted themselves at the door with the roll of delegates to prevent outsiders from gaining admittance. This proceeding proved to be an exceedingly slow one and not at all effective, as there were as many, if not more, outsiders in the hall as had been in the room they left.

AT WORK AGAIN.

At half past two o'clock the chairman called the convention to order, stating that the first business in order was the election of a permanent chairman, and hoped the scenes of the morning session would not be repeated; that he was disposed to act fairly with all concerned, and so far as he was able to prevent it, no candidate should be deprived of his rights or of a single vote. A space was then cleared in front of the stand, and as the names of the delegates were called they were required to pass in front of the Chairman and Secretaries and announce in a distinct voice their preference, for Chairman, with the following result:

Jones.....136 Mercer.....65

Before the result was announced, however, a delegate withdrew the name of Mr. Mercer and moved that Mr. Jones be elected by acclamation, which motion prevailed.

Mr. Jones was then introduced to the convention by Mr. Hays. He thanked the delegates for the honor conferred upon him and hoped that the work to be done in the convention would be performed in a manner satisfactory to those whom the delegates represented and for the best interest of the party, that he would do the best of his ability discharge the duties devolving upon him as chairman, impartially, honestly and fairly and in such a manner as to meet the approval of the convention; he should endeavor to preserve a proper decorum and proceed with the business in an orderly manner.

Mr. William J. Flinn moved the appointment of three of the five contested seats, which carried and Messrs. W. J. Flinn, W. J. Kennedy, H. Marshall and David Davis were appointed.

MORE CONFUSION.

A motion was then made to nominate a candidate for Treasurer.

The chair stated the motion, when another scene of confusion ensued, in which could be heard the cry "No" and "This is not a Treasurer's Convention." "We were elected as delegates to a Coroner's Convention," etc.

An amendment was then offered to nominate a candidate for Coroner, which was received with even less favor if possible than the original motion, and during the confusion Dr. Evans succeeded in making himself heard, and offered the following as a substitute for the original motion and amendment:

Resolved, That this Convention proceeds to make all it's nominations for Treasurer, Coroner and Jury Commissioner, and that the delegates' names be called in regular order, each voting viva voce for one candidate for each office.

There was much opposition to this that at the request of the chairman it was withdrawn, and a vote was taken on the amendment to the original motion—*i. e.*—to nominate a candidate for Coroner first, which motion the chair decided lost. Confusion again ensued another outburst during which Mr. McCallin made his way to the front of the stage and requested the Convention to proceed with the nomination of a candidate for Coroner first, and as the effort to have the Treasurer nominated first was in his interest, this proceeding had a soothing effect on his opponents.

FOR CORONER.

The chair then announced that nominations for the office of Coroner were in order, when the following names were presented before the Convention: Joseph Thomas, Wm. G. Stubbs, Mark Donley, George McNulty and George S. Patterson. The latter was subsequently withdrawn before the balloting commenced, and the ballot then proceeded with the following result:

Thomas.....136 W. G. Stubbs.....37
M. Donally.....42 Geo. McNulty.....22

Total.....237

The vote was announced by the Chairman, who stated that Mr. Thomas, having received a majority of all the votes, was the candidate for Coroner.

A motion was then made to make the nomination unanimous, which prevailed, and Mr. Thomas being discovered in the room was sized by a number of friends and put upon the stage, and called upon for a speech, to which he responded by thanking the delegates for the honor conferred on him, and saying that he was no speaker, but if elected would endeavor to discharge the duties of the office to the best of his ability.

TREASURER.

Mr. McCallin's tactics in yielding the point to those who demanded that a candidate for Coroner should be first nominated, had a good effect on the more boisterous element in the convention, and there was now an apparent disposition in all present, with a single exception, to dispose of the remaining business before the convention harmoniously, and a motion to nominate Mr. McCallin as a candidate for County Treasurer was adopted with but one dissenting voice, that of the unruly delegate above referred, who voted a solitary "No."

Mr. McCallin was called upon, and coming forward, thanked the convention in a brief little speech promising, if elected, to discharge the trust imposed in him faithfully, and to the best of his ability.

THE SWEEPSTAKES.

The contest for Jury Commissioner was a regular sweepstakes with sixteen entries. When the Chairman announced that the

THE CONVENTIONS.

Republican Nominating Assemblies Yesterday.

The Proceedings Distinguished by Harmony and Smoothness—The Successful Aspirants for Congressional, Legislative and County Honors—A Friendly Contest for the Coroneship.

The fourteen Republican nominating conventions—Congressional, Legislative and County—held yesterday in this city and Allegheny, transacted their business peacefully and quietly. The only assembly of delegates in which there was a tendency to boisterousness was in Convention No. 2, empowered to nominate a Treasurer, Coroner and Jury Commissioner, but the turbulence was nothing more than the manifestation of unusually keen interest, and at no time was there a display of bitter revengeful feeling. When the nominations were to be made by our body of men, and when it is remembered that the canvass for one of the nominees within their disposal had been keen and exciting, it was not to be expected that the excitement should be kept within ordinary bounds. By two o'clock in the afternoon all the nominating conventions had disposed of their work, but the majority had gotten through by noon and several were in session not more than twenty-five or thirty minutes. The interest exhibited on the streets showed that the people were on the alert to ascertain whom they would be asked to support. Below is a full report of the proceedings of each convention.

CONGRESSIONAL.

Twenty-second Congressional.

The delegates elected to nominate a candidate for Congress in the 22nd District assembled at the Court House, in room No. 1 of Common Pleas Court No. 2, and were called to order at 11 o'clock by Jno. W. Riddell, Esq., temporary Chairman.

On motion of H. H. McCormick it was resolved to elect six temporary secretaries, three for each candidate.

The motion was adopted and on the part of Major Errett Mr. McCormick nominated J. D. Wilson, J. H. Miller and Henry Munroe, and Mr. Chalmers nominated on behalf of Gen. Negley, Conrad Upperman, Wm. Rosewell and Samuel Baldwin, which nominations were approved by the Convention.

The Chairman announced that the secretaries were now ready to receive the credentials of the delegates which would be presented at the desk as their respective districts were called. The call proceeded without interruption until the Third District of the Twenty-first ward was reached, when Mr. Geo. Bradley and J. H. Beckert both presented credentials, properly signed.

The chair decided that Mr. Bradley was entitled to the seat until after the Committee on Contested Seats reported to having been elected at the regular place of holding the election, which Mr. Beckert had been elected at some other place.

A protest from Jas. P. Johnston against the acception of Mr. McClurg's credentials from the second district Twenty-fourth ward, was also read and referred to the Committee on Contested Seats, when appointed.

A communication from the Judge, and one of the inspectors of the election in the second district Twenty-fifth ward, setting forth that the count of the vote in that district, was read and also referred to the Committee on Contested Seats.

A tie vote was reported in the first district of Lower St. Clair. A contest also occurred in the first district of Mifflin township, the contestant claiming that the polls were closed three minutes before seven o'clock, and that about twenty-five voters were then prevented from voting. Both cases were referred to the Committee on Contested Seats.

The list of districts being completed and the credentials of the delegates presented, the Chair announced the next business in order to be the election of a permanent Chairman.

General Pearson nominated Solomon Schoyer, Esq., (Errett), and Mr. George Chalmers nominated John D. Bailey (Negley.)

A ballot was then taken for Chairman, with the following result:

Schoyer	84	Bailey	43

Mr. Schoyer having received a majority of the votes was declared the choice of the Convention for permanent Chairman, and was introduced to the Convention by Mr. Riddell.

Mr. Schoyer thanked the Convention for his election to the honorable position, and hoped the deliberations would result in the efforts to have the proceedings harmonious. He hopes that all the bitterness of the contest would be dropped and that the successful candidate would receive the hearty support of the party.

On motion the temporary Secretaries were retained as the permanent Secretaries of the Convention, and J. A. Allen and H. H. McCormick, Esq., were elected Vice Presidents.

On motion of Gen. Pearson a committee of five was appointed on credentials.

The Chair announced the following named gentlemen as the committee: Gen. A. L. Pearson, Jas. Boyd, Chas. Jeremy, Jenkin Jones and R. C. Elliott.

The announcement of the committee was the occasion of an outburst of indignation from Negley men, who claimed that common courtesy entitled them to at least a minority representation on the committee, while as the committee was now constituted Gen. Negley had not a supporter on it.

A delegate moved that the Negley men withdraw from the Convention, and matters were becoming somewhat chaotic when Gen. Negley rose to his feet in the back part of the room, and mounting a bench, said:

"I beg my friends, whose zeal and ardor I admire, to remain in the Convention. Let us do our part as men, and stand by the result of this Convention."

It was claimed by Mr. Chalmers that Mr. Aul had formed the appointment of a Committee on Contested Seats and should have been appointed on the committee. The chair then substituted the names of Capt. Aul and Mr. Chalmers for those of Gen. Pearson and R. C. Elliott on the committee which had a scathing effect on the turbulent spirit previously manifested.

The chairman announced the next business in order to be the nomination of a candidate for Congress, when Mr. Bonshire presented the name of Mr. Errett, and John D. Bailey that of Gen. Negley, and a Democratic man submitted the name of "James H. Hopkins." The latter name it is unnecessary to say was omitted from the list and the Convention proceeded to a ballot.

While the vote was being taken, Mr. Elliott moved that the districts in which there were contested seats the report of the Committee on Contested Seats be not called until after the committee reported, which was adopted, and the ballot was proceeded with.

When the list had been gone over, but before the result of the vote was announced, Mr. McCormick moved that the Committee on Contested Seats be discharged, and the Negley delegates, where ever there was a contest, be admitted to seats in the Convention.

This motion was approved by the Negley men, who said they desired to hear the report of the committee.

After some discussion in which Mr. McCorkle said that the fact of Mr. Negley's defeat should not be taken as evidence of any ill will or bad feelings toward him by Major Errett's friends, and it was no evidence that the General's services were not fully appreciated, and that they would not be amply rewarded at some other time, and in some other way the motion was adopted, and the names of the committee and contesting delegates called, and their votes seconded.

The Chair then announced the vote as follows:

Russell Errett	85
Jas. S. Negley	48

Russell Errett having received a majority of all the votes, was declared the nominee of the Convention for Congress.

On motion of John D. Baily the nomination of Mr. Errett was made unanimous.

On motion of Capt. Aul, a committee was appointed to wait upon Mr. Errett and inform him of the action of the Convention, and while the committee were absent a motion was made and adopted calling on General Negley to address the Convention. The Chairman invited the General to come forward. The General declined the invitation, but said:

"Gentlemen, I bow with respect to the will of the Convention." This announcement was received with loud and prolonged applause.

At this point the committee appointed to inform Mr. Errett of his nomination returned with that gentleman in charge. The Chair introduced him to the Convention, when he made a brief address, in substance as follows:

GENTLEMEN OF THE CONVENTION—I thank you most heartily and sincerely for this honor you have conferred upon me, and if elected I shall endeavor to discharge my duties in such a way as will show you that your confidence has not been misplaced. Our National Convention will soon meet to prepare such a platform and select such candidates as we can support; hence it would be improper in me to enter into any discussion of political principles at this time. I have entire confidence in the Republican National Convention. But there are two or three points on which I have been most fully misrepresented, and on which I should like to say something. In some parts of the county I have been represented as in favor of Chinese cheap labor, and in some places, almost represented as Chinese born. Never in my political life have I been in favor of the importation of the Chinese into this country. I have always thought the Burlingame treaty a mistake. At no time could a wholesale importation of Chinese be inaugurated with safety to this country, [Applause.] The immigration of Europeans to this country has proven a benefit to us, because they have adapted themselves to the laws and the customs of our country—they have become American citizens almost immediately. But the Chinese are incapable of assimilating with our people. They will not and cannot become a part of our people, and we cannot consent to have an isolated people living in our midst.

Mr. Errett pledged himself, if elected, to vote for the abrogation of that part of the Burlingame treaty by which China is permitted to pour her criminal classes onto our shores. He next alluded to the charge that he was an enemy to the workingmen, and said that he might very properly class himself as one of the workingmen, as he had begun life for himself when but ten years of age, and all his sympathies have always been and are now with the workingmen. In conclusion, Mr. Errett said that the slumbering fires of secession which broke out in 1860 needed but a Democratic victory to fan them into renewed life. He hoped that all would unite in the support of the ticket which was to-day nominated, and that they might unitedly march forward to another good old-fashioned victory.

Mr. Errett's remarks were received with loud applause, and at their conclusion he was warmly congratulated.

Gen. Negley was again called upon for a speech, and in response he said: I wish to thank my friends for the very warm support they have given me to-day. In this canvass I have not departed from the rule of my political career—not to abuse or assault any one who differs from me. I have had to stand such abuse in this canvass as has brought tears to the eyes of my wife and children; but that is only a personal matter. I propose to stand by the flag and the party if every man in the county assails me with abuse. [Applause.]

The General was not a little affected, but he spoke in a very clear, firm voice. His brief speech seemed to create much sympathy for him, and he was vociferously applauded at its conclusion.

The convention then adjourned.

Twenty-third Congressional.

The Allegheny Common Council chamber accommodated the delegates to the Twenty-third Congressional Convention. In pursuance of his appointment Mr. H. W. Oliver, Jr., called the assembly to order. He announced the necessity of temporary secretaries as adjuncts to the prosecution of business, and James W. Murray, Walton Woolsey and John Ogden were accordingly elected. The enrollment of the delegates was then proceeded with, and it was found that every district save Aleppo township was represented. Mr. N. G. Ayers was chosen permanent chairman, and the temporary secretaries were retained. When nominations were called for Hon. Thos. M. Bayne was by acclamation selected as the nominee of the convention. In a speech made in compliance with a demand from the delegates he said:

GENTLEMEN OF THE COMMITTEE: I feel deeply and profoundly grateful for the honor conferred upon me, and I pledge myself here and now, in the event of success, that I shall preserve my self-respect and do nothing to betray your confidence. [Applause.] I prize this nomination because I consider it a tribute, giving proof as it does of your confidence in my integrity. I appreciate the compliment of being nominated by the citizens among whom I have grown up and lived all my life. I shall do nothing but what is right, and shall endeavor to promote the welfare of the people, preserve my self-respect, and merit the confidence of my fellow-citizens. [Applause.]

At the conclusion of his speech the Convention adjourned, and the delegates went with him to Kinder Blair's for dinner.

SENATORIAL.

Forty-second Senatorial District.

This Convention met promptly at eleven o'clock at the rooms of the Young Men's Republican Club, on Federal street, Allegheny, and was rapped to order by H. H. Byram. Mr. I. N. Patterson was elected permanent Chairman, and Hon. Alfred Slack and H. D. McGonigle Secretaries. A motion to admit an additional delegate at large from the Fifth ward was ruled out of order. There was no representative present from the second district of the Third ward. After the roll had been called Mr. Hobson moved that the Convention proceed to nominate a candidate for Senator from the Forty-second district. The motion was carried and Hon. Hugh McNeill, the present representative of that district in the State Senate, was unanimously named. Having suggested he was nominated by acclamation. In response to loud calls Mr. McNeill heartily thanked the convention for the nomination, and said that it was all the more gratifying to him to know that after three years' service, he had received a unanimous nomination for a re-election by his constituents. His remarks were greeted with great applause.

The following, offered by Mr. Byram, was unanimously adopted:

Resolved, That, as citizens as well as Republican voters of the Forty-second Senatorial district, we earnestly commend to the suffrages of the people Hon. Hugh McNeill, our candidate for State Senator. In the past he has proven himself capable, efficient, honest and sincere in the discharge of the public duties of his position, and has essentially elevated, by his words and actions, the standard of fitness for the office.

Resolved, That, in placing his name before the people for re-election, we feel proud of his record, reflecting credit, as it does, upon the Republican party as well as himself, and we pledge him our unanimous, hearty and active support at the polls.

Forty-third Senatorial.

The delegates to this Convention, consisting of the First and Fifteenth wards and the Twenty-third ward, met in Common Council chamber. Fifty delegates were present, every district being represented except the Third precinct of the Fifteenth ward.

The Convention was called to order at 11 o'clock by E. S. Morrow, Esq., and Messrs. J. G. Little, Wm. Coates and Percy F. Smith were elected temporary Secretaries.

After the districts were called and the credentials of the delegates handed in, the election of a permanent chairman was proceeded with. Upon motion of George Perkins, Esq., Mr. J. M. Stone was elected by acclamation. Upon assuming the chair he made a short speech, returning thanks for the honor conferred upon him.

The same gentlemen who were elected temporary Secretaries were elected permanent Secretaries.

Before proceeding further with business Mr. Smith read the following letter:

PITTSBURGH, June 6, 1876.

P. F. Smith, Esq:

MY DEAR SIR: Please request the Convention to withdraw my nomination before the Forty-third district to consider my name as having been withdrawn from the candidacy and oblige,

Yours truly,

GEO. H. ANDERSON.

After reading this Mr. Smith moved that Mr. J. M. Gazzam be nominated by acclamation. The motion was carried without dissent.

Messrs. James McCallin, W. J. Matthews and Fred Rinehart were appointed a committee to inform Mr. Gazzam of his nomination. In a few minutes they returned with the gentleman, who took the stand and returned thanks for the nomination. He said he would make no pledges, but would endeavor, if elected, to discharge his duties with fidelity to his constituents. He was greeted with hearty cheers, and after his speech the convention adjourned.

Forty-fourth Senatorial District.

The delegates elected on Saturday in the Forty-fourth Senatorial District to nominate a candidate for Senator, assembled in room No. 1 of Common Pleas Court No. 1, and was called to order at 11 o'clock by the temporary Chairman, Edward J. Allen.

On motion W. E. Thompson, Wm. Swissbelm, C. W. Lewis and J. L. Forsaith were elected temporary Secretaries.

The credentials of delegates were then called for and presented, after which a permanent organization was effected by electing Thos. S. Mitchell Chairman, and the gentlemen above named as temporary Secretaries, permanent Secretaries.

W. H. Dennison, of the Twentieth ward, nominated John C. Newmyer, who was then nominated by acclamation.

Mr. Newmyer was loudly called for, and in response made a few remarks, promising to represent his constituents as faithfully in the future, if elected, as in the past.

Forty-fifth Senatorial.

The Forty-fifth District Senatorial Convention met in Salisbury Hall, South Side. The district comprises all the wards, boroughs and townships south of the Monongahela river.

The seats of the delegates from the First and Second districts of the Twenty-fifth ward, and the First and Second districts of Mifflin township, were contested. Mr. William Short, delegate from the Thirty-fifth ward, substituted Mr. Ralph White in his place. The substitution was objected to by Mr. A. C. Hays, on the ground that Mr. White was not a resident of the district he wished to represent. The matter, as well as that of the contested seats, was referred to the Committee on Credentials and Contested Seats.

The election of a permanent chairman being in order, Messrs. George Y. McKee and F. J. Gearing were placed in nomination. The roll being called Mr. Gearing received twenty-eight votes and Mr. McKee twenty-seven. The former was declared elected and Mr. McKee was elected Vice President by acclamation.

The temporary secretaries and the reporters of the press were elected permanent secretaries.

CONTESTED SEATS.

Messrs. Wm. T. Moore, H. H. Barr, J. O'Neil, Frank Barr and Wm. Barr were appointed a Committee on Contested Seats.

Some objection was raised to this, one delegate insisting that Mr. McKee, a Gilfillan delegate, had made the motion, and by precedent should have been placed on the committee. The Chairman said that it was only by courtesy that the rule was followed, and besides, he understood that Mr. O'Neil, a Steele delegate, had made the motion. The committee, consisting of two Steele, two Holliday and one Gilfillan delegate then retired.

The committee could not have been fairer, and was generally accepted by the Convention. However, considerable confusion ensued upon its retirement, nearly every delegate leaving his seat and crowding around the door. Mr. Lawson denounced the ruling of the Chair, and objected sincerely to so much display of a "one man power." Mr. Hays (the same delegate who had wished that Mr. McKee should be placed upon the committee) agreed with Mr. Lawson, and commenced an address to the Convention, with his back to the Chair. He was called to order, and after some delay quietness was restored.

The committee was out for about an hour, and returning made a report, recommending that Mr. Mercer be admitted from the second district of the Twenty-fifth ward, and that the first district be thrown out altogether. For Mifflin township they recommended the admittance of Mr. Jas. Thompson for the first precinct, and Mr. Thos. Harrison for the second precinct.

Mr. Hays moved that the report be laid upon the table. Motion lost after some discussion, and the report by motion adopted.

NOMINATIONS.

Nominations were next declared in order and the names of John Gilfillan, Samuel S. Steel, and George S. Holliday were presented. The first ballot resulted as follows:

Steel	27	Gilfillan	21
Holliday	11		

There being no choice the Convention proceeded to a second ballot:

Steel	35	Gilfillan	20
Holliday	11		

There still being no choice, a third ballot was taken, resulting precisely as the second. It being apparent that something must be done, as required thirty votes to nominate, Mr. Hays mounted a chair and called upon the Gilfillan men to retire to an outer room. The chairman called the meeting to order, and directed the clerks to call the roll for the fourth ballot. Mr. Hays insisted upon the Gilfillan delegates retiring, and after a little delay they did so. They were gone only three or four minutes, and after returning the fourth ballot was taken with the following result:

FOURTH BALLOT.

Steel	20	Gilfillan	2
Holliday	27		

Before the announcement of the result Mr. McDonald changed his vote from Gilfillan to Holliday. It becoming apparent that the Gilfillan men finding they were not strong enough to nominate their man, were going to change to Holliday, the Steel men demurred, and considerable excitement ensued. This was not abated when Chris. Magee and a number of his friends made themselves conspicuous, and cries of "put out outsiders" were raised.

Order was restored and a fifth ballot commenced, when Mr. McKee announced that he was the choice of the Twenty-fifth Senatorial District. The calling of the roll was insisted upon by several members, when Mr. Steel himself stepped to the front and stated that in the event of the morning's ballot then moved that Mr. Gilfillan be nominated by acclamation. A vote was taken and the motion agreed to, and the Convention adjourned after heartily cheering the nominee.

ASSEMBLY.

First Legislative District.

The convention to nominate three candidates for the First Legislative District convened in the Select Council chamber, Allegheny city, with Mr. John A. Myler as temporary chairman. The list of delegates was satisfactorily arranged, after which a permanent organization was effected by electing Mr. James Scott Chairman of the, John S. Edgar and C. Steffen, Jr., Secretaries. It took the convention but a few minutes to dispose of its business. Messrs. Henry M. Long and D. Walker, W. B. Hanham and M. H. Clarke were nominated. But one ballot was taken, and it exhibited the following vote:

H. M. Long	35	J. D. Walker	35
W. H. Graham	26	M. H. Clark	8

The nominations of the three gentlemen who received the largest number of votes were made unanimous, and the chair announced the seventh delegates as they presented their credentials. Representatives were present from all except the second district of the Twenty-eighth ward. In the Twenty-fourth ward a contest was announced between Mr. Morgan and another man, but the latter man's claims in behalf of certain proved hopeless. Mr. S. H. French, of the Thirty-sixth ward, was, on motion of Philip Vietholler, chosen permanent Chairman. After the usual brief speech he appointed J. F. White, Jas. Larimer, Richard Thomas, C. Mercer and David Deakin a Committee on Contested Seats. The gentlemen subsequently reported that Wm. L. Morgan had been rightfully elected and he was admitted.

The chair called for nominations, and the following gentlemen were named:

From the East End—Joseph Mitchell, of the Seventeenth ward; S. S. McIlroy, of the Sixteenth; G. W. Rankin, of the Eleventh; W. T. Powell, of the Twenty-first; Henry S. Baum, of the Twentieth.

From the South Side—Isaac Kline, of the Twenty-eighth ward; Adam H. Weaver, of the Thirty-sixth; J. M. Arnholt, of the Twenty-sixth; J. Martin Shaffer, of the Twenty-ninth; J. H. Burtt, of the Twenty-sixth.

The number of candidates to be chosen was four, and it was decided that the voting for them should be *viva voce*. Before proceeding to a ballot the name of Mr. Baum was withdrawn. The first ballot resulted in a choice. It showed the following result:

G. W. Rankin	36	M. A. Arnholt	15
A. H. Weaver	53	Samuel McIlroy	45
Jos. Mitchell	44	J. H. Burtt	21
W. T. Powell	5	Isaac Kline	28
J. M. Shafer	40		

J. Martin Shaffer and A. H. Weaver, of the South Side, and S. B. McIlroy and Joseph Mitchell, of the East End, having received the largest number of votes, they were declared the nominees of the Convention. The choice was made unanimous and the Convention dissolved. Messrs. Shaffer and Mitchell are Aldermen, the former on the South Side and the latter in the East End. Mr. Weaver was formerly Flour Inspector, but is now an iron worker, and Mr. McIlroy is a machinist by trade, but is now in the sand business. He was formerly a member of the Board of Revision.

Fifth Legislative.

The Convention for the Fifth Legislative district met in the room of the Quarter Sessions Court, and was called to order at 11 o'clock by C. B. Seeley, Esq.

Messrs. J. M. Swan, D. C. Huffman, J. P. Weddell and J. L. Hays were chosen temporary secretaries on motion of B. C. Christy, Esq.

After the reception of credentials of delegates, nominations for permanent Chairman were made. Messrs. B. C. Christy, of Sewickley, and Isaac Wall, of Forward township, were named, and nominations closed. The vote was then proceeded with, but was interrupted by the question being raised as to whether or not the temporary Chairman had a right to name the Committee on Contested Seats. It being evident, however, that the privilege did not belong to him, the voting for permanent Chairman was resumed, resulting in the selection of Mr. Wall, by a vote of forty-one to nineteen.

Mr. Wall took the Chair, and made a few appropriate remarks. The temporary Secretaries were then continued permanently.

The Chairman appointed Messrs. N. W. Shafer, Samuel Wallace, E. Logan, James F. Boone and Josiah Speer a Committee on Contested Seats. But one district was contested, that being the First district, Shaler township, the contestants being J. Klingensmith and H. K. Sample.

Nominations for Assembly were then received. The names presented were W. H. McGill, K. McIntosh, R. H. Jones, Samuel Scott, C. A. W. Redlich, Joseph A. Stone, John Porter and H. K. Sample.

Upon motion of Mr. Christy the vote was *viva voce*, each delegate voting for two candidates. Before the first vote was taken the name of Mr. Sample was withdrawn.

During the first ballot the Committee on Contested Seats returned and reported in favor of James A. Weible, who had been substituted for Mr. Sample. The report was adopted and the committee discharged.

Upon concluding the first ballot, the result was announced as follows:

McGill	31	Scott	17
McIntosh	16	Redlich	6
Jones	17	Stone	28
Porter	11		

Thirty-two votes being necessary to a choice, a second ballot was ordered. Before taking it Mr. B. C. Christy moved that all candidates who had received less than fifteen votes be dropped. The motion prevailed.

At this juncture a motion was made to adjourn until half past two o'clock. No second being made, the motion was not put.

Upon the announcement of the names to be voted for a second time, a delegate protested that Mr. McIntosh had not received fifteen votes.

The Chairman declared that the count of the Secretaries was decisive. The delegate insisted that they had made two or three mistakes; but he did not succeed in having Mr. McIntosh's name dropped.

The second vote was then proceeded with, but before it was concluded Mr. Christy stated that two precincts of Wilkins township, which had no right to representation in the Convention, had delegates there who were voting. At the time of the legislative apportionment in 1864 those districts were in the city; the Supreme Court had decided them to belong to the county, and not to the city, but that did not place them in the Fifth Legislative district. Moreover, he understood that these districts had delegates in another Legislative Convention.

One of the delegates from the districts assailed took the floor and said that so far as he knew the Fifth Legislative Convention was the only one in which the township was represented.

The Chair decided Mr. Christy's remarks were out of order.

Mr. Christy raised a point of order, but the Chair ruled that out also, claiming that it was too late, as the delegates had already voted on the first ballot.

Mr. Christy insisted that that fact made no difference, and that the delegates could still be excluded.

The Chairman to settle the matter then read a newspaper article to the effect that the districts should be represented in this Convention.

Mr. Christy said he had more faith in the opinion of the Attorney General than in a newspaper article, and that the official had already decided the question in another way.

Mr. John Porter said that the article which had been read was from the GAZETTE, a newspaper recognized by the whole party as the official organ, and should, therefore, be accepted as conclusive.

A number of motions were made to retain the delegates, to exclude them, and to indefinitely postpone the matter. The latter motion prevailed by a large majority, and the second ballot was continued. It resulted as follows:

Stone	34	Scott	24
McIntosh	13	Jones	16
McGill	4		

Messrs. Stone and McGill having received upwards of thirty votes each, were declared nominated, and the Convention immediately adjourned.

Second Legislative District.

The delegates to the Convention to nominate two candidates for Assembly from the Sixth Legislative District, embracing the county districts south of the rivers, met in the jury room of Common Pleas Court No. 1 at 11 o'clock, and was called to order by Dr. Wm. J. Gilmore.

John W. Bell and Samuel Alexander were elected temporary secretaries.

The credentials of delegates were then called for and handed in, when it appeared that there was a full representation. There were no contestants. Mr. Long, who had been in the two years of his Legislative career he had done nothing that need cause a blush, was for the second time, Mr. Graham said that this nomination afforded him greater pleasure than the one with which he was honored two years ago, for the reason that it was then an endorsement of his career at Harrisburg.

The Convention took dinner with the nominees at Mr. John Brown's.

While the vote in the Convention was being taken; Mr. B. F. Brown leaned over the railing and said to Delegate Heagy that he was to have voted for Long, which the latter denied. Brown in response to which replied a disgusting epithet to Heagy, when the latter let fly his fist at him, landing him on the floor. The by-standers here interfered and prevented further disturbance.

Second Legislative.

This Convention met in the Republican Headquarters, corner of Smithfield street and Fifth avenue, and was called to order at eleven o'clock by Mr. John N. Neeb.

Mr. Charles Phelps and R. D. Nicholson were elected temporary Secretaries. After a call of the roll of delegates, and it being found that there were no contested seats, the temporary officers were continued permanently.

Nominations being in order, the names of Robert S. Frazier, William J. Flynn and Wm. Kerr were offered. The Convention then proceed to ballot with the following result:

Frazier	15	Kerr	7
Flynn	17		

Mr. Frazier and Mr. Flynn having received the highest number of votes were declared nominated, and the Convention adjourned.

Third Legislative.

The proceeding of this convention were exceedingly quiet and orderly. At the appointed hour, Mr. John M. Roberts, delegate from the First district of the Ninth ward, appeared upon the scene (Executive Committee Room) and after waiting for awhile and no other delegate appearing, adjourned himself and the convention to the session of the Republican County Executive Committee. No nomination will likely be made in this District (which is composed of the Fifth and Ninth wards), but it is expected a Republican will come out for the office.

Fourth Legislative District.

The delegates from this district, which includes the East End and South Side wards, together with the Eleventh ward and Wilkins township, convened at eleven o'clock in the Pittsburgh Select Council chamber. They were called to order by Mr. Jas. Miles S. Negley, who was elected for the harmony and a good ticket. Dr. A. E. McCandless, R. L. Hamilton, S. M. Kerr, Jno. Rodgers, Wm. Magee, John Hall and John Hare were appointed Secretaries. They called the districts and recorded the names of the sixty-seven delegates as they presented their credentials. Representatives were present from all except the second district of the Twenty-eighth ward. In the Twenty-fourth ward a contest was announced between Mr. Morgan and another man, but the latter man's claims in behalf of certain proved hopeless. Mr. S. H. French, of the Thirty-sixth ward, was, on motion of Philip Vietholler, chosen permanent Chairman. After the usual brief speech he appointed J. F. White, Jas. Larimer, Richard Thomas, C. Mercer and David Deakin a Committee on Contested Seats. The gentlemen subsequently reported that Wm. L. Morgan had been rightfully elected and he was admitted.

The chair called for nominations, and the following gentlemen were named:

From the East End—Joseph Mitchell, of the Seventeenth ward; S. S. McIlroy, of the Sixteenth; G. W. Rankin, of the Eleventh; W. T. Powell, of the Twenty-first; Henry S. Baum, of the Twentieth.

From the South Side—Isaac Kline, of the Twenty-eighth ward; Adam H. Weaver, of the Thirty-sixth; J. M. Arnholt, of the Twenty-sixth; J. Martin Shaffer, of the Twenty-ninth; J. H. Burtt, of the Twenty-sixth.

The number of candidates to be chosen was four, and it was decided that the voting for them should be *viva voce*. Before proceeding to a ballot the name of Mr. Baum was withdrawn. The first ballot resulted in a choice. It showed the following result:

G. W. Rankin	36	M. A. Arnholt	15
A. H. Weaver	53	Samuel McIlroy	45
Jos. Mitchell	44	J. H. Burtt	21
W. T. Powell	5	Isaac Kline	28
J. M. Shafer	40		

J. Martin Shaffer and A. H. Weaver, of the South Side, and S. B. McIlroy and Joseph Mitchell, of the East End, having received the largest number of votes, they were declared the nominees of the Convention. The choice was made unanimous and the Convention dissolved. Messrs. Shaffer and Mitchell are Aldermen, the former on the South Side and the latter in the East End. Mr. Weaver was formerly Flour Inspector, but is now an iron worker, and Mr. McIlroy is a machinist by trade, but is now in the sand business. He was formerly a member of the Board of Revision.

Fifth Legislative.

The Convention for the Fifth Legislative district met in the room of the Quarter Sessions Court, and was called to order at 11 o'clock by C. B. Seeley, Esq.

Messrs. J. M. Swan, D. C. Huffman, J. P. Weddell and J. L. Hays were chosen temporary secretaries on motion of B. C. Christy, Esq.

After the reception of credentials of delegates, nominations for permanent Chairman were made. Messrs. B. C. Christy, of Sewickley, and Isaac Wall, of Forward township, were named, and nominations closed. The vote was then proceeded with, but was interrupted by the question being raised as to whether or not the temporary Chairman had a right to name the Committee on Contested Seats. It being evident, however, that the privilege did not belong to him, the voting for permanent Chairman was resumed, resulting in the selection of Mr. Wall, by a vote of forty-one to nineteen.

Mr. Wall took the Chair, and made a few appropriate remarks. The temporary Secretaries were then continued permanently.

The Chairman appointed Messrs. N. W. Shafer, Samuel Wallace, E. Logan, James F. Boone and Josiah Speer a Committee on Contested Seats. But one district was contested, that being the First district, Shaler township, the contestants being J. Klingensmith and H. K. Sample.

Nominations for Assembly were then received. The names presented were W. H. McGill, K. McIntosh, R. H. Jones, but his words were drowned by the din of voices around him. There were cries from all parts of the room that there were a number of persons in the room who were not delegates who were creating the greater part of the confusion. After trying every other means in his power without availing anything, the chairman got upon the desk and shouted that the room would be cleared, and no one but delegates permitted to reenter. No notice was taken of this order of the chairman except that it produced a lull in the noise and confusion, during which an effort was made to proceed with calling the roll, in order to obtain a vote on the question of permanent chairman, but as soon as the boisterous portion of the Convention discovered what was being done they renewed their efforts to clog the proceedings, and we regret to say that although that element was greatly in the minority, it succeeded. As soon as the name of a delegate was called some thirty or more would cry at the top of their voices for "Mercer," while as many others would shout for "Jones" so loud that it was impossible for the secretaries to ascertain for whom any one voted. The chairs, tables, desks and railings were crowded with noisy, boisterous men who seemed determined to prevent any action on the part of the Convention.

Meanwhile the Chairman was endeavoring to make himself heard above the noise and confusion, and during a momentary lull he succeeded in stating that an adjournment before a permanent organization had been effected, was an unprecedented proceeding. He would not have time to come back after a recess, and simply desired the Convention to complete the organization.

The remarks of the Chairman called forth a perfect storm of "noes," interpersed with "We can't get along," "We want a fair vote on Chairmanship," etc.

It became apparent to every one in the room that no business could be transacted, and after wasting nearly an hour it was suggested that the Convention adjourn to old City Hall, and that no person but delegates be permitted on the floor.

This was the first suggestion from any source that was received with any favor, and a motion being made to adjourn as above to meet in half an hour, was carried by an almost unanimous vote. The court room was soon cleared of the crowd, which started at once for

CITY HALL.

In order to prevent a continuance of the scene above described, Mr. Hays and the secretaries posted themselves at the door with the roll of delegates to prevent outsiders from gaining admittance. This proceeding proved to be an exceedingly slow one and not at all effective, as there were as many, if not more, outsiders in the hall as had been in the room they left.

AT WORK AGAIN.

At half past two o'clock the chairman called the convention to order, stating that the first business in order was the election of a permanent chairman, and he hoped the scenes of the morning session would not be repeated; that he was disposed to act fairly with all concerned, and so far as he was able to prevent it, no candidate should be deprived of his rights or of simple vote. A space was then cleared in front of the stand, and as the names of the delegates were called they were required to pass in front of the Chairman and Secretaries and announce in a distinct voice their preference, for Chairman, with the following result:

Jones	136	Mercer	99
Thomas	136	W. G. Stubbs	37
M. Donally	42	Geo. McNulty	22
Total			237

The vote was announced by the Chairman, who stated that Mr. Thomas, having received a majority of all the votes cast, was the candidate for Coroner.

A motion was then made to make the nomination unanimous, which prevailed, and Mr. Thomas being discovered in the room was seized by a number of friends and put upon the stage, and called upon for a speech, to which he responded by thanking the delegates for the honor conferred on him, and saying that he was no speaker, but if elected would endeavor to discharge the duties of the office to the best of his ability.

TREASURER.

Mr. McCallin's tactics in yielding the point to those who demanded that a candidate for Coroner should be first nominated, had a scathing effect upon the boisterous element in the convention, and there was now an apparent disposition in all present, with a single exception, to dispose of the remaining business before the convention harmoniously. A motion to nominate Mr. McCallin as a candidate for County Treasurer was adopted with but one dissenting voice, that of the unruly delegate above referred to, who voted against Mr. McCallin was called upon, and coming forward, thanked the convention in a brief little speech promising, if elected, to discharge the trust imposed in him faithfully, and to the best of his ability.

THE SWEEPSTAKES.

The contest for Jury Commissioner was a regular sweepstakes with sixteen entries. When the Chairman announced that the Convention was now ready to receive nominations for candidate for Jury Commissioner almost every man in the Convention had a name to propose and such a great was the confusion that not a single name could be distinguished, and the delegates discovering this made a rush for the secretaries' desk with the card of their man in their hands in order to make sure of having him in the race. After considerable time the list was perfected with the following names: John Knowland, Wm. Smith, J. W. McGiven, Ed. Barker, C. B. Gillespie, J. G. Walker, Jno. Armstrong, Wm. Shaw, Wm. Fullmer, M. Greer, J. Glass, Robert Hill, Wm. Cartwright, Robt. Stanford, J. C. McClelland, Wm. Pears.

Before proceeding with the ballot, a resolution was adopted to strike off all but the two having the highest vote after the first ballot. This action created considerable growling, but it was the action of a majority of the Convention, and could not be reversed. The result, however, showed that it was not necessary. A ballot was then taken with the following result:

Knowland	133	Fullmer	6
Smith	8	Glass	5
McGiven	3	Hill	3
Barker	20	Greer	7
Gillespie	8	Cartwright	8
Walker	6	Stanford	6
Armstrong	4	Pears	4
Shaw	6	McClellan	3

Mr. Knowland having received a majority of all the votes cast, was declared the nominee of the Convention for the office of Jury Commissioner.

The Convention then adjourned.

The Ticket.

Following is recapitulation of the nominations:

CONGRESSIONAL.

Twenty-second District—Hon. Russell Errett.

Twenty-third District—Hon. Thomas M. Bayne.

SENATORIAL.

Forty-second District—Hon. Hugh McNeill.

Forty-third District—Mr. Joseph M. Gazzam.

Forty-fourth District—Hon. John C. Newmeyer.

Forty-fifth District—Hon. John Gilfillan.

LEGISLATIVE.

First District—Hon. Henry M. Long, Hon. W. H. Graham and Mr. J. D. Walker.

Second District—Mr. Robert S. Frazier and Mr. Wm. J. Flinn.

Third District—No nomination.

Fourth District—Mr. Joseph Mitchell, Mr. S. B. McIlroy, Mr. Adam H. Weaver and Mr. J. Martin Shaffer.

Fifth District—Mr. Joseph A. Stone and Mr. W. H. Magill.

Sixth District—Hon. Vincent Miller and Mr. Wm. Hill.

COUNTY.

Prothonotary—Mr. B. F. Kennedy.

Treasurer—Mr. Wm. McCallin.

Coroner—Mr. Joseph Thomas.

Jury Commissioner—Mr. John Knowland.

POLITICAL PERSONALS.

***Hon. Russell Errett, the nominee from this Congressional District, is a resident of Mansfield borough, fifty-five years of age, and one of the founders of the Republican party.

***Joseph M. Gazzam, Esq., the choice for Senator for the Forty-third District, is a lawyer by profession, 32 years of age, and unmarried, but engaged — during the campaign.

***Col. Thomas M. Bayne, the nominee for Congress from the Twenty-third District, is a resident of the First ward, Allegheny City, a lawyer by profession, and 35 years of age.

***J. Martin Shafer, Esq., of the Fourth Legislative District, is a Deputy Mayor of the South Side, represents the German element, and is 36 years of age. Martin is a half and half Temperance man.